The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL.

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☞ CHRONIC CATARRH CURED BY Dr. ABORN. Read the testimonial from Hon. M. C. Beebe, of Pleasantville, Crawford county, Pa., on fourth page of to-day's issue.

The Daily Commercial

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The shareholders of the Commercial Bank of Montreal are taking steps to resume business.

The reported division in the Canadian Cabinet on the financial question was without foundation.

Jacob Vanarsdale, indicted for the killing of Jasper Baird at Somerville, N. J., on the 29th of June, was yesterday found guilty of murder in the first degree.

The Phœnix Paper Mills at Cuyahoga Falls, near Cleveland, owned by Hanford & Youmans, was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss twenty thousand dollars; insured for thirteen thousand dollars.

There were but two deaths from yellow fever in Mobile yesterday.

General Schofield, in his official report, explains his apportionment of delegates to the Virginia Convention. The apportionment gives forty-seven delegates from election districts having white majorities, and fifty-eight from districts giving colored majorities.

Gen. Sheridan had a fine reception at Montpelier, Vt., yesterday. He left last night for New York.

BY MAILS.

The price of wheat in England has doubled since 1864, and is now higher than it has been since the close of the Crimean war. In the first fortnight of the present month it rose on the average fifteen per cent. The crop is said to turn out, on threshing, a far lighter yield than was anticipated, and French buyers are still active in their operations in the English market.

It is estimated by competent judges that the number of new buildings erected in Chicago during the present year will reach over 7,000, at a cost of from $8,000,000 to $9,000,000. The number would have been much larger but for the "eight hour strike" last spring, by which many contemplated contracts were deferred, owing to the uncertainties of labor.

The San Antonio *Express* says that the hay crop of Texas, if put into the market, would bring more than the cotton crop. And yet this hay crop is now lost to the State, for the want of enterprise to cut and bale it and send it to market, the Texans only cutting just what is called for at home.

Letters from Algeria give deplorable accounts of the want and suffering entailed upon the Arabs, owing to the sadly deficient harvest this year. Some correspondents state that, notwithstanding the efforts of the Government to relieve their sufferings, no fewer than 30,000 natives have succumbed to the wretchedness of their situation. Some complaints are made as to the partiality with which the succor, in various shapes, is distributed, an undue proportion, it is alleged, being meted out to the military, as compared with the civil territory.

Porgy oil is made in Maine in large quantities, the manufacture being estimated for 1866, at $2,000,000 in value. The refuse, used for manure, is also valued at $400,000 additional. For the benefit of fresh water readers, it should be stated that the porgy is a fish, excellent for food as well as oil.

Mail advices from San Francisco, represent the business of the Central Pacific Railroad as being fully up to the capacity of its rolling-stock. As yet passengers and freight are transferred to wagons at Cisco, near the summit of the Sierra Nevadas. Team freight thence to Virginia City, Nevada, had risen to 2½ and 3 cents per pound, and there were more goods at the terminus of the road than could be forwarded. The earnings of the month of September, were $200,400 in gold—or nearly as much as the Hudson River road—with less than 100 miles operated.

Passengers coming down the Missouri, in a Mackinaw boat, report that they were fired into by Indians, below Yellowstone. Emmett C. Randall, from Emersonville, Ohio, was killed. The boat managed to escape without further injury.

Monday night the American Express Company's car on the Michigan Central Railway, going west, took fire between Marshall and Battle Creek, and the car and entire contents were destroyed. The exact loss is not known, but supposed to be large, as there were several packages of fine shawls for Chicago houses.

The first snow of the season commenced falling at St. Paul, Minnesota, Tuesday morning. The storm reached Madison, Wisconsin, about noon, and at five o'clock that afternoon it was snowing quite fast in Chicago, where only four days before the thermometer stood at 80.

THE OHIO ELECTION.

The Official Footings---Hayes Received the Largest and Thurman the Smallest Vote of all the Candidates.

The following are the official footings of the vote for Ohio State officers at the election of October 8, 1867, as canvassed by the Governor, Attorney General and Secretary of State:

Office.	Dem.	Repub.
Governor	240,622	243,605
Lieutenant Governor	240,845	243,486
Auditor	240,840	243,461
Treasurer	240,802	243,318
Comptroller	240,813	243,419
Attorney General	240,805	243,449
Board of Public Works	240,941	243,512
Supreme Judge	240,874	243,480

Hayes had the largest vote, Thurman the smallest vote, of all the candidates. The largest aggregate vote was on Board of Public Works—484,453; the smallest was on Treasurer, 484,120—a difference of 333 votes.

The Presidency.

The Washington, Pa., *Reporter*, of yesterday's date, appears with General Grant's name at the editorial head, as its choice for the Presidency. The *Reporter* says:

> Knowing, therefore, that his sentiments are in full accord with those of the loyal masses who are earnestly laboring to secure the reconstruction of the Government on the basis of equal and exact justice to all men regardless of race or color, and confiding to the fullest extent in his wisdom, patriotism and integrity, we unfurl his name in the confident assurance that he will be the Chief Magistrate chosen by the people to succeed Abraham Lincoln.

A meeting of prominent Republicans of Erie, Pa., was held in the parlor of the Reed House, on Tuesday evening, and the preliminary steps taken for the organization of a Grant Club. The following committee was appointed to report at an adjourned meeting officers for a permanent organization of the Club: C. W. Kelso, Wilson King, John S. Richards, M. Haribeb, G. F. Breviller, George W. Walker, J. B. Vincent, B. F. H. Lynn.

The Greenville *Argus* hoists the names of General Grant for President and Edwin M. Stanton for Vice President. The *Argus* says:

> Untrammeled by obnoxious political alliances, unbiased by personal obligations to politicians, and outside of all schemes for political preferment, he is eminently the candidate of the masses. Such a candidate we need to arouse the country from the apathy produced by the selfishness and corruption of professional politicians. Such a President the country needs—one with no friends to reward or enemies to punish—but who, loving his country, her institutions, liberty, unity and prosperity, above everything else, will devote all his energy and power to promote them.
>
> For the second place on the ticket we hoist the name of Edwin M. Stanton, because we know him to be a true man, a patriot and a lover of liberty—one who has been tried and never been found wanting. Like General Grant, he has done his whole duty.

Mercer County for Grant and Curtin.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

CLARK, MERCER CO., PA., Oct., 30.

As the County Committees in different parts of the State are giving expressions of their feelings for their choice for the next candidate of the Union Republican party for President, and as it is almost impossible for me to call the committee together to get a full meeting and expression, I thought you would like to know how the people felt about the matter in Mercer county. As for myself, (and I think I express the feelings of nine-tenths of the Republicans of this county,) I am of opinion that General U. S. Grant and A. G. Curtin, the soldier and the soldiers' friend, would carry our banner triumphantly and successfully through the great battle on the first Tuesday of November, 1866.

S. C. KRONCE,
Chairman of County Committee.

New Oil Strikes.

Among the recent strikes in the Venango oil regions are the following: A new well was struck on Wednesday of last week on the Fisher lot of the Economite tract near Tidioute. It is reported that the production is now about 100 barrels per day. The well is owned by Fisher Brothers of Oil City. On Saturday last a new well was struck on the Newlon lease of the Benninghoff Farm, Benninghoff Hill. It is now producing about 40 barrels per day and increasing. The working interest is owned by Major E. Newlon. This is the second well on the Newlon lease. A new well was struck on Monday last on Lease No. 59, of the Foster Farm, Pioneer Run. It is located on the hill near the Persons well. From the manner in which this well has produced since testing was commenced it promises to be one of the largest producing wells in the oil region. The production reached 164 barrels from two o'clock yesterday afternoon. The working interest is owned by Mr. Frank O'Hare of Miller Farm. On Tuesday morning a new well was struck on the Haldeman Reserve of the Lower McElhany Farm. The production is reported to be about 2 barrels per day.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

EUROPE.

BY CABLE AND MAILS.

Garibaldi Near Monte Rotondo.

Franco-Italian Plan of Campaign.

French Intervention Explained by Moustier.

INSURGENTS ACTIVE IN ROME.

Garibaldians Organized for an Attack.

French Troops Landed at Civita Vecchia.

Italian Troops in Papal Territory.

GARIBALDI ORDERED TO DISARM.

Sale of Church Property in Italy.

Speech of Francis Joseph in Paris.

FENIAN PANIC IN LIVERPOOL.

The Cretan Commission Unsuccessful.

Trial of the Manchester Rioters.

The Papal Insurrection.

PARIS, October 28, Evening.—Several more French ships-of-war left Toulon during the day for Civita Vecchia. The entire press are loud in praises of Victor Emanuel for his recent proclamation denouncing Garibaldi.

Late dispatches report Garibaldi still holding a position near Monte Rotondo. It is reported an agreement has been arrived at between France and Italy, whereby the troops of the former will attack the insurgents. The latter are thereupon expected to retreat from Papal territory into the dominion of King Victor Emanuel, where they will be quietly disarmed by the Italian troops.

PARIS, October 29, Noon.—It is reported that Menabrea, Prime Minister to Italy, is pledged to accompany the French troops to Rome.

Moustier has recently issued a note explaining the intervention of France in the Italian question. He regards the expedition as justifiable for the reason that Italy failed to protect the Pope in his lawful and time-honored rights. A sense of honor and a due regard for the opinions of mankind impel the Government to this course. Moustier asserts that the agency of France will proceed no further than necessary to crush armed rebellion against the Holy Father, and free the Pontificial territory from the tread of hostile soldiers. When these objects are accomplished, the troops of France will be withdrawn, and a conference of the great powers of Europe called to settle the Roman question.

FLORENCE, October 29.—Telegraphic communication with Rome has suddenly ceased, the insurgents having probably cut the wires. Owing to the serious aspect of political affairs, the National Diet will be called together at an early day.

PARIS, October 29, P. M.—The latest dispatches from Rome before the destruction of telegraphic communication, were highly important. The insurgents in the city were actively engaged, and an outbreak was expected. The victorious troops of Garibaldi were only six miles away, organized for an attack on the Eternal City. Orsini shells were being fixed in the streets by the party of action, who seemed to be impatiently awaiting the arrival of Garibaldi. The precaution of the authorities for the preservation of order were apparently ineffective.

Dispatches from Civita Vecchia announce that the French fleet arrived without accident. The troops and munitions of war were being landed. The Pope was hourly expected to arrive.

FLORENCE, October 29, Evening.—It is rumored the Italian troops have passed the frontier.

PARIS, October 30, Noon.—Garibaldi is at Monte Mario. The Italian army has crossed the frontier, and the commanding General has commanded Gen. Garibaldi to disarm and disperse his force.

FLORENCE, October 28, Evening.—Deputies Nictora and Mosto, are reported badly wounded during the recent engagement.

FLORENCE, October 29.—General Lamarmora has been sent on a mission to Paris.

PARIS, October 29, Evening.—Advices from Civita Vecchia announce the arrival there of the fleet of transports, and report the French troops disembarked and now occupy the city.

PARIS, October 30.—Large bodies of troops have arrived in the vicinity of Toulon, ready to embark for Italy, and their numbers are increasing.

LONDON, Evening, October 30.—No further dispatches have been received from Italy. Nothing is known as to the future course of Garibaldi.

PARIS, October 30, Evening.—It is reported that the Pope has informed the French Government that when King Victor Emanuel enters Rome, he (the Pope) will leave.

Sale of Church Property.

FLORENCE, October 28.—The sale of church lands has commenced and promises to add largely to the revenue of the Italian Government.

Banquet to Francis Joseph.

PARIS, October 29.—The municipality of Paris gave a grand banquet to Emperor Napoleon and the Empress and Emperor Francis Joseph, at the Hotel De Ville, which was splendidly decorated for the occasion. The Emperor of Austria, in its course, made an eloquent and feeling speech, and returned thanks to the Emperor and Empress, to the municipality of Paris and to the people of France for the noble hospitality which he had been received with, and solemnly invoked closer amity between the Empires of France and Austria. In this grand spectacle of international hospitality he beheld a new pledge of peace for Europe, and a fresh guarantee for the progress of nations. The speech was received with profound emotions by the distinguished company. During the progress of the festival the Hotel de Ville, which was brilliantly illuminated, was surrounded by a vast assemblage, who repeatedly cheered Emperor Francis Joseph and Emperor Napoleon and the Empress. When the party at the conclusion of the entertainment passed through the crowd in their carriages on their return to the Tuileries, a most enthusiastic demonstration was made by the people.

The Fenians.

LIVERPOOL, October 29, Noon.—This city is the centre of Fenian panic. Reports of mysterious proceedings among the Irish inhabitants, caused the authorities to take extraordinary precaution. The armories of the volunteers and the gun shops in the city are guarded, and the police patrols have been doubled.

LONDON, October 29, Evening.—Digby Seymour, principal Counsel for the defense, has made another application for the removal to London of the trials just commenced at Manchester, on the ground of the hostility of public feeling against the accused in the latter city, but the Government has refused to grant the request.

DUBLIN, October 30.—The trial of the prisoners indicted yesterday will begin before the Special Commission on Thursday, when the challenging of the jury will commence.

Meeting of the Corps Legislatif.

PARIS, October 29, Evening.—The Senate and Legislative body will meet on the 18th of November.

Baden Not Received in the Zolverein.

BERLIN, October 29.—Prussia declines to receive Bavaria in the Zolverein on the terms proposed by the Bavarian Government.

Speech of Mr. Disraeli.

EDINBURGH, October 30.—A public dinner was given to Hon. Benjamin Disraeli yesterday. Mr. Disraeli, in reply to a complimentary toast, made a characteristic speech. He gave a history of the reform, and recounted the action of different political parties in England in relation to the subject, and closed with a strong argument in justification of the Tory party for their course in advocating and triumphantly carrying through Parliament the representation of the peoples' bill. His remarks were frequently interrupted by the expressions of attention and approval, and when he took his seat he was loudly cheered.

Trial of Manchester Rioters.

MANCHESTER, October 30, Noon.—The trial of Allen is in progress. The case against him and others is very strong. There is much excitement in the city, and the court building is guarded by troops. Twenty-six of the prisoners have been indicted for murder.

MANCHESTER, Evening, October 30.—The Fenian trials have been adjourned for the day, and the city is perfectly quiet.

The Cretan Question.

PARIS, October 20, Evening.—The mixed commission recently sent to Candia by the Sublime Porte for the settlement of the grievances of the Cretans has returned without being able to effect any good.

Von Beust to Visit London.

LONDON, October 30, Evening.—Baron Von Beust, Austrian Prime Minister, will shortly visit this city.

South America.

LISBON, October 30.—The mail steamer from Rio Janeiro has arrived. She brings no important war news. The legislative bodies of Brazil agreed to an export duty of 15 per cent., to take effect on and after the first of January next, in place of the duty of 1 per cent., which is now the law.

Francis Joseph Going to Prussia.

PARIS, October 30, Evening.—Emperor Francis Joseph, on his return to Vienna, will pay King William of Prussia a visit at Berlin.

Shipping Intelligence.

LONDONDERRY, October 30, Noon.—The steamship Nova Scotia, from Quebec has arrived here.

Paris Money Market.

PARIS, October 29, Evening.—The Bourse is firmer and rentes a fraction higher.

London Money Market.

LONDON, Noon, October 69.—Consols 94 5-16. Bonds 69.5-16. Illinois 78⅝. Erie 46¾.

Lewis Brothers, of this city, in American trade, have failed.

LONDON, Evening, October 30.—Consols closed 94⅛; 5-20's, 69⅝; Illinois Central, 79¼; Erie, 47.

Frankfort Money Market.

FRANKFORT, Evening, October 30.—5-20 bonds 71⅝.

Antwerp Petroleum Market.

ANTWERP, Evening, October 30.—Petroleum market heavy at 52 francs.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, October 29, Noon.—Cotton dull. Mr. Hutchinson, cotton dealer, failed.

LIVERPOOL, October 29, 2 P. M.—Barley declined to 54s. Cotton heavy, declined one sixteenth.

LIVERPOOL, October 30, Evening.—Cotton closes dull and heavy under unfavorable trade reports, at a decline of 1-16d on all descriptions. The sales have been about 10,000 bales: middling uplands 8¼d; Orleans 9d.

Breadstuffs—The market closes quiet and steady. Corn 49s 3d. Wheat 16s 3d for California, and 14s 3d for red western. Barley 5s 4d. Oats 3s 10d. Peas 5s 6d.

Beef has advanced 2s 6d, but is dull; quoted at 117s 6d. Lard declined 3d and is quoted at 53s. Tallow advanced 3d, and is quoted at 45s 3d. Pork 72s. Bacon 52s. Cheese 52s.

Produce—Rosin 9s for common Wilmington; 12s for medium to fine. Sugar firm at 26s. Linseed 68s 6d. Linseed cakes £11. Spirits turpentine 27s. Petroleum 1s 6d for spirits and standard white. Oils quiet at £40 for whale; £115 for sperm; £45s 10s for linseed.

BY THE MAILS.

The Situation in Rome.

According to late Continental accounts, Rome may be said to be completely surrounded, and very shortly the Papal troops will be restricted to the defense of the city. Letters from the city describe it as having all the appearance of a city about to sustain a siege. It is patrolled in every part; all the posts are reinforced, and the troops bivouack at night upon the hills. Arrests continue unceasingly. A letter in the *Debats*, dated October 10, says that as many as 1,200 people have been arrested; the prisons are crowded, and the authorities are at their wits' ends to know where to put the people they seize. The young men of the city, nevertheless, contrive to escape and join the insurgents. "It is impossible," says the correspondent, "that such a state of things can last long. The greater part of the Roman youth is in exile or in prison; business is at a standstill, provisions are dear, the misery is extreme, and if the agitation in Italy continues, Rome is threatened to be deprived in the Winter of the benefit it derives from the presence of foreigners. The Pope seems very calm. On October 7 he walked through the Corso on foot. If this was done to test public opinion the Holy Father must have been little satisfied. Not only was there no sympathetic cry or manifestation whatsoever, but the people hid themselves in passages and shops in order not to be obliged to salute him. It was a very sad spectacle, and I was a witness of it. The following order of the day had been distributed to the troops at Rome: "At the first fifteen shots fired from St. Angelo, the troops are to assemble at once at the Pincio, the Capitol, Gianicolo San-Pietro in Montorio, Piazza del Popolo, and Piazza Colonna." Officers of the foreign legion are ordered to abstain from showing themselves in theaters, cafes and other public place, lest they should come into collision with the people. An extraordinary consistory was said to have been held on October 15. The correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazette* declares that Garibaldi's staff, including Curioli and Cadolini, were for some days lodged quietly at the Hotel Terni, in Rome. They paid frequent visits to the gates and walls of Rome, and evinced a keen interest in the surrounding heights. The police seemed to be unconscious of their presence, though their names appeared in large letters in the list of visitors, and it was not till Sunday that they received the attentions of Monsignor Randi, the director of police. This functionary ordered them to leave Rome without a moment's delay. Some hundreds of Garibaldians had entered Rome, and were concealed in subterranean chambers, of which the city is full. The police searched for them in vain, though they arrested dozens of vagrants every night. Is was understood that a revolution was to have been attempted on the 6th, but was countermanded in consequence of the non-arrival of a force of Garibaldians, under Ricciotti Garibaldi, who were to have disembarked on the coast. According to the *Movimenti* of Genoa the military of Rome intend to make use of certain newly invented shells, which are thrown by the hand. Five hundred of them have been made at the military arsenal upon a model furnished by Gen. Kanzler. The weight of each of these shells is three kilogrammes. Thus, says the journal, the bombardment of Rome will perhaps be the last act of the Papacy. It is remarked as a singular fact that none of the ambassadors of the foreign Powers are at present in Rome.

The Pope and the European Powers.

The *Unita Cattolica* states that the Holy See is about to send a circular to the European Powers, announcing the following facts: 1. That while the provinces of the State are enjoying the most perfect peace and tranquility, armed bands, proceeding from the frontier of the territory occupied by the Florence Government, have entered these provinces to excite disorder and rebellion against the legitimate government, and to commit acts of criminal brigandage. 2. That the inhabitants of the districts suddenly invaded by these bands, instead of responding to such excitations and adhering to the revolt introduced among them, have remained loyal to the Holy Father, manifesting their abhorrence of such felonious acts. 3. That the bands have been formed in Tuscany and the provinces usurped from the Holy See in broad day, under the eyes of the Italian government authorities, who have granted passports, although it was notorious that these travelers intended to invade the Pontificial States. 4. That the Italian troops have given free passage to many of these bands who have invaded the Pontificial territory from various points of the Tuscan and Oryletan frontier. 5. That these same troops have received the bands of invaders when, beaten and dispersed by the Pontificial forces, they have recrossed the frontier. "On these grounds," concludes the *Unita Cattolica*, "the Government of the Holy See will declare itself to be the victim of a fresh attempt on the part of the Florence Government which, notwithstanding the September Convention, has permitted an invasion of the territory which it solemnly undertook to guard."

Attitude of France.

The principal organs of the French Press favor the observance of a strict neutrality. The *Independance Belge* thinks that France will continue to preserve an attitude of "prudent observation," and if France abstains, Austria and Spain must do the same. In fact, in the present state of public opinion in Austria, military action in favor of the temporal power would add very seriously to the difficulties which already surround the Government. The *Siecle* says that if the conduct of the French Government was to be decided by the will of the immense majority of the nation, all uncertainty would seem to be at an end, for France energetically condemns the idea of a new Roman expedition. For the honor and interest of France the *Siecle* hopes that with the mere object of bolstering up a tottering institution, France will not destroy what she has already done in Italy. The *Avenir National* taxes the French Government with a want of foresight in the Roman question as marked as was displayed in German and Mexican affairs. It has represented Garibaldi's attempt as certain to fail before the hostility of the Papal populations, and all its organs have protested in favor of the temporal power. It now discovers that tranquility can only by restored to the Roman States by the intervention of Italy or of the French army, but France certainly does not wish that she should be compromised to preserve the material interests of the sacred college. If the Italian Government would do its duty, it should act at once. Hesitation now is a fault. Whatever the faults of the French Government, the *Temps* cannot bring itself to admit that all its political acts toward Italy since 1857 can be nullified in a day; and that which had lasted for seventeen years, it did not know what it was doing. In the *Liberte*, M. de Girardin denounces Rattazzi, and exalts Garibaldi as the personification of heroism and self denial.

A Protest Against Ritualism.

NEW YORK, October 30.—The following news was received per steamer Russia: The Bishop of Iowa, before leaving England, addressed a letter to the Bishop of London, expressing the great pleasure his visit to England has given him, and his appreciation of the kindness and hospitality received on all sides, but declares he is greatly grieved at the wide spread of ritualism. In touching and earnest words he urgently advises English churchmen to cling to the simple doctrines of the primitive church of the English reformation.

Narrow Escape.

King William, of Prussia, had a narrow escape with his life, through an accident on the Wurtemburg Railroad. The train upset, but he was uninjured.

Plot to Assassinate the Pope.

A Naples letter to the London *Times*, dated October 10th, says: Two or three days since, something like an attempt was meditated against the life of the Pope. A man was arrested under the colonnade of St. Peter's, at the moment the Pope was about to go out for a drive. He had a pistol concealed under his clothes, but what his intentions were is not as yet precisely known.

MANSFIELD, OHIO.

Semi-Annual Meeting of the Richland County Sabbath School Union--Resolutions---First Snow of the Season.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MANSFIELD, O., October 30, 1867.

The fifth semi-annual meeting of the Richland County Sabbath School Union met at Lexington yesterday, and was largely attended by teachers and friends of the cause in the county. There were morning, afternoon and evening sessions. The proceedings throughout were of an interesting character, and promising of good results. Addresses were delivered by Revs. S. A. Collins, J. E. Twitchell, and others. The following resolutions were passed:

WHEREAS, The Sabbath school cause has for its object the moral training of the young and rising generations; and, whereas the salvation of our youth and the perpetuity of the Christian church depend to a great extent upon the successful development of this enterprise; therefore,

Resolved, That the Sabbath school cause is one well deserving the hearty support and co-operation of all Christians, and that we hail with gratitude to God the increasing interest and union of sentiment which prevails among the friends of Jesus in this glorious enterprise.

Resolved, That we, the members of this convention, pledge ourselves to renew our efforts to carry forward this good cause, and that in so doing we will seek to have each and all Sabbath schools under our control represented in these conventions, both as to delegates and money.

Considerable rain has fallen during the past three days. About ten o'clock this forenoon the weather commenced getting cold, under the influence of a west wind, and at two o'clock this afternoon a violent snow squall set in, the first of the season, which prevailed up to 4:30. Considerable snow fell, but mostly melted as it came in contact with the wet ground.

STATE ITEMS.

A project is on foot at Williamsport to build a railroad connecting with the Philadelphia and Erie and terminating ah Putneyville, on Lake Ontario.

The Erie Convocation of the Episcopal Church in the Pittsburgh Diocese, embracing the clergy and laity of the Northwestern part of the State, met in Oil City on Tuesday, and was to continue in session until last evening.

The first session of the Warren County Teachers' Institute will be held at Warren, commencing November 9th, and continuing five days.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the citizens of St. Mary's and Centreville, Elk county, was recently held for the purpose of awakening the people to the importance of immediate action upon the question of a proposed railroad to connect the most extensive bituminous coal region of Pennsylvania with Buffalo, Rochester and Northwestern New York, and the continuation of the same southerly down the Little Toby to an intersection with the Allegheny Valley Railroad.

On Tuesday night last a prisoner named Lowry, arrested for horse theft, made his escape over the wall of the Huntingdon county jail. He was in hobbles. He is still at large.

Benjamin B. Hitz, late Master Car Inspector of Pennsylvania, died in Lancaster on Monday.

A day or two since a fire broke out in one of the passenger cars of the Franklin Branch Railway, at Meadville. Fortunately the flames were extinguished, but not until the interior of the car was consumed.

A fire broke out in J. Gabel's barn, in Erie, yesterday morning, and before it could be extinguished the barn of C. Metcalf also took fire and both were consumed. It is reported that Mr. Metcalf lost a carriage and Mr. Gabel a horse and cow.

At the Baptist State Convention recently held at Williamsport, Pittston was fixed upon as the place for the next anniversary, and the Rev. Wm. F. Bainbridge, of Erie, chosen to deliver the introductory sermon, and A. M. Calkin, of Abington, alternate.

An old gentleman named Jose Decter, 80 years of age, a resident of Ellery township, Warren county, committed suicide on Monday last, by shooting the top of his head nearly off. No cause is assigned for the rash act.

A fierce young panther was shot and killed at Cherry Creek, Warren county, a few days ago. A large one has been seen in the vicinity at various times, and it is intended to get up a grand hunt for his particular benefit as soon as snow falls, so that he can be tracked.

Williamsport is to be supplied with water privileges. The head is Museits Run, and the water will be taken from a height of about one hundred and fifteen feet above the level of the streets. It will be brought across the Allegheny in a sixteen inch main, which is now being put down.

A sad accident occurred at the new elevator in Erie, on Monday. Two boys had got into one of the bins, unknown to those engaged in running the machinery, and a shower of wheat suddenly came on them. One of them, named Brooks, escaped, but James Hennessey was smothered to death before any one but his companion knew anything of the occurrence.

The Erie *Dispatch* says: For years the glass-works of Pittsburgh were supplied with sand gathered on the Allegheny mountains, north-east of Bellefonte, and it is now proposed to erect an immense glass factory in that locality, where will be manufactured every kind and quality of articles from the brittle material. In addition, arrangements are also making to erect a large steel works in that vicinity. The charcoal iron produced in the furnaces of this region is represented as superior for the manufacture of steel by the Bessemer process. With the steel works are also to be erected works for the manufacture of edge tools, scythes, &c.

What Mr. Dickens Really Thinks of Us.

Now that Dickens has finally decided to come over and read to us, he has become exceedingly sensitive about our opinion of him, and writes a letter correcting some of the ill-natured stories of his sayings and doings, especially a letter from a London correspondent of the New York *Tribune*. He says:

Not only is there not a word of truth in the pretended conversation, but it is so absurdly unlike me that I cannot suppose it to be even invented by any one who ever heard me exchange a word with mortal creature. For twenty years I am perfectly certain that I have never made any other allusion to the republication of my books in America than the good-humored remark that "if there had been an international copyright between England and the States, I should have been a man of very large fortune instead of a man of moderate savings." Nor have I ever been such a fool as to charge the absence of international copyright upon individuals. Nor have I been so ungenerous as to disguise or suppress the fact that I have received handsome sums from the Harpers for advance sheets. When I was in the States I said what I had to say, and there was an end. I am absolutely certain that I have never since expressed myself even with soreness on the subject. Reverting to the preposterous fabrication of the London correspondent, the statement that I ever talked about "those fellows" who republished my books, or pretended to know (what I don't know at this instant) who made how much out of them, or ever talked of their sending me "conscience money," is as grossly and completely false as the statement that I ever said anything to the effect that I could not be expected to have an interest in the American people. And nothing can by any possibility be falser than that. Again and again have I expressed my interest in them. Every American who has ever spoken with me in London, Paris, or where not knows whether I have frankly said: "You could have no better introduction to me than your country." And for years and years, when I have been asked about reading in America, my invariable reply has been: "I have so many friends there, and constantly receive so many earnest letters from personally unknown readers there, that but for domestic reasons I would go to-morrow."

So, in a preface to the last edition of his "American Notes," Mr. Dickens writes in an explanatory and deprecatory vein of the misunderstanding that publication has created in America, concerning his feeling towards us, and closes as follows:

"Prejudiced I am not, and never have been, otherwise than in favor of the United States. I have many friends in America, I feel a grateful interest in the country, I hope and believe it will work out a problem of the highest importance to the human race. To represent me as viewing America with ill-nature, coldness, animosity, is merely to do a very foolish thing, which is always a very easy one."

All this proves, any way, that he is now ready to "kiss and make up," as the children say. And surely Americans can be nothing loth. They love Dickens, because they cannot help it, and want to have him love, at least to appreciate them.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

The Annual Departmental Reports.

The Georgia Editor Cornered.

Commissioner Wells Preparing His Report.

Address of Hon. Thad. Stevens.

Views on the Suffrage Question.

Date of Counterfeit 7-30 Notes.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 29, 1867.

The Annual Reports.

The Departments are all exceedingly busy in the preparation of the annual reports. Those of the Navy and Interior are about ready to submit to the printer. In the Treasury Department the Comptroller of the Currency report is the only one which is finished.

Editor Bard Cornered.

The denial by editor Bard, of the conversation which he purported to hold with General Grant, is likely to lead to the affidavits of no less than three persons to whom he related it substantially as published. As intimated last night, the publication of the alleged interview reduces itself to the conclusion that it was an attempt to obtain a little newspaper notoriety at the expense of General Grant, and by an imposition on those who gave it currency by telegraph.

The Retrenchment Committee

Was again in session at the Treasury Department to-day, and several witnesses were examined as to the affairs of the printing division. It will be several weeks before the committee are through with the investigation.

Commissioner Wells's Report.

Special Commissioner of Revenue Wells returned here to-day, and is busy preparing his special report on the internal revenue system to Congress. It is said that he will lay great stress on the recommendation that our revenue officials should be appointed on the ground of merit and honesty alone, and without reference to politics.

Thad. Stevens's Address.

The address of Hon. Thad. Stevens to his countrymen published here to-day, has been the principal topic of discussion as indicating the policy which will be urged in Congress on the suffrage question. The assertion of Mr. Stevens that Congress can pass a national suffrage law by virtue of the fourteenth amendment to the Constitution, excites comment from the fact that said amendment has not been certified as having been ratified by three-fourths of the States. It may be added here that a new bill has been prepared providing for suffrage in all of the States by act of Congress, which will be introduced on the first day of the session.

Tax on Leather.

The claim of a manufacturer of this district for the refunding of taxes assessed upon the manufacture of boot and shoe uppers, who claims they were not liable, under the decision of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, has been rejected for the reason that boot and shoe uppers are a manufacture, and are not exempted from tax by any provision of the excise law. The decision of the Commissioner authorizes the deduction of the cost of boot and shoe uppers where the tax has been apart from the value of the boot and shoes, but does not authorize the refunding of such tax upon such uppers.

The Seven-Thirties.

The Treasury Department, after a full investigation, are satisfied that none of the counterfeit seven-thirties bear a date prior to August 15th last, and parties who purchased notes before that period, may rest assured that they are genuine.

Montgomery Blair

Was in conference to-day for a long time with the President, but the fact has not even given rise, singularly enough, to any rumors.

A Conservative Address.

The Conservative Army and Navy Union issued an address to-night to the country on the political situation.

A Native Foreign Official.

The Government to-day determined to recognize J. W. Torrey as the Supreme Ruler of the Isle of North Borneo, and he will be presented officially to the President to-morrow. Mr. Torrey was once an American citizen, and this will be the first instance of the recognition as a foreign official of a native born who has taken allegiance to another Government.

WASHINGTON, October 30.

THE CABINET.

The numerous statements regarding changes in the Cabinet published recently have been so contradictory in their nature that it is hardly safe to venture any prediction on the subject, as none that have yet been made have been verified. From information recently obtained, however, we feel warranted in stating that previous to the October election President Johnson wrote a circular letter to several prominent Conservative or renegade Republicans and Democrats offering them positions in his Cabinet, which circular they considered in the light of a promise, and signified their willingness to accept his offer. The portfolio of State was described in his circular to a prominent New York Democrat; the War Office to an ex-General from Ohio; the Postoffice Department to an ex-General from Missouri, and the Treasury to a prominent Pennsylvania politician. The New York Democratic Convention, of which Governor Seymour was President, failed to indorse, or even take notice of the existence of His Accidency, who therefore became so incensed that he decided, out of spite, not to make any changes in his council. The game is not up yet, however, as the parties interested feel assured that after the November elections they will have another opportunity to urge their claims. In the meantime, Mr. Johnson feels assured that New York will go Democratic, and confidently rests on that expectation, expressing the opinion that it is better to keep friends by promises to be realized in the future than to lose them by granting their requests before they have been earned.

GEN. GRANT AND THE SOUTHERN EDITOR.

As several papers are trying to make something out of the report of a political interview between General Grant and a certain Southern editor, in which the General talked like a first class Conservative, it may be worth while to state a fact or two. The editor in question is Dr. Sam Bard, of the Atlanta *New Era*. He comes up here to collect claims against the War Department. Some of them are found to be for work never done; others for work done, but not authorized: and still others are excessive charges for work ordered and done. He was in the rebel army four years, and the editorial in which he nominated General Grant was written in this city some months ago, by the correspondents of a New York paper. Bard then thought Gen. Grant would be caught by the Democrats. Finding out, since the summer session of Congress adjourned, that he does not train with that party, Bard is anxious to justify himself to his rebel friends here and at home, in the position he has taken. Accordingly, he has reported around town, during Grant's absence, that he had been accorded a private interview, and had taken notes of General Grant's remarks. Everybody knows that this adventurer had no such interview as he claims. The interview was very brief, and Bard did most of the talking. He seems to be somewat alarmed at the stir he has created, and now claims he never made such a report of the conversation as has been credited to him.

BONDING OF WAREHOUSES.

The Secretary of the Treasury has issued regulatiods for the bonding of parts of warehouses, or elevators, under the provisions of the act of July, 1866, entitled an act further to prevent smuggling.

APPEAL REFUSED.

Neither Chief Justice Chase nor Judge Underwood have any reply from Davis's counsel, touching the trial on the 13th of November.

THE DAVIS TRIAL.

The refusal of the Supreme Court of this district, yesterday, to grant a writ of error for an appeal from a decision of a lower court to the Supreme Court of the United States, on a question touching the constitutionality of the confiscation acts, was because of gross informality in the writ itself.

TO BE CONSOLIDATED.

It is understood that the Union Republican Congressional Committee will, without any change in its present organization, be united with the Republican National Committee to conduct the Presidential campaign.

THE UNADILLA.

The United States steamer Unadilla arrived at Hong Kong August 24th, all well.

A HOAX.

The alleged correspondence between Earl Russel and Lord Amberly is pronounced a hoax, it having been produced by the Nottingham paper as a mere burlesque on British politics. The President has never seen Amberley, nor is it known he has yet visited Washington.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION—AN "UNPLEASANTNESS."

The second annual convention of the Young Men's Christian Association of Maryland and the District of Columbia met to-day. Among the delegates were three representing the colored Young Men's Association of Washington. One, by a vote of nineteen to ten, was added to the list of vice presidents. This created much dissatisfaction on the part of some white delegates from Maryland, who earnestly protested against the acts of the majority. They wished to secede, being opposed to whites and blacks mingling in the same body. The colored vice president regretted that the presence of delegates of an association formed for Christian purposes should produce discord. Several white delegates, looking at the matter in a Christian light, said there could be no real cause for serious dissatisfaction. One objector declared he had been a Confederate officer, and could with sincerity extend the right hand of fellowship to colored men, and to prove the truth of his utterance he stepped forward and earnestly shook the colored Vice President by the hand. Notwithstanding this, he could not concede the propriety of making a special provision whereby a colored person should be made a Vice President. Others declared similar views, adding that they were the friends of the colored man. The discussion was earnest on all sides, when a white delegate, for the sake of harmony, offered a resolution requesting the colored Vice President to withdraw from that office. The Convention, by two majority, refused to lay the resolution on the table, and by a majority of six refused to suspend the rule in order to allow a vote on the resolution.

ADDRESS TO SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

The Conservative Army and Navy Union of Washington has issued an address to all honorably discharged soldiers and sailors, setting forth their political principles, and urging the nominations for office in every case of men who have been supporters of the late war for the Union.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.

Among the visitors to Gen. Grant to-day was the Governor of Borneo, who is represented to be an American named Torrey, originally from Roxbury, Mass.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 30, 1867.

DAMAGE FROM FIRE.

The building No. 343 Broadway was damaged by fire this morning, the occupants losing heavily, viz: A. Blow & Co., importers and manufacturers of hoisery, &c., loss $156,000; Pardee, Bates & Co., jobbers of silks and woolens, loss $50,000, and Wolf & Moses $15,000. The building was owned by George Pausal, of Paris, loss $15,000; all fully insured. The origin of the fire is unknown.

THE YELLOW FEVER

Is reported as prevailing on board the British steamer Corsica, lately arrived from Nassau. Two men have died, and others are sick. For some unexplained reason the vessel was allowed to come up from quarantine to Jersey City. She has since been ordered back.

SALES OF COAL.

Fifty thousand tons Scranton Coal were sold at auction to-day at $3 65@5 50 per ton. The prices were somewhat higher than last month. Five thousand tons deliverable at Washington, New Jersey, brought $2 02½@3 37½.

RUMORED DEFALCATION.

There was a rumor this morning on Wall street, that a heavy defalcation had occurred in the office of the Pacific Mutual Insurance Company. The fact is simply the President of the Company has resigned. The cause of the resignation is said to be financial embarrassment, but the *Post* is assured the company will not be affected.

LINCOLN STATUE.

The bronze statue of Abraham Lincoln in Prospect Park, Brooklyn, is nearly finished.

FORGER SENTENCED.

Chas. A. Dummairez, alias Deñganerre, has been sentenced to two years in the State Prison for forging.

ARRIVAL.

The steamship San Francisco, from Greytown, arrived to-day.

WM. M. THOMPSON

Was arrested for presenting a check of E. C. Pike & Co., of St. Louis, on the American Exchange National Bank, New York, for $1,218 50 in favor of D. H. Chambers, of Pittsburgh, whose son he claimed to be. It is proved young Chambers was at home, and now Thompson states that he found the check in the street at Pittsburgh, while it appears to have been altered from "payable to order" to "payable to bearer." Thompson was committed for trial.

OUTRAGE.

Arthur Devlin, a tailor, was arrested, charged with dragging Mary Farrall into a hallway and forcibly violating her person. He was committed for trial.

IMPROVING.

The health of John Butterfield is improving. He will recover.

THADDEUS STEVENS

In a letter to Dr. Pfeifer, says: "Since the adoption of the fourteenth amendment, I have no doubt of our full power to regulate the elective franchise, so far as it regards the whole nation in every State of the Union, which, when tried, I hope, will be so formed as to be beneficial to the nation, just to every citizen, and carry out the design of the framers of the government according to the views expressed in the declaration of independence."

SANTA ANNA SENTENCED TO DEATH.

Santa Anna has been tried at Vera Cruz, and sentenced to death. He has petitioned the Supreme Government for mercy.

DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY IN CALIFORNIA.

A private dispatch received this morning from California says the Democratic majority in that State exceeds 8,000. The vote is light.

NEW ORLEANS.

Health of the City---the Public Schools.

NEW ORLEANS, October 30.—At a meeting of the Board of Health last night, quarantine was suspended. A motion was offered by Dr. Warren Stone, that the yellow fever be declared no longer epidemic. This was opposed and referred to the Committee on Health. Dr. Stone said the disease had run its course and was no longer epidemic, although sporadic cases will continue for some time. In his opinion it is perfectly safe for strangers to come to the city. In his remarks he contended that the yellow fever was not contagious under any circumstances.

Mayor Heath has vetoed the ordinance repealing all ordinances providing for the administration of public schools, on the ground that the Council made no provisions for any other administration of schools, leaving them without directors or teachers. The ordinance was passed over the veto by the Board of Assistant Aldermen, but has not yet been acted on by the Upper Board.

Judge Leamont, of the Sixth District Court, has decided to perpetuate the injunction granted to the School Board, restricting the Mayor from promulgating the ordinance. A resolution was offered in the Board of Aldermen last night, requesting the military authorities to remove the present Board, but was lost, two blacks voting in favor, and four whites against it.

There were only nine yellow fever interments yesterday.

BOSTON.

Death of Ex-Governor Andrew---Forger Arrested.

BOSTON, October 30.—Jno. A. Andrew, Ex-Governor of Massachusetts, died at six o'clock this evening. At nine last evening he was at his residence in Charles street, conversing with a friend, his family being present. He had premonitory symptoms of apoplexy, and requested the family to leave the room, which they did under the supposition that he had private business to transact. He then requested his friend to call in Dr. Derby, and subsequently Drs. Bigelow and Cabot were in attendance. He remained unconscious from the time of the attack until his death.

A young man lately employed as clerk in a large commercial house has been arrested on suspicion of forging the name of the firm on checks amounting to $10,000, which he used in purchasing gold on speculation.

Cincinnati Billiard Tournament.

CINCINNATI, October 30.—The principal game in the billiard tournament to-day was between Foster and Vermeulen, and was won by Foster in three innings, his average being 100. The third prize was awarded to Davis, he having won seven games. Foster and Coon having won eight games each, are to play 1,000 points to-morrow for the first prize. The second best in that game takes the second prize.

FIRE AT COLUMBUS.

Five Stables and Several Horses Burned.

Tuesday morning, about five o'clock, a fire broke out in the stable of C. H. Frisbee, on Noble alley, between High and Third and Friend and Mound streets, Columbus, Ohio, which quickly communicatad to similar structures adjoining, and five stables, with their contents, were entirely consumed. The brick stable of C. L. Pfaff was at one time on fire, but was saved without much injury, by the exertions of the firemen. The stables burned belonged respectively to C. H. Frisbee, Isaac Eberley, J. S. Ford, John Saul, and J. F. Semmer. Two splendid horses belonging to the Ohio Furniture Company, together with a large furniture wagon, dray, &c., were burned up. The loss is estimated at from $3,000 to $5,000, only a small portion of which is covered by insurance. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary.

GEORGIA.

Second Day of the Election.

Polls to be Kept Open Till Saturday.

SAVANNAH, October 30.—The election passed off quietly to-day. The total vote, so far as heard from, is 2,500. Only one white man voted to day, making two since the election began. A new poll will be opened to-morrow by the whites. Nearly all the votes are for the Radical ticket.

COLUMBUS, October 20.—The result of the two days' election is 1,117 votes, all for Convention. Only 25 white votes. The number registered in the county was 2,910, 1,150 whites and 1,760 blacks.

MACON, October 30.—The election to-day was remarkably quiet. No whites participated. There were 1,416 votes cast, of which three were whites.

ATLANTA, Ga., October 30.—Gen. Pope has ordered the polls to be kept open until Saturday evening, it having been ascertained the time allotted was not sufficient to permit a full vote.

AUGUSTA, October 30.—Gen. Pope has issued orders to the Registration Boards to keep the polls open until six P. M. Saturday. The returns from the first and second districts indicate that the Convention would have been defeated had not the time been extended. It is now regarded that the question will be carried. The city and county vote to-day was 830: for two days, 2,615.

LAGRANGE, October 30.—Vote for two days, 1,200; only four whites voted.

Griffin, 233 votes polled to-day. Very few whites are voting.

ATLANTA, October 30.—Total vote of Atlanta and Fulton counties for two days, 1,810, four-fifths at least for convention and the Union reconstruction ticket.

NEW YORK ELECTION.

The Prospects of the Republicans Bright.

The New York dispatch to the Cincinnati *Commercial* says: The chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, Tilden's, usually short face is elongated sufficiently to adorn Harper. I have just conversed with the lugubrious gentleman. His State Convention refused to indorse the President. His organ, the *World*, repudiated the President and the Pendleton greenback question. Thus arrayed, they went into the fight, but finding themselves soon after short of funds, they opened negotiations with the President, who, in return, sent a commissioner to treat with them. Their terms were that, if he would suspend all Republican Collectors and Assessors in New York they would tolerate him for the present. He treated the demand with contempt. They then sent Mr. Pierce, of Brooklyn, to get the Administration to wink at frauds sufficient to pay the St. Nicholas Hotel headquarters bill. Pierce came back with a flea in his ear. Thus we have a split between the President and the New York Democracy, and between the Democrats of New York and the West. I bet my money on the Republicans.

THE PYRENEES DISAPPEARING.—A Madrid paper says scientific researches have established the fact that the Pyrenees have, in the last twenty years, lost thirty metres in altitude. Supposing the depression to continue, our worthy contemporary calculates that after the lapse of one thousand years, the chain that separates Spain from France will realize the celebrated words "Il n'y a plus de Pyrenees" by disappearing altogether, in which case the Ebro will fall into the Bay of Biscay instead of emptying itself into the Mediterranean.

CITY MATTERS.

An Elopement—Return of a Runaway Girl—Her Betrayer Arrested.

A few weeks ago, it will be remembered, Mr. James M. Kiester, of Irwin's Station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, in Westmoreland county, published a statement inquiring the whereabouts of his daughter, a young lady, who was missing from her home. Search was made for her in every direction, but nothing was ascertained until Tuesday last, when she, in company with some friends, called at the office of Alderman J. A. Butler, in the Sixth ward, and made information against a young man named George Painter, charging him with having seduced her under promise of marriage. Officer Seth Wilmot, accompanied by a Mr. Bauser, who knew the accused, visited Enon Valley, on the P. Ft. W. and C. R. R., where he arrested Painter and brought him to this city. A hearing was had before the Alderman yesterday afternoon, which resulted in the accused being held to bail in the sum of four thousand dollars for his appearance at the next term of the Criminal Court of Westmoreland county for trial. Alderman Butler also held Painter in four thousand dollars bail to appear for a hearing before Justice S. C. Reiner, of Irwin's Station, an information having been lodged against him by Mr. Kiester, father of Miss Kiester, charging him having attempted to procure an abortion on his daughter.

Both the parties concerned, it is said, belong to wealthy families at Irwin's Station. Painter, for some time before the elopement, it is alleged, had been the accepted suitor of Miss Keister, with the permission of the young lady's parents. Last March he effected her ruin, and after that grew less attentive, and at last refused to marry her. In September she eloped with him to conceal her shame, and since then has been living with her betrayer. She at last became weary of his promises, came back to this city, and made information against him, as stated.

The Monahan Case—Additional Medical Testimony—Doctors Disagree—Another Adjournment.

The Coroner's jury in the case of James A. Monahan, alleged to have died at the Mansion House, from injuries sustained in a conflict with Lawrence Purcell, met at the Mayor's office, last evening, to have additional medical testimony as to the alleged cause of death. The point to be determined was, whether the injury to the brain resulted from a direct blow on the forehead, (administered by some person unknown, as there was no positive testimony as to a blow having been struck at that point,) or from the effects of a counter stroke resulting from the fall on the floor.

The following is the testimony adduced:

Dr. Hamilton detailed the condition in which he found the deceased, and described the condition in which the brain was found on making a *post mortem.*

Dr. Reiter, sworn—There is no doubt that this man came to his death by concussion; from Dr. H.'s statement I have no doubt that the blow producing death was inflicted on the side of his head.

Dr. Jas. Kerr, sworn—It is possible that laceration of the membranes of the brain, as also the brain structure, may be effected by a contusion or violent stroke directly opposite, or nearly so, to the point receiving the stroke. (The doctor cited the case of a man killed in East Birmingham by being pushed from a bar room and falling upon the side of the head—the *post mortem* showing that death resulted from a disorganization of the brain tissue on the opposite side of the head.) Unless there was some evidence of great violence, I would be slow to believe that the blow on the forehead was the cause of the breaking down of the brain tissue, with so little injury to the integument, and none to the bone itself.

Dr. James King, sworn—My opinion is that the injury to the brain was caused by the blow on the frontal eminence, as described by Dr. Hamilton. Death may be caused by what is balled a counter stroke, but the cases are rare.

Dr. John Batton, sworn—It is possible that the breaking down of the brain tissue may have been the result of the counter stroke from the back of the head. If it had occurred from the injury to the frontal eminence, I think there would have been more ecchymosis and probably fracture of the frontal bone.

Dr. R. M. Tindle, sworn—From the testimony of Dr. Hamilton, I would be inclined to believe the injury to the brain resulted from the blow on the frontal eminence. I have seen a fracture of the skull result from a blow scarcely perceptible on the scalp.

Dr. A. McMahan sworn—I cannot reconcile the slight nature of the superficial injury over the frontal bone, to the great amount of injury within the skull. The skin was not even cut, and the probability is that a blow so violent as to produce the result within would have exhibited more serious external injury, and perhaps have caused fracture. [Dr. McMahan interrogated Dr. Hamilton at considerable length.] My opinion is, from the fact of there being not even a cut over the frontal eminence, the injury to the brain could not have been sustained without showing a greater external injury.

Dr. T. J. Gallagher, sworn—I agree with Dr. Kerr, that the disorganization of the brain tissue was the result of the stroke upon the back of the head. The injury to the frontal eminence, to have caused such a breaking down of the brain tissue, must almost necessarily have produced a fracture of the skull. [Exhibited a skull, showing the relative strength of the bone at the different points.] Think that the concussion caused by the fall was sufficient to produce disintegration of the tissue, as described. Do not concur with Dr. Hamilton.

Dr. A. M. Pollock, sworn—Taking the whole testimony in the case, as I understand it, I believe that the fall caused the man's death. The counter stroke is in accordance with philosophical principles, and confirmed by experience. To me it is entirely possible and probable.

J. G. Buchanan, sworn—I am clearly of the opinion that the disorganization of the brain was produced by the fall upon the back of the head; that if the force applied to the front part of the head had been sufficient to disintegrate the brain it would have produced more injury to the skin or fracture of the skull.

Dr. W. H. Daly, sworn—My opinion does not differ much from Dr. Hamilton's.

The Jury, after remaining in session until half past ten o'clock, adjourned until half-past nine o'clock this morning.

AQUATICS.

THE MEKIEL-COULTER RACE.

A Fine Day and Smooth Course.

HENRY COULTER WINS THE RACE.

Time, Forty-one Minutes Fifty Seconds.

Mekiel Will Challenge Coulter for Another Trial.

The sculling contest between Henry Coulter, of Allegheny city, and John Mekiel, of Cold Springs, New York, for a purse of two thousand dollars, took place yesterday afternoon over the upper Monongahela course. The day was beautiful, and the water was as smooth and calm as could be wished. As early as one o'clock parties commenced leaving the city for Glenwood, and at three o'clock, the time announced for the start, the banks on each side of the river were lined with spectators. Every conceivable vehicle to transport passengers to and from the grounds was pressed into service, and large crowds of persons walked the entire distance. The Brownsville packet Elector, with one barge in tow, left her wharf at two o'clock, with about one thousand excursionists for the scene, of the race, and was anchored during the race about two hundred yards below the starting point. All manner of water craft dotted the river along the entire length of the course, and as much interest was manifested in the result as there was in the Hamill-Brown race last May.

There was a great amount of betting on the result, but in small sums, Coulter generally being the favorite, although some sanguine men backed Mekiel at five to three. Both men were in excellent condition, and the course was all that could be desired. There were many bets on time, which the knowing ones eagerly took.

About three o'clock Coulter appeared in his shell at the starting point, opposite Haberman & Co.'s coal tipple, accompanied by the Xanthe Club four-oared boat "New York." Coulter was dressed in red tights and light pink shirt, and weighed one hundred and seventy-one pounds. Coulter's boat was built by Elliott, of Greenpoint, New York, and was thirty-two feet long, thirteen inches wide and weighed forty-five pounds. Mekiel soon after put in his appearance, dressed in white tights and dark pink shirt, with his head bandaged *a la* Brown. He weighed one hundred and forty-two pounds, and pulled in a boat manufactured of paper.

But a few minutes were lost in getting into position, and at twenty minutes before four o'clock. Referee White asked "are you ready," and receiving an affirmative reply, gave the word, "Go." Like an arrow from the bow, Mekiel started off, gaining about two lengths at the outset. Coulter plied his oars mechanically, and Mekiel kept up his best efforts for nearly a mile, pulling a long, graceful stroke. Coulter, who pulls a long, vigorous but scarcely graceful stroke, put on steam when within a mile of the buoy, and rapidly closed the gap between him and Mekiel, the latter being somewhat embarrassed in his course by a boy in a skiff getting in his way. Coulter obtained the lead when nearing the buoy, and while he was turning it, Mekiel, who had kept too close, was compelled to stop rowing until Coulter had made the turn. On straightening up, Coulter led about three lengths, which he increased to seven on crossing the score. The pulling on the home-stretch was admirable, both men, while not so vigorous as at the start, using their best endeavors to make time. Coulter won the race in forty-one minutes and fifty seconds, being one minute and four seconds longer than the time made by Jimmy Hamill, in his race with Josh Ward. Mekeil's time was forty-two minutes and one second.

The officers of the race were: Refereee, W. J. White; Judges, for Coulter, William Nelson and Ira O'Harrington; for Mekiel, James Scott and John Hamill. Everything passed off pleasantly, and everybody was satisfied with the manner in which the race was conducted.

Upon the termination of the race, Coulter's friends were very enthusiastic, and in the exuberance of their spirits demanded of their hero that he should row Hamill for the championship. Coulter has proved himself a first-class oarsman, although his time yesterday was not so good as in the race with Jackson, and there are many who believe that he will give Hamill a tough pull for the championship next spring, as aquatic sports for this year are at a close. The champion has announced that he will be prepared to row all comers next season, and Coulter will probably be his first competitor.

While Mekiel is satisfied that Coulter was too much for him yesterday, he inclines to the opinion that he can defeat him in another race, and to that end he proposes to challenge Coulter for a trial on the Hudson in the spring, for a purse of two or three thousand dollars. He says he has accommodated Coulter by rowing on his waters, and he will ask for a similar courtesy, which, we doubt not, Coulter will grant.

A number of Coulter's friends and admirers of Mekiel met last night at Alex. Murray's, Market street, when a general expression was had of the gentlemanly behavior of Mekiel, and a proposition was made to present him with a substantial token of esteem. Referee White started a subscription with $25; Chief of Police Scott put down $10; Alex. Murray, $25; Henry Coulter, the winner, $50; Coulter's father, $10; David Lewis, $10; C. M. Colvin, of New York *Clipper*, $10; and a number of others, different sums, the whole amounting to near four hundred dollars. This sum, we learn, was still further increased, and we doubt not Mr. Mekiel will have no cause to feel any regret at his trip to Pittsburgh.

Accidentally Shot.

Mr. George W. Coader, residing in the Eighth ward, met with a very severe accident on Tuesday afternoon, at his own hands. He was engaged during the afternoon in shooting rats with a revolver in his back yard. His infant child being asleep in the house, his wife requested him to close the door, as the reports of the pistol might awake the child. The revolver was cocked, and Mr. Coader stepping back took hold of the open door, for the purpose of closing it, with the hand in which he held the revolver. In doing so he accidentally pulled the trigger, and the revolver was discharged, the ball entering the palm of his hand and lodging in the arm just above the wrist. Dr. George L. McCook was summoned and is attending the wounded man. All efforts to remove the ball have thus far failed.

☞ *Advertisements on this page under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, &c., *will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—BOARDERS — A Gentleman and Wife or two Single Gentlemen can be accommodated with an elegantly furnished Front Room and Board, on reasonable terms. Apply at No. 148 Third street.

WANTED — HORSES — Heavy draught Horses, at Nos. 243 and 244 Liberty street, near Wood.

WANTED — BOOKKEEPER — To work enough to adjust a set of Books three months out of balance. Address Box V, Commercial office.

WANTED—BOARDERS — A gentleman and his wife can have a well furnished Room and Board for $12 per week, at 29 Carroll street, Allegheny city.

WANTED — BOARDING — In Allegheny city, two good rooms, with Board, for a gentleman and lady; the best references furnished and liberal terms paid. Address, stating location and terms, X X, Commercial office.

WANTED—SITUATION — By a young man, of pleasing address, as Salesman or Bookkeeper; has had several years' experience in the grocery business; age 40 years. Best of references given if required. Address Box U, Commercial office.

WANTED—SITUATION—By a young man, 17 years of age, a situation in a Boot and Shoe, Grocery or Dry Goods store. A knowledge of the business more of an object than salary. Is a good penman, quick at figures and can give good references. Address "Employment," Commercial office.

WANTED—STUDENT — A Student of Medicine by a Doctor near the city. Ability and reliability required. Address Doctor, this office.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Pleasant Rooms and first-class Board can be obtained by addressing with real name, A. M., Commercial office.

WANTED — ROOM — An unfurnished Room with Board. Address, with full particulars, Box 55, Pittsburgh P. O.

WANTED—GIRL—To do general housework. References required. Apply at No. 44 Ross street.

WANTED — SALESMEN — Experienced business men preferred. Large salaries and commissions given by the "National Art Association." Apply to W. D. BAKER, Superintendent, 116 Diamond street, opposite Court House.

WANTED — BAKER — A good second hand at Herbst Ordinary, 64 Fourth street.

WANTED—PURCHASERS—Of State, County and City Rights, for the most valuable and popular Patent ever issued, adapted in its use to every business man. PAYS FROM $100 TO $150 PER DAY. Business delightful, and can be understood in ten minutes. Address J. W. BEAZELL, Pittsburgh, Pa. Call at Room No. 5, Kuhn's Law Building, 93 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, between 7 A. M. and 3 P. M.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—COWS—From the premises of the undersigned, a large White Cow about eight years old, with red spots on her neck and body. Also, a young Heifer sixteen months old, all white except her feet, which were red. Any person returning the same to their owner will be liberally rewarded. T. S. YOUNG, near Postoffice, Temperanceville, Pa.

THE WEEKLY COMMERCIAL.

A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE, AND VALUABLE READING FOR THE FAMILY.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY:

Per Year, (52 issues)	$2 00
In Clubs of Twenty	1 50

One copy gratis to the getter-up of the Club.

The money must always accompany the order and in no instance can these be deviated from.

☞ Postmasters are requested to act as Agents. Address COMMERCIAL, PITTSBURGH.

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—"Wonderer of the World." A few live men can make a good arrangement with or without capital, to transact business and make $750 per month sure. Address or call on J. C. TILTON, No. 10½ St. Clair street.

WANTED—AGENTS—Lady Canvassers. The Book for the Million. "THE BOYS IN BLUE; OR, HEROES OF THE RANK AND FILE;" by Mrs. A. H. HOGE, of the United States Sanitary Commission. It is not a History of the War, or of any Campaign or General, but a full and gallant record of the sacrifice and sufferings of the Rank and File. Address or apply to A. GILKESON & CO., 60 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED — AGENTS — Energetic men and ladies wanted to canvass for the Origin and History of the Books of the Bible, by Prof. Calvin E. Stowe, D. D., showing what the Bible is not, what it is, and how to use it; tracing the history of each book up to its origin with the inspired authors and completely answering all infidel cavils and objections to the Scriptures. It is an ordinary library of Biblical history in a single volume, brief, clear, accurate, conclusive and highly interesting. A master piece of common sense, it is needed in every family where the Bible is read, as well as by every Sabbath School Teacher, Student and Clergyman, and being the only book on the subject ever published or sold in this country, agents can easily see the advantage of canvassing for this work. Send for circulars, containing notices and indorsements from leading ministers of all denominations. Address ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO., 614 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa. d*

FOUND.

FOUND—FLATBOAT—Caught floating in the Monongahela river, at Rock Run, about the 7th inst., a Flatboat eighty feet long and sixteen feet broad. The owner will come forward and pay charges, or it will be sold according to law. WILLIS HODGSON, Rock Run, Pa.

FOR SALE--HOUSES.

FOR SALE OR RENT—HOUSE—A desirable Dwelling House, on Second street, containing nine rooms; modern conveniences. Inquire at 170 Second street.

FOR SALE--CITY.

FOR SALE—SEWING MACHINE—A first-class Manufacturing Sewing Machine; wheel fell, roll presser, binder, &c. Cheap for cash. Call at 68 Fifth street, second floor.

FOR SALE—STOCK, LEASE, &c—The Stock, Office Furniture, Four Years Lease and the Good Will of a first-class Wholesale Grocery and Commission House, on Liberty street. For further particulars, address Box 39, Pittsburgh P. O.

FOR SALE—TYPE METAL—One Thousand to Fifteen Hundred pounds Type Metal. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BUILDING SITES—Desirable Sites for private residences, at auction, on Tuesday, November 5, 1867, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises. Four beautiful Lots of Ground, containing from three to four Acres each, situated in Chartiers township, near Broadhead Station, on the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad, being part of the Estate of the late Henry Dinsmore, deceased. This property is eligibly located in an excellent neighborhood, and convenient to the cities, only three miles drive by good roads. The soil is excellent, and the surface well adapted for ornamental cultivation. For those desiring pleasant country homes, here is an opportunity rarely offered, and is well worth the especial attention of those intending to purchase. Terms made known on day of sale. JOHN McMUNN. M. HARBISON, Auctioneer.

FOR SALE—LAND—At a bargain, 34 Acres of Land in Versailles township, Allegheny county, one and a quarter miles from Wall's Station, Pa. R. R., same distance from Salsburg, P. & C. R. R. For further information, inquire of Capt. McMASTERS, Turtle Creek, or J. M. LARIMER, St. Clair Hotel.

EXECUTORS' SALE.—The Executors of the estate of J. M. Porter, deceased, will offer at public sale on Monday, the 4th day of November, the following valuable lots of land, with the coal privilege connected therewith: Lot No. 1 contains 10 acres 34 perches, coal privilege; No. 2 contains 38 acres 11 perches, coal privilege; No. 3 contains 15 acres 140 perches; No. 4 contains 9 acres 50 perches; No. 5 contains 19 acres 145 perches; No. 6 contains 20 acres 13 perches; No. 7 contains 10 acres 6 perches; No. 8 contains 20 acres 25 perches; No. 9 contains 18 acres 15 perches; No. 10 contains 29 acres 67 perches. These lots contain from one to five acres of surface, with the coal privilege as stated, and are valuable for salt, oil and manufacturing purposes; fronting on Allegheny Valley Railroad and Allegheny River. Lot No. 3 is leased fo refining purposes at $400 per year and one-half cent per bushel for coal. No. 6 has a fine salt and oil well that pays a rent of two thousand dollars per year. No. 8 a salt and oil well paying a rent of three hundred dollars per year. All the above lots to be sold subject to said leases. The sale will take place at Arnold Station, Allegheny Valley Railroad, at 10 o'clock A. M. Information in reference to, or plans of, said lots of either of the Executors, at Tarentum, Pa., or of Jacob H. Walters, Esq., Prothonotary, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JAMES B. FULTON,
JAMES McCALL,
WM. V. EVANS,
Executors.

FOR SALE—146 ACRES OF LAND—With one double Frame House and good Spring, small Barn. All buildings new. Easy access to four feet vein of coal, underlying about 120 Acres. The Butler and Kittanning Turnpike runs through the farm. The above will be exchanged for property in the city or adjoining towns. Apply to WM. S BOYD & CO., Real Estate Agents, No. 103 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—ROOM—A furnished Room, suitable for one or two single gentlemen. Inquire at No. 48 Anderson street, Allegheny.

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—On Liberty street. Good location. Address Box 549, Pittsburgh P. O.

FOR RENT—DWELLING HOUSE—A good Dwelling, with large yard. House contains 8 Rooms, Hall, Cellar, Pantry and Coal Vault, has gas, hot and cold water throughout. Inquire on premises, at 94 Colwell street.

FOR RENT—ROOM—In the most central part of the city, an unfurnished Room, with gas and coal, suitable for one or two gentlemen. Terms $150. Address C. C. MELLOR, Esq., 81 Wood street.

FOR RENT — OFFICES — The rooms now occupied by the Secretary of the Union Railroad and Transportation Company, No. 23 Fifth street, over O. McClintock & Co.'s Carpet Store. These rooms are very desirable for offices, being located in the center of business, and on Fifth street, now being laid with the Nicolson pavement, rendering them free from noise, etc. Front room contains large fire proof vault. Possession can be had on the 1st proximo. Inquire of OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO., 23 Fifth street. tf

CHRONIC
CATARRH
CURED.

TESTIMONIAL
FROM
HON. M. C. BEEBE,
OF
Pleasantville, Crawford Co., Pa.

☞ SEE FOURTH PAGE.

CALL AND SEE OUR
NEW GOODS.

Black and Fancy Dress Silks;
Pim's Irish Poplins;
French Poplins and Repps;
All-Wool Poplins and Empress Cloths;
Alpaca Poplins, Alpacas and
Mohair Lustres, French Merinos;
Wool Plaids and Plaid Poplins;
Wool Delaines and Fancy Dress Goods;
New French Chintzes;
Black Mantilla Velvets;
Wool, Cashmere and Broche Shawls.

JAMES CALDWELL,
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BUILDERS'
HARDWARE,
RECEIVED AND FOR SALE AT
LOW PRICES.
Lindsay, Sterrit & Euwer,
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SPECIAL.

MORTGAGES, NOTES,

And other Securities, negotiated at lowest market rates. Real Estate sold at private or public sale. General Brokerage Business executed promptly by GEO. H. HOLTZMAN, 146 Wood street, (Board of Trade Rooms,) Pittsburgh, Pa. 1p

The Daily Commercial

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1867.

THE COMMERCIAL is the largest daily paper in the State, and gives daily one-fourth more reading than any other paper in Pittsburgh. It is the only Pittsburgh paper that uses the telegraph liberally, gives full market reports, and all the news of the day.

THE Georgia Editor who undertook to define General GRANT's political sentiments to be of the "Conservative" order, retires from the field. His example is worthy of imitation by a small regiment of artesian gentlemen engaged in boring Presidential candidates.

A PHILADELPHIA paper suggests that most of the candidates brought forward for Vice President by the Republicans are "second and third-rate men," and suggests that "ANDREW JOHNSON and his disgraceful administration should serve as a beacon-light to all parties against the selection of second and third-rate men" for the position. The suggestion is both timely and wise.

IT is one of the reports from Washington that fears are entertained of negro violence in the South, in view of which an increased military force is asked for. It is to be hoped that the authorities will be alive to all the necessities in the case; but it is impossible to shut out the fact, that they who ask for protection have just emerged from an unsuccessful struggle which they commenced to destroy the Government and seal forever the bondage of the class from whom they profess to fear violence.

WE notice among our exchanges a new but welcome guest, the London *Standard*, a weekly Republican paper just started at Leesburg, Virginia. It flings from its masthead the motto, "The right is Always Expedient," comes out boldly in the work of reconstruction, and if not submerged by its rebellious neighbors, will be of great service to the loyal men of Loudon county.

It would have been "right" for GRANT at any time to assault LEE's defenses, but it was "expedient" only when he could do it when there existed a reasonable probability of success. The obligations of right impose the additional obligation to be prudent; and the prudent man studies expediency as a matter of course.

IT is gratifying to notice that the Republican press generally is calling the attention of Representatives in Congress to the necessity of giving early attention to questions which have been too long neglected, more especially the financial condition of the country. Not the least urgent is the question of taxation—the best mode of levying and thoroughly collecting the taxes. It is a shame to the nation that frauds are practiced to the extent they are. If they necessarily inhere with our revenue system, then there should be wisdom enough to apply the corrective. If they proceed from a lack of capacity and honesty, then the fact should be found out. That, surely, ought not to be deemed incurable. The question of debt and taxation presents a broad field before Congress; and every well-wisher of the country is anxious to witness such a display of statesmanship as has not yet been seen.

WE are able to state what, in connection with the present European complications, must be regarded as an extremely interesting and significant item of news. Within the last few days the agent of a leading Canada Railroad Company has visited Pittsburgh, with the view of obtaining information looking to an order to one of our leading rolling mills. The plates he wanted have heretofore been obtained at the principal Prussian steel works; but those works having been very recently monopolized by the Prussian Government, for the manufacture of ordnance and war material, the order comes to Pittsburgh. It has been noticed of late that the European dispatches have said little or nothing about Prussia. The fact we have related—which, in a special sense, is an interesting one to us here—indicates in no small degree the activity of Prussia for the emergency which appears to be at hand, and assists to solve the question, if ever there was any doubt on the subject, what are her intentions with reference to France in connection with Italy.

SENATOR COWAN AND THE BLACKMAILER

The *Post* concludes a "slashing" article on the Chief of the Blackmailers, with the following bit of information of the relations between the aforesaid individual and Senator COWAN:

> In connection with the above, we might state as an act of simple justice to ex-Senator Cowan, who was referred to in the *Leader*, that for the past year, he has fortunately incurred the hatred of "Natty" and is in no way responsible for any appointments or acts of his. The allusion in the *Leader* was calculated to convey the impression that he was in the same boat. We happen to know differently, and that he has protested in person to the President against the admission of that unsavory creature into the portals of the White House, which will probably be acted on the next time "Natty" visits Washington city.

OPERATIONS IN REAL ESTATE

There is an opinion prevalent among business men that investments in real estate do not pay so liberally as merchandising or manufacturing. The amount of profits realized in any undertaking depends greatly upon the skill of the operator. We believe that the same amount of capital and tact invested in the purchase and improvement of real estate would pay as largely as in almost any other pursuit. Many shrewd business men have a sort of contempt for houses and lots, and leave real estate dickering to those who lack the talent and enterprise for higher and more remunerative speculations. In this they make a great mistake. There is no surer way of realizing a handsome return than by judicious investments in lots and houses. We do not mean that wealthy capitalists shall seize large tracts of land, and hold them for fabulous prices, at some remote period. Such a policy is pernicious, inasmuch as it will greatly retard the growth and prosperity of any community. We see its effects in Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and could wish, for the benefit of the public, that those who hold broad acres of unoccupied land within the limits of our corporations might be induced to sell out. We would avoid this sort of real estate operation as a dangerous extreme. On the other hand, there are millions of dollars held in various ways—in stocks, bonds, mortgages, and other securities—which might be usefully and profitably employed in the purchase and improvement of lands. Real estate operations require a good degree of tact to insure the richest returns; but, as a general thing, there is no surer or safer investment. Those who are satisfied with a fair profit can always obtain it on a judicious outlay in the purchase of land or the erection of houses. Especially is this the case in our cities and surrounding boroughs. There is scarcely an instance on record, within the last twenty-five years, in which any very considerable loss has been sustained by the depreciation of property; while every reader will readily recall numerous cases in which immense profits have been realized. Many large fortunes have been made from the enhancement of lands and tenements. When we compare the prices of to-day with those which prevailed here ten, twenty or thirty years ago, we can get a fair idea of the increase in the value of real estate; and we can, with a degree of certainty, calculate what the prices will be ten, twenty or thirty years hence. We are of those who believe that the opportunities for speculation in real estate here in Pittsburgh, are just as good to-day, if not better than they were twenty-five years ago. Look at the rapid progress making, day by day and year by year, in our suburbs, in the way of building improvements. How many hundreds of dwellings, that used to grace the older portions of our city, have given place to the busy manufactory, the elegant storeroom, or the spacious warehouse? The city is being rapidly metamorphosed. The "growth of the suburbs" is only another form of expression for the "growth of the city." The demand for stores, workshops, etc., near the center of business, has been driving families into the suburbs, and will continue to do so until every available spot of ground is occupied. Money invested in remodeling old warehouses, or erecting new ones, within the city limits, must continue to pay well in the future, as in the past. Business augments as the facilities for its transaction are increased, and the erection of commodious warehouses invites and encourages mercantile enterprise. Pittsburgh has been making commendable progress, of late years, both as regards the number and architectural character of her business houses, but there is still room for improvement. Good warehouses will always command good tenants. In the suburbs real estate will enhance just in proportion to the increase of population. What are now suburban villages must eventually become integral parts of a great city, and the price of real estate must of necessity tend upward. No better use can be made of surplus capital than in the purchase and improvement of vacant lands. Of course, all will not be alike successful, but all may succeed who expend their money judiciously and are content with reasonable profits. There is no shrewdness in investing in Western lands, and leaving untouched such profitable fields for speculation at home. Pittsburgh—and by this we mean all that should be called Pittsburgh—is destined to become one of the most populous and important inland cities on the continent, and, in our opinion, presents as fair chances for real estate operations to-day as she has at any time in her past history.

PARTY AND PRINCIPLES.

A party in politics that acts on principles, of importance to the public welfare, may sometimes, from that very fact, labor under some transient disadvantages, in the contest with a party that is merely struggling for the ascendancy. And the consequence of such transient embarrassment may be, to make some relinquish or relax their hold on those principles. It is the possession and pervading influence of true principles that has given to the Republican party its power. When the integrity of the Union was endangered, the true men of the country rallied together, out of both parties, for its defense. And we have no reason to believe that their faith or their attachment to the Union have been at all shaken, although in the late elections the party struggling for power has gained some advantages.

But should the principles of the Republican party be lost sight of, and its moral integrity decline, its strength will decline at the same time. But of this we have no apprehension at the present time. Whatever weakness has been indicated, has arisen not from any pervading corruption, nor from any change in its essential principles, but from morbid action of individual members, taken advantage of by a vigilant and unscrupulous adversary. And even the slight revulsion, for this cause, is evidence of the sound condition of the party, and it also proves that the central principles from which it derives its life and power are operating in the party with their normal force and activity.

The lessons, therefore, to be drawn from our late experiences and observations are, not that the party is enfeebled or shaken, in the least degree, but that the extravagancies, aberrations and ambitions of individuals, in the party, should not be permitted to supplant or overshadow its true life-principles. We may take a warning from our opponents themselves. The time has been when Democracy meant something more and better than a mere scramble for office—to keep it or to get it. But for many years, it was in league with the slave power, for securing a share of Government office and power. By that servile position and function, the true life of the Democracy was undermined, and when its allies led it to the brink of rebellion, the crisis proved fatal to it, as a party, and the healthy portion of it rallied with the Republican party, or its principles, in defense of the Union.

These lessons are sufficiently clear and emphatic, we hope, to make the Republican party, which is the hope of the country, cautious about following individual leaders of less than approved integrity and prudence, and about indorsing theories, fancies and experiments when its tried principles are sufficient for its guidance and the country's good.

THE COLLECTION OF TAXES.

Some weeks since we took occasion to direct attention to the loose, unsatisfactory and inequitable manner in which assessments are made under the laws of this State, with a view to awakening public interest in the subject, and having the matter brought before the next Legislature. Our purpose, at that time, was to show the utter inequality of the present system of assessment, and suggest a reformation. There is another subject, intimately connected with the mode of assessment, and of almost equal importance—to which our attention has been directed by one of our leading citizens, and a large tax-payer—namely, the manner of collecting taxes in Allegheny county. Under the present laws, as every tax-payer knows, one class of assessments is made payable at the office of the County Treasurer, another at the City Treasury, another to the various sub-district collectors, and so on. A man owning property in two or three different districts is put to a great deal of trouble to find out what he actually owes, and to whom he should make payment. Even in the case of a party owning but a single piece of property, he has to make payment at three or four different places, and at different times, so that he must either carry in his mind dates of payment, names of collectors, the various kinds of taxes due, &c., or run the risk of missing settlement in some quarter. The case of a non-resident property holder is even worse. He is not often looked after, and his unsettled account is generally sent from point to point until it reaches the Sheriff's office. The first intimation he gets of the matter is, that his taxes are not only unpaid, but that a large bill of costs has accumulated. Men owning a single vacant lot, not worth over one hundred dollars, have been compelled to pay twenty-five or thirty dollars costs, incurred in the collection of a tax not exceeding one dollar. It is doubtless true that in many instances these costs result from carelessness or inattention; but men who are prompt in the payment of all their liabilities are not unfrequently caught in this way. The system of collection is not what it ought to be, and a change is desirable. The old system was to leave everything to collectors. It is said that the amount of lost taxes, exonerations, etc., was fifty per cent. less then than now; but while this may be true, the old system was highly objectionable in many respects. The collectors, having command of large sums of money, sometimes indulged in speculations on their own account; kept the money out of the public treasury for an indefinite time, and in some instances were guilty of embezzlement. These and like abuses necessitated a change. The payment of taxes directly into the treasuries of the cities and county is a great improvement on the old plan, but it is now suggested, and with a good degree of force, that all local taxes, of every class and description, should be paid to one receiver. The plan, to our mind, is practicable. If the Legislature makes a change in the method of assessment, which is highly probable, the mode of collection will also be changed. The law should be so framed that all the duplicates, for city, county, poor, State, school, bounty, road, and all other taxes in the sub-districts, should be in the hands of a receiver at a certain specified time, so that every tax-payer, on and after that date, could call and square off his indebtedness at once. There is no good reason why such an arrangement could not be carried into effect, and with the best results. It is a very common remark, among those who pay to the County Treasurer, "I only wish I could pay all my taxes here, and be done with them." Having to pay in so many places is declared a nuisance on all hands, while payment at one place could be made without inconvenience to anybody, and with a great saving in the way of commissions, salaries, etc. The suggestion is one of practical utility, and ought to receive careful consideration.

We alluded, in our article on the subject of assessments, to the fact that a Commission had been appointed, by the last Legislature, to obtain such facts in regard to the assessment and collection of taxes in the several counties, as might enable the General Assembly to come to a correct conclusion as to what legislation is needed, when the subject is brought before them. This Commission, we believe, consists of the Auditor General, the State Treasurer, and the Secretary of the Commonwealth. They have addressed circulars to our County Commissioners and County Treasurer, soliciting the desired information. The Commissioners have not yet responded, but they will, no doubt, do so at an early day. The County Treasurer, Mr. AIKEN, has sent forward his answer, recommending the continuance of the present system of collection, with the important suggestion that if all taxes could be made payable at the same place it would be a great improvement. This hits the point under consideration exactly. Mr. AIKEN has had ample opportunity to witness the workings of the system, and his suggestion is entitled to weight according to the extent of his experience and opportunities for observation. The closer we look into our tax system the more do we become convinced of the necessity of a thorough legislative reform, and we hope the subject will receive that attention at the hands of our Legislature which its importance demands.

The National American.

This is the title of a new publication, conducted under the auspices of "The American Industrial League," and edited by Dr. William Elder, formerly of this city, and well known throughout the country as an economist and statistician. The object of the League is to disseminate widely through the country the knowledge of such facts and arguments as bear on the important questions relating to our national industrial and financial interests. The *National American* is one of the means which the League proposes to employ for the purpose. The paper is neatly gotten up, in quarto form, and will be published monthly at a low price. There is now an agent of the League in this city, who will call upon our leading business men with a view to securing their co-operation in extending the circulation of the paper. The time has come when the friends of protection to American industry must prepare for the contest which is to take place between them and the advocates of free trade. We commend to our readers the objects of the Industrial League, and urge upon them the importance of a hearty and effective co-operation. Those who fail to see the agent may obtain full information by addressing "John Williams, Secretary of the American Industrial League, 11 Park Place, New York."

Congress and Suffrage.

"Veteran Observer" is discussing this question, starting out with the broad denial that Congress has every right to treat suffrage within the States. He says:

> "There is not in the Constitution a particle of power, direct, or indirect, which gives Congress the least right over the question of suffrage, except in the Territories. What then has induced any one to imagine such a thing. I cannot conceive, except it may be this: During the war Congress, and the President also, were obliged to and did exercise various extraordinary powers—but, with perhaps a very little exception—just and legitimate powers. They were clearly granted under the power of Congress to declare war, and take all necessary means to prosecute it; and of the President to command the army and navy, and use them to prosecute war and enforce the laws. This power has no limits but that of necessity, and although some extra Constitutional acts were done, they were acts necessary to those which were constitutional. It is not strange that those not familiar with the Constitution should not see clearly the distinction between the power of Government granted for war and those granted only for peace."

THE POPULATION OF CINCINNATI.—The "school census" for Cincinnati has just been completed. Taking it to be correct, there are, in the nineteen wards of that city, 109,783 youth, of which 5,830 are colored. The present population of the city, taking the youth as thirty-three per cent. of the whole, would be 329,379. The school superintendent, however, estimates two and one-half persons to each individual between the ages of five and twenty-one, and this would give a total population of 274,457. It is presumed that 275,000 is a fair approximation to the actual population, which, against 161,044 in 1860, shows an increase in seven years of 113,966. The population of Hamilton county in 1860 was 210,000. It is now set down at 350,000.

IN St. Louis there are fifteen hundred and ninety retail liquor shops, which are kept by eleven hundred and fifty-three Germans, two hundred and ten Irishmen, one hundred and thirty-three Americans and sixty-one Italians: or seventy-two per cent. by Germans, twelve per cent. by Irishmen, and about eight per cent. by Americans. It is estimated there is one American dramseller to nine hundred and twenty-two Americans, one Irish barkeeper to one hundred and forty-three Irishmen, and one German beerseller to fifty-two Germans. By counting one adult male to five persons there is one barkeeper to one hundred and eighty-five adult Americans, one to twenty-nine adult Irishmen and one to a little over ten adult Germans.

A NASHVILLE letter to the Cincinnati *Gazette* says: In the race for the United States Senate Governor Brownlow distanced all his able competitors. Personally and in private life the Governor is remarkable for his kindness, courtesy and charity. He is the poor man's Governor. The humblest white or colored man or woman in the State has no difficulty in obtaining an audience and a patient hearing. This unfailing kindness, especially to the poor, has gladdened thousands of households in Tennessee, and has endeared the Governor to the common people: and had the election for Senator been left to the loyal people of the State, he would have received nineteen-twentieths of the vote. And it is but just to add that, owing to the enfeebled state of the Governor's health, no small share of executive duties and responsibilities during the past two trying years, have been discharged by his able, indefatigable and accomplished private Secretary, General H. H. Thomas.

DOES IT PAY TO ADVERTISE?—A gentleman doing business in Boston, while traveling in the cars a year or two since, took a copy of the London *Punch* with which to relieve the monotony of a tedious journey; and having finished reading its well stocked columns of "fact, fun and fancy," took to reading the advertisements. At last, in a remote corner, he discovered an announcement, about half an inch in length, which told him where an article that he dealt largely in could be procured in England, and being one of the shrewd, sharp kind of men, he wrote the parties for a price list, the result of which was that he sent them an order amounting to several hundred pounds sterling, and during the year his partner, visiting Europe, left another large order, and they continue good customers. All this was the result of a half-inch advertisement. Who will say that it does not pay to advertise?

MR. ELIZUR WRIGHT, whose perception and expression both are always "keen as a briar," in an article on a current question in financial morals, forcibly states one or two plain truths thus: "Notwithstanding all this legal tender nonsense, the people believe, and the other nations of the earth believe, that this great free government will faithfully redeem all its promises in good moral dollars. Possibly, according to the technically legal sense of the legal-tender act, it may be *law* that a legal-tender promise of a dollar should be finally paid only by another legal-tender promise of a dollar. But it is the poorest possible business for any statesman to prove this, for he cannot make the people believe it without preparing a very certain grave for himself and a highly probable one for the republic."

REV. NEWMAN HALL, when introduced to several theological student in New York earnestly advised them to cultivate the habit of extemporaneous speaking. He said he acquired it by speaking ten minutes every day upon a passage of scripture, in his room, for a year. "Don't do your practicing on an audience. That is outrageous. No man ought for a moment to think of inflicting himself on an assembly of people until he has gone through a course of training such as I have indicated, by himself. But you can learn to speak without notes if you will try. And surely if one is to be a minister of Christ he must be prepared to meet these little emergencies and multiplied opportunites for preaching the gospel, which are constantly arising, but which will not wait for one to write out his thoughts."

A NEW STYLE OF BAGGAGE CAR.—They are building at Minneapolis, Minn., a new style of caboose cars for light freight, to be run with through freight lines. In addition to this accommodation, the cars are to be furnished with "look out" houses, about six feet square and six feet high, rising above the roofs of the car, the upper part glazed, and provided with doors opening upon the roofs. These are designed for the accommodation of the conductor and others who may have charge of the train. From the windows can be seen the entire train, and the doors give them ready access to the brakes, if necessary, while the men are protected from the cold winds and storms when not engaged in managing the train.

A PARIS letter dated October 15th says: "For the past week the Exhibition has been as densely thronged with visitors as almost at any period during the first month of its existence. So many had postponed visiting it until the date of its closing appeared to be fixed, that these persons are now rushing to make up for lost time. During the middle of the day the crowd is so great that it is impossible to move about with comfort. Notwithstanding the positiveness of the statement put forth that the building would close on the 31st of this month, it appears that the announcement was premature, or, at all events, that it had not had the Emperor's sanction. It is now settled that it is to remain open until the 17th of November."

POLITICAL.

A Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* states that a movement will soon be inaugurated by the friends of Chief Justice Chase to bring him prominently before the country as a Presidential candidate. Leading Northern politicians have been in consultation with him for several days past, and it is intimated that one of the prominent Republican papers of New York city will soon hoist his standard and squarely advocate his claims against all other candidates.

A Boston letter says. The friends of Governor Bullock and Prohibition, notwithstanding the boasts of the Democrats and P. L. L., are confident of success at the coming election. But it is useless to deny the fact that political matters are in a decidedly confused state. A great change has occurred within the past two weeks, and the Conservative element is growing strong, especially in the eastern part of the State. Some Republicans have been heard to remark that if the election were to take place this week Adams would be elected Governor, but the Legislature would be Prohibition by a small majority. The opinion I imagine is based upon a canvass said to have been completed on Friday last by the Democrats and P. L. L., showing that up to the present time they have nearly ten thousand majority in the State. I have no faith in these figures. On the other hand, the Republican State Central Committee report that the complete success of the party is certain, and that the only question is one of majority.

It is stated that the President has received letters from prominent Democrats in New York complaining of the manner in which Seymour, Hoffman, Tilden, Cagger & Co. are carrying on the campaign in that State. They say that while the Republicans are very active in holding meetings all over the State, and straining every nerve to get out all their votes, the Democracy are doing nothing comparatively but relying on the chances. They say that Pendleton, Thurman, Pugh and others who stumped Ohio in the last campaign there, offered their services to stump New York, but no notice was taken of their offer. Seymour & Co., offered as an excuse that the views of Pendleton, Thurman and Vallandigham on the finances of the Government would not take well in New York, and for that reason they had better remain away.

A correspondent writes from Georgia: "You would hardly believe were I to tell you the absurd hopes excited in the Southern bosom by the recent Democratic successes. One result the planters regard ascertain. 'We shall all be paid for our niggers,' they say, 'in less than three years.' I know of several planters who have already made out all the necessary papers, with descriptions, affidavits, &c., to support their claims."

A three-column letter from Hon. Thomas Ewing appeared in the Cincinnati *Commercial*. Mr. Ewing construes the recent political reaction as a demand on Congress to recede from its reconstruction policy, and to abandon the plan of enfranchising the late slaves.

Alaska.

Our special dispatches on Saturday contained a summary of intelligence received from the steamer Lincoln bearing the expedition to Alaska. The New York *Tribune* contains a letter from a gentleman connected with the expedition, giving an unfavorable account of the climate, a fact rather pleasing than otherwise to the *Tribune*, which has always opposed the acquisition. This letter states that it has been raining steadily since July 29th, the date of the letter being August 19th. The writer gives the authority of the Governor of Sitka for the announcement that weather suitable for observations is not expected before June. He also narrates a little incident showing how one sea captain outwitted the Governor, and how two others didn't:

"When the vessel arrived he was informed he could not land anything until the United States Customs officials arrived, and as their coming was very indefinite, and as the Nor'-Wester could not lay long on demurrage, she was found suddenly to have sprung a leak, and making water so fast that she would sink unless relieved of her cargo and ballast; permission was granted and the vessel was hauled into the beach, and the ballast (lumber) was landed; but as there was no lumber in the town, it (the ballast) was sold off clean at satisfactory prices, and soon thereafter the leak was stopped, and the Captain sailed in triumph back to the "Sound," his calico turned into furs and his lumber into coin. There is another schooner here in like distress, and yesterday the Hudson Bay steamer Otter arrived with a sloop in tow, claiming that she is in distress and requires to be discharged in order to repair damages. The Governor has his back up and won't let either vessel discharge."

Napoleon and Italy.

The Paris correspondent of the New York *Times* writes as follows: The existing state of suspense has become intolerable, and paralyzes everything. However much the Emperor may be disinclined to disregard the clamor of the opposition organs, he can no longer turn a deaf ear to the representations of those who have proved themselves his firmest friends and supporters, and who see in any further interference on his part in this Roman question, a danger for his dynasty. Perhaps there can be no more significant evidence of the influence which their arguments have exercised upon his mind than the reserve that he has maintained regarding his intentions. Were they bent upon opposition to the prevailing sentiment, it would have been in accordance with his usual mode of action to cut short any further representations on the subject. That he hesitates and delays is a proof that he yields, and as his return from Biarritz will put an end to any further excuse for playing with the public impatience, the next few days will probably reveal to us his intentions. This evening he is expected to arrive at St. Cloud, and it is stated that a grand council of ministers is convened for to-morrow (Wednesday), at which all the members of the Privy Council, including Messrs. Persigny, Magne and Drouyn de L'huys, will be present. The Russian question, as the most pressing, will no doubt be the first to occupy its attention. It is to be hoped that its conclusions will re-echo the general sentiment, and that we shall have an end to this ever-recurring danger of intervention on the internal affairs of Italy.

Killed at the Polls.

The Virginia papers have much to say in regard to the reported disorder of the colored people at the polls, but the only affray having serious consequence was between whites, and commenced by a Democrat. The following account of it is given by the Richmond *Dispatch*:

Mr. Fletcher, of Fauquier, was a Confederate conscript, who deserted and joined the Federal army. Before the war closed he returned to Fauquier with the cavalry company to which he was attached, and acted for some time as a scout and guide to the Union troops. In this capacity he became very obnoxious to the people of the county, and has even been threatened with lynching. On Tuesday last he went armed to the polls to deposit his ballot, and was met by several Conservative citizens, who were also armed. One of them, named Ernest Hunton, who was a soldier in Mosby's command, inquired "what right" he, "a renegade, had to vote." Fletcher replied that if they wanted a fight out of him they could have it. Both parties prepared for a fight; Fletcher fired first, and Hunton was killed instantly by the shot.

Fletcher was arrested by the registering officers, and is now in prison awaiting trial. It is understood that he desires the matter to be investigated before a military commission.

The Chicago Forgery.

The *Republican*, of the 28th, says: There have been no new developments in the Michaels frauds since the close of the week, save that he borrowed money, in small sums, from many of his friends, and is supposed to have left the city almost penniless. Some steps have been taken to secure his arrest, but what they are, whether in the shape of a reward for his apprehension, or by putting some sharp detective on his track, is known only to one or two parties. His appearance is so peculiar that any person who ever saw him once could not be mistaken in the individual, whether he is discovered in Canada or Australia. It is certain that his delinquencies will reach fully $50,000. His past conduct was fully discussed in business circles to-day, and the fact transpired that he was guilty of a forgery some fifteen years ago, and that on two or three occasions since that time he has repeated his former crime, which was known to several parties in this city some weeks prior to his disappearance on Saturday last.

ELECTIONS for a Convention have been held in Louisiana, Alabama and Virginia, and the Convention carried in each of the States. The Convention has been called to meet in Alabama on the 5th of November, and in Louisiana on the 23d of November. Elections will take place in other States as follows: Georgia, October 29, 30 and 31; Florida, November 14, 15 and 16; South Carolina and North Carolina, November 19 and 20; Arkansas and Mississippi, November 5 and 6. In Texas, we think, the election has not yet been ordered.

MOTHERS, BEWARE OF OPIUM.

BROWN'S NURSERY CORDIAL,

The only Infant Remedy that contains no Opium.

Every mother in the land can now feel confident that there is a remedy for her suffering in ant that is in no way injurious, but a positive benefit, as it softens the gums, abates inflammation and acts as a tonic upon the stomach and bowels. For infants suffering with diarrhœa, wind colic, flatulency, restlessness and kindred complaints, it is a speedy and safe remedy; all other infant preparations contain opium and are not safe. Mothers, give this a trial. Sold by all druggists and by

McCLARRAN & M'KENNAN, Druggists,
85 Market street, cor. Diamond, near Fifth street,
Pittsburgh.

NECESSITY.

Fatal necessity is never known until it strikes. When it strikes at a tender nerve of a neglected tooth you will then find the necessity of using WARD'S FLUID AND POWDERED DENTIFRICE. Sold Wholesale and Retail by JOSEPH FLEMING, No. 84 Market street, and all Druggists.

OPINION.

It is the opinion of every sensible person that the teeth should be carefully looked after in youth, in this climate, to preserve them for use in after years. A free use of WARD'S FLUID AND POWDERED DENTIFRICE will preserve the teeth from decay, harden the gums and give a delightful breath. Sold Wholesale and Retail by JOSEPH FLEMING, No. 84 Market street, and all Druggists.

REMOVAL.

GREAT SALE AT COST.

My large stock of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS is offered at cost. I am preparing to move into my new building, No. 136 SMITHFIELD STREET, between Fifth and Sixth streets, and will dispose of my present stock AT VERY LOW PRICES.

JOHN ZWEIDINGER,
tf No. 160 Smithfield street.

PERSONAL.

—Mlle. Adelina Patti will return to the United States at the close of her St. Petersburg engagement. Her father's dislike to again cross the Atlantic at his advanced period of life led to the impression that she had decided on remaining in Europe. His objections, however, have been overcome, and he no longer offers any opposition to her return. She will, therefore, form no fresh engagements that would interfere with her wishes.

—Hon. Charles Sumner has notified all associations in Iowa, where he was advertised to lecture, that he was unable to fill his engagements. The Mount Pleasant *Journal* says that after receiving the above notice Major Bereman went to Galesburg, where he met Mr. Sumner and tried to induce him to fill his engagement, but could not succeed. The only excuse the Senator gave was that he had a slight cold. The *Journal* says that "had his illness been of such a character as to have disabled him from speaking at all, he would have been excusable, but we understand that he intends filling engagements in Illinois. By the non-attendance of the honorable gentleman in this city, the Young Men's Association will be minus about three hundred dollars, and we consider it no more than just that the Association should demand an equal amount to that which they are out of pocket by his failing to come to time."

—The editor of the New York *Evening Mail* has sought solace in his troubles with Mr. Ahern, of the *Gazette*, in taking a new partner for life, and one with whom he is not likely to quarrel. The name of the bride is Miss Mary Newman Sweetser, daughter of Joseph A. Sweetser, Esq., of Poughkeepsie.

—A Russian lady, Mme. Souskof, has just obtained the diploma of doctor of medicine from the University of Zurich. Five years back this lady was pursuing her studies at St. Petersburg, and since then she attended the medico-chirurgical lectures at the Academy of that city, until the attendance of women at these courses was interdicted by the Government.

—According to the London *Times*, it was not at all certain that Mr. Thornton would accept the mission to Washington; it had been offered to him, but of course no reply had been yet received. He had previously been appointed Minister at Lisbon. He is a "Count" of the Kingdom of Portugal, and has some family ties with that country; it would be naturally therefore a pleasant position for him, hence the doubt.

—As a special inducement, the manager of the Vienna Theater, at which Ada Menken performed, stated on the play-bills that all gentlemen reserving orchestra chairs would be entitled to an introduction to Ada in her dressing-room. Only one old fool profited by the privilege.

—Rev. J. Kost, LL. D., Professor of Chemistry and Geology in Adrian (Mich.) College, has just accepted the Presidency of North Illinois University, at Henry, Ill., tendered to him a month ago, and has been elected to the Chair of Mental and Moral Science in the same.

—No less a writer than the notorious G. A. Sala, writing from his room in Whitecross street Debtors' Prison, but dating his letter at Dresden, declares that an American who knows no language but his own can make his way better over the Continent than an Englishman who speaks half a dozen others fluently.

—Longfellow is without literary envy. No man thinks more humbly of his own abilities, none more ready to render justice to others. In a recent public conversation with one of his friends he stated that Alfred B. Street was without exception the best delineator of forest scenery in America; and was literally without a rival. This from the author of "Evangeline" is praise indeed. Street's poetry was first published in England—no American publisher venturing to undertake it. Thereupon we suddenly found out we possessed the best poet of nature living. This was the opinion expressed by the English critics fifteen years ago.

—Hon. John Wentworth has sold a portion of his real estate to the amount of $400,000 within two months, and is offering more.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MACHINE CARD CLOTHING.

ESTABLISHED 1845.

E. P. STETSON,

(Successor to Everett Stetson),

MANUFACTURER OF

MACHINE CARD CLOTHING,

Of Every Description,

FOR COTTON AND WOOLEN MACHINERY,

WALPOLE, MASS.

An extensive reference given if desired.

ORDERS SOLICITED AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED. TUTHS

MERCANTILE

LIBRARY LECTURES.

THE LECTURE SEASON TICKETS

Are now ready for distribution, and may be had of any member of the Committee or of Mr. APPLETON, Librarian, at the Association Rooms. Price $4 00.

JAS. B. SCOTT,
JAS. B. MORGAN, JR.,
OLIVER LEMON,
WM. P. HERBERT,
E. V. McCANDLESS,
B. F. JENNINGS,
O. P. SCAIFE,
Committee.

OVER 2,000,000 A MONTH.

THE DUPLEX COLLAR.

Licensed by Union Paper Collar Co., of N. Y.

This Collar is made of the best pure white linen stock, full-faced for the cravat, an exact imitation of linen, water proofed by an entirely new process, turned on a full curve line, and manufactured on new patented machinery, which imparts a beauty of form and finish possessed by no other Collar. In Byron and Garrote styles the WATER LINE COLLAR, a very heavy enameled, in same styles. The NE PLUS ULTRA COLLAR, plain—unequalled in whiteness, texture and strength.

THE DUPLEX CUFF.

600,000 PAIRS ORDERED WEEKLY.

This Cuff is made under the patent of the Ne Plus Ultra Collar Company, with a NEW BUTTON HOLE, patented June 19, 1866, used in no other Cuff, which enables the wearer to put in or take out the stud instantly, without tearing or injuring the Cuff or button hole. Heavy pure white stock, imitation of linen, water-proofed. We also manufacture the "Water Line Cuff," heavy enameled, corresponding with the Collar of that name NE PLUS ULTRA COLLAR COMPANY, Biddeford, Me. Wholesale Agents—BEAN, BROWNSON & CO., 58 Michigan avenue, Chicago, Illinois.

KAUFMAN, OPPENHEIMER & CO.,
Wholesale Agents, 80 Wood street,
TThs Pittsburgh, Pa.

JACKSON'S UNIVERSAL WASHING COMPOUND,

An Entirely New Preparation.

We are now engaged in manufacturing this valuable article for cleansing purposes, which we have confidence will give entire satisfaction.

HOUSEKEEPERS, PLEASE TRY IT.

With it you can save at least from three to five hours labor on the washboard, besides money, time and fuel. For FINE PAINTS it is invaluable, because it cleans them easily and makes them brighter. It is also useful for scrubbing floors, washing dishes, &c. It is warranted to contain

NO LIME,

Or other injurious article. For sale by Grocers and Druggists generally, and wholesale and retail at our Office and Salesroom,

NO. 59 FOURTH STREET.
GEORGE R. SLATER & CO.
TThs

ONWARD, RIGHT ONWARD,

Into the valley of death,
Rode the six hundred,

But larger, by hundreds multiplied into millions, than the doomed band who rode to swift destruction in Tennyson's poem, is the great cavalcade of unhappy beings who are riding into misery, worse than death, hugging that fearful disease FEVER AND AGUE, when by the use of

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS,

They might, each one, be forever relieved from it, and their physical organization become thoroughly improved by means of a purified blood and healthy condition of the stomach. The legitimate result of using

Mishler's Celebrated Herb Bitters,

Is to ward off Fever and Ague when it is likely to make its appearance, and to effect a radical cure in cases where it has already gained a foothold. It makes no difference how long the victim of this disease has suffered from it, nor how violent the disease itself may be, we are prepared to furnish indubitable evidence that

Mishler's Celebrated Herb Bitters

Will cure it. It is inevitable from the very nature of the medicine; hence there is no longer any need of suffering. Send to your nearest Druggist for these invaluable Bitters, they all sell them.

Branch House, 26 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH.
FAHNESTOCK & HOLTON,
TThs MANAGERS.

TREES, TREES, TREES.

A very large stock of
FRUIT AND SHADE TREES,
EVERGREENS AND GRAPE VINES.
For sale by
JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH.
Send for a catalogue.

PITTSBURGH GOLD PEN MANUFACTORY, 43 Market street, near Third, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HUGH FITZPATRICK, PROPRIETOR.

Gold Pens, Gold and Silver Pen Holders, wholesale and retail. Pens carefully repaired. Persons living out of the city having Pens to repair can send them by mail and they will be promptly returned.

WHEAT.

10,000 BUSHELS
CHOICE NO. 1 SPRING WHEAT,
Arriving and for sale by
DANIEL WALLACE,
353 Liberty street.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL Meeting of the Stockholders of the PITTSBURGH FORGE AND IRON CO. will be held at the Office of G. W. Cass, Esq., corner Penn and Wayne streets, on THURSDAY, November 14, 1867, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors, Treasurer and Clerk for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may be brought before them.
JAS. H. MURDOCK, Clerk.

NOTICE—THE MEMBERS of the late Sixty-second Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers are requested to meet at the MAYOR'S OFFICE, on Fourth street, on SATURDAY EVENING, November 2d, at 7½ o'clock, to make arrangements for the third Annual Reunion.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE CO.,
Pittsburgh, October 29th, 1867.

AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the OFFICE, No. 92 Water street, on TUESDAY, the 12th day of November next, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Insurance Co., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Company's Office, on MONDAY, November 4th, 1867, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 1 P. M.
HUGH McELHENY, Sec'y.

YOUGHIOGHENY COAL HOLLOW COAL COMPANY—A meeting of the stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 163 Second street, Pittsburgh, on the 6TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1867, at 2 o'clock P. M. By order of the Board
A. O. FRANCE, Secretary.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 121 Walnut street, Philadelphia, on THURSDAY, November 7th, 1867, at 12 o'clock M. for the election of Directors, Secretary and Treasurer for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may be brought before them.
SAML. SIMES,
Secretary and Treasurer

BANK OF PITTSBURGH, October 17, 1867.

AN ELECTION FOR ELEVEN DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, 18th day of November next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. The regular Annual Meeting of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, November 5th, at 11 o'clock A. M.
TH W. ROSEBURG, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE A. V. R. R. COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, January 1, 1867.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.—The Allegheny Valley Railroad Company hereby give notice that they will redeem the FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the Company within two years from thir date, in accordance with the provisions of the mortgage given to secure the payment of the said bonds. By order of the Board of Managers.
WILLIAM PHILLIPS, President.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

NOTICE.

The firm of PHELPS, PARKE & CO., which expired by limitation September 1st, 1867, will be continued, under the same style, from that date.
PHELPS, PARKE & CO.

COPARTNERSHIP.

WHEELER H. PHELPS, JOHN E. PARKE,
JOSEPH P. ESTEP.

PHELPS, PARKE & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, TIMBER WHEELS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCKS, &c., &c.

Thankful for the liberal patronage extended to us in the past, we hope, by the same attention to the quality of our work, to merit and receive a continuance of the custom heretofore bestowed.

Warehouse—No. 10 St. Clair street, Pittsburgh, Pa., and No. 37 Perdido street, New Orleans, La.

COPARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day associated themselves together for the purpose of conducting a Wholesale and Retail business in TRIMMINGS AND FANCY GOODS generally, at No. 123 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny city, under the name and style of

SPENCER & CO.

Due notice will be given of the opening, about November 11th. Our old friends and customers are invited to call and examine our stock.

JOS. W. SPENCER,
Late 80 Market street.
H. H. VANCE,
Late Macrum, Glyde & Co.
S. L. KIRBY,
Late Macrum, Glyde & Co.
Allegheny City, October 17th, 1867.

INSURANCE.

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.—Office, corner of Market and Water streets, second floor.
WM. BAGALEY, President.
WM. A. SHEPARD, Secretary.

Insures Steamboats and Cargoes.
Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.
Insures against loss and damage by fire.

DIRECTORS.

Wm. Bagaley,	John Shipton,
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W. G. Johnston,	S. Harbaugh,
B. F. Jones,	J. Caldwell, Jr.,
Samuel Rea,	John S. Dilworth,
Joshua Rhodes,	George Bingham,
Barclay Preston,	Wm. A. Rodgers.
S. M. Kier,	

Capt. J. ATKINSON, General Agent.

MONONGAHELA INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF PITTSBURGH. INCORPORATED 1854.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.................$500,000
CASH.......................................175,000

Insures against Fire and Marine Losses.
Office: No. 98 WATER STREET.

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Jno. McDevitt,	William Rea,
Geo. A. Berry,	Robert Dalzell,
Jno. Atwell,	William Means,
Jas. Woodburn,	R. Wallace,
Saml. B. Robison,	Jno. B. Canfield,
R. H. Palmer,	D. S. H. Gilmore,
James M'Candless.	

WM. A. CALDWELL, President.
JNO. McDEVITT, Vice President.
JNO. H. CLANEY, Secretary.
Capt. F. A. DOHRMAN, Genl. Agent and Surveyor.

WESTERN INSURANCE CO.

OF PITTSBURGH.

ALEX. NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
Capt. GEO. NEELD, General Agent.

Office, No. 92 WATER STREET, Spang, Chalfant & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of fire and marine risks. A home institution, managed by directors who are well known in the community, and who are determined, by promptness and liberality, to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS:

Alexander Nimick,	Reuben Miller, Jr.,
James McAuley,	Andrew Ackley,
Alexander Speer,	David M. Long,
Rees J. Thomas,	John R. McCune,
Charles J. Clarke,	James P. Hanna,
William S. Evans,	Joseph Kirkpatrick,
Philip Reymer,	

WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

PEOPLE'S INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

Office, northeast corner Wood and Fifth streets second floor.

Insures against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats as Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Phillips,	Samuel P. Shriver,
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John E. Parke,	Wm. Vankirk,
Frank S. Bissell,	Jas. D. Verner,
J. F. Kirkpatrick,	C. Hanson Love,
Capt. James Miller,	Chas. Arbuckle.

WM. PHILLIPS, President.
JOHN WATT, Vice President.
WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
Capt. JAS. GORDON, General Agent.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

F. S. WINSTON, President.

ASSETS OVER $22,000,000, AND EXCLUSIVELY CASH.

ANNUAL DIVIDENDS

Available Immediately, to Increase the Insurance or Reduce the Premium at the Option of the Assured.

Policy holders and other persons interested in the subject of LIFE INSURANCE are invited to call on the undersigned, Agent of the Company, who will cheerfully give them full information as to the merits and practical working of the Company.

GEO. H. BLACKSTOCK,
AGENT,
2024 No. 37 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

HAZARD POWDER

I am now prepared to fill, at shortest notice, all orders for large or small lots of

Hazard's Celebrated Powder.

All orders left at or sent by mail to my store, Nos. 172 and 174 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, Pa., or to 102 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., will receive prompt attention.

ARTHUR KIRK.

NOTICE.—WHEREAS, LETTERS of Administration upon the estate of JOHN HEBLER, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same, will present them properly authenticated, without delay to

CHRISTIAN W. SCHEIBECK,
At Peter Peterson's Store, No. 41 Federal street,
Allegheny city.
Pittsburgh, May 28, 1867. TH

SEGARS.

100,000 Connecticut and Pennsylvania Seed Segars, just received on consignment, and will be sold at very low prices at

ROBERT F. WEDDELL'S
Regularly Established Virginia Tobacco Agency,
Corner of Smithfield and Water sts

ECONOMY IN FUEL.—50 PER CENT. SAVED! Spear's Anti-Dust Gas Burner STOVES for Parlors, Halls, Dining Rooms, Chambers, Stores, Offices, etc., secures perfect cleanliness when poking the fire; entire safety of the fire and freedom from dust; requires very little attention; facilitates ventilation of room, and is a first-class gas consumer. Six sizes. Send for a circular, or call and examine. ROBERTS & SHERRATT, Agents, No. 61 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

WARM AIR REGISTERS
AND VENTILATORS,

Black or White Enameled, Square or Round, at
BISSELL & CO.'S,
No. 235 Liberty street.

OVER FIVE THOUSAND

Grover & Baker Machines

are in use in Allegheny County, and the demand greatly exceeds the supply. Send your orders to

NO. 185 FIFTH STREET.

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND DOUBLE CYLINDER PRESS. Size of bed, 31x46. Address COMMERCIAL.

AUCTION SALES.

DESIRABLE

PENN STREET DWELLING

AT AUCTION.

On SATURDAY, November 2d, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, will be sold that very desirable Three Story Brick Dwelling, No. 217 Penn street, corner of Evans alley, at present occupied by Mrs. Lewis Hutchison, containing about Twelve Rooms, and Bath Room, with hot and cold water, gas all through. Graff's Range in Kitchen; Wash House and Drying Room rear of dwelling. Lot 28 feet by 180 feet to an alley.

JOHN D. BAILEY, Auctioneer,
No. 102 Fourth street.

SALE OF METALS, NEW QUARTERMASTER STORES AND LUMBER.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., October 25, 1867.

Will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, November 11, at Lincoln Depot, under the direction of Brevet Colonel A. P. Blunt, A. Q. M.:

50 Horses and 50 Mules, more or less;
30 Ambulances, worn;
250 Army Wagons, worn;
7 Spring do do;

Several of these Spring Wagons are of very superior finish.

The Mules offered are a very select lot, well worthy the attention of purchasers.

After which the following Metals and Quartermaster Stores, entirely new, to wit:

1,150,000 lbs Iron,	100,000 lbs Steel, assorted,
3,000 lbs Copper,	10,000 lbs Chains, assorted,
1,600 lbs Copper bottoms,	15,000 Bolts,
1,000 lbs Lead,	1,000 Stove Feet,
500,000 lbs Horse shoes,	5,000 Broom Handles,
500,000 lbs Mule shoes,	500 Lamp Chimneys,
600 Empty Bottles,	600 pieces Lamp-wick.

Together with a number of miscellaneous articles, consisting in part of Carpenters' and Blacksmiths' Tools, Sash Weights, Knives, Engines, Globe Valves, Fire Brick, &c., &c.

Also, the following Wagonmakers' Lumber:

5,000 feet 1½-inch Oak Plank,	5,000 feet 5-inch Oak Plank,
8,000 feet 2-inch do do,	3,000 feet 4-inch Hickory Plank,
7,000 feet 2½-inch do do,	12,000 feet Plank, assorted sizes.
42,000 feet 3-inch do do,	
10,000 feet 4-inch do do,	

Sale to commence at 10 A. M., and continue from day to day until all are sold.

Horses, Mules and Wagons will be sold singly; other articles in lots.

The Metals will be delivered to purchasers at Sixth street wharf or at railroad depot.

Catalogues of sale can be had on application.

Terms: Cash, in Government funds.

By order of the Quartermaster General

J. C. McFERRAN,
Deputy Quartermaster General,
Brevet Brigadier General, U. S. Army.

ANOTHER GREAT

AUCTION SALE

AT

SHAFFER'S CARRIAGE BAZAAR,

DIAMOND ALLEY, near Liberty St.,

On WEDNESDAY, November 6, 1867.

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

Also, a Large Assortment of

HUDSON BAY WOLF ROBES, HORSE BLANKETS, KNEE ROBES, together with a large and superior stock of HARNESS, the largest ever offered, at prices lower than they can be purchased elsewhere in the State. These articles will be sold without reserve and regardless of cost.

SMITHSON, PALMER & CO., Aucts.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE MINERAL LANDS.

A TRACT OF COAL AND MINERAL LANDS, containing about 350 Acres, situated in Columbiana county, Ohio, ninety miles from Cleveland, sixty miles from Pittsburgh. The C. & P. R. R. runs through the tract for about one mile, with a Station (new Salisbury) on the place. The surface is one of the best Farms in Ohio for grazing and agricultural purposes, a large proportion being cleared and under cultivation. The remainder is well timbered, and all well watered. Two veins of Iron Ore, one Black Band, from four to six feet thick, four veins of Bituminous Coal, and a vein of superior Fire Clay, all lie within a few rods of the railroad, and at a desirable distance above the line. Three veins of coal and two banks of fire clay have been opened and are ready for working. There are on the tract a good stone mansion and frame tenements for thirteen families. The site is valuable for an iron furnace. Offers for the above lands (stating amount and terms) will be received until November 15th, 1867. Address

SAMUEL A. LONG,
THM Pittsburgh, Pa.

SUBURBAN RESIDENCE

ON MOUNT WASHINGTON, AT PRIVATE SALE.

The desirable Residence and Grounds of Captain D. L. Hendrickson. The Lot is large, fronting 132 feet on High street, extending back 330 feet to a 40 feet street, having a good Stable, Outbuildings, Grape Arbor, Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c. A neat Iron Fence with stone foundation extends along entire front. The residence is a very fine and neatly finished Frame Dwelling House of 9 Rooms, Wide Halls, front and rear Porches, finished Cellar, &c. This property commands a beautiful view of the rivers, cities and surroundings, is in a healthy and thriving neighborhood, and should attract the attention of parties desiring a comfortable and convenient home. Terms easy. Further particulars by calling on Capt. D. L. HENDRICKSON, on the premises, or

SMITHSON, PALMER & CO.,
55 and 57 Fifth street.

FOR SALE,

One 15 inch Engine, 30 inch stroke;
One 8½ inch Engine, 20 inch stroke;
Two 7½ inch Engines, 20 inch stroke.

Apply at WM. FISHER'S Engine Shop,
Pike street, between Harrison and Mechanic, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—THAT HANDSOME and very desirable

Three Story Brick Dwelling House,

Situated on corner of South Avenue and Walker street, Allegheny city, containing 16 Rooms, Finished Garrett and Basement of 4 Rooms, and Bath Room. House Finished in the best of style. Lot 50 feet front by 130 feet deep. For further particulars and terms apply on the premises, or to W. W. M'CLELLAND, at First National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa.

REFINERY FOR SALE.

A Good Oil Refinery,

CAPACITY, 125 BARRELS REFINED OIL PER WEEK.

GOOD TANKAGE, STEAM PUMP, &c.,

All in complete running order, ready to start. Will be sold at a bargain. Inquire of

JOHNSON & PAINE,

5 AND 7 HANCOCK STREET,

tf Office of "Superior Lubric Oil Works."

BANKS AND BANKERS.

TRADESMENS'

NATIONAL BANK, OF PITTSBURGH, PA.

Wood Street, corner of Second.

A. BRADLEY, President.
WM. VANKIRK, Vice President.
GEORGE T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

CAPITAL.....................$400,000.

Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada, on the most favorable terms. United States securities bought and sold. Correspondence solicited.

DIRECTORS:

ALEXANDER BRADLEY, of A. Bradley & Co., Stove Manufacturers.
WM. M. FABER, of Wm. M. Faber & Co., Engine Builders.
SAMUEL M. KIER, of Kier, Moore & Co., Oil Refiners, &c.
WM. F. McKEE, of S. McKee & Co., Glass Manufacturers.
S. S. McELROY, of McElroy, Dickson & Co., Wholesale Dry Goods.
JOHN DUNLAP, Dealer in Tin Plate and Tinners' stock.
JOSEPH WALTON, dealer in Coal.
JOHN F. DRAVO, dealer in Coal.
WM. VANKIRK, of A. Bradley & Co., Stove Manufacturers.

Discounts Daily, 11½ o'clock. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Hart, Caughey & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

CORNER THIRD AND WOOD STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

(Successors to HANNA, HART & CO.)

Dealers in EXCHANGE, COIN, COUPONS, &c. Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of GOVERNMENT BONDS, SIGHT DRAFTS ON LONDON.

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,

ISSUE LETTERS OF CREDIT,

FOR TRAVELERS, AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF EUROPE,

NOS. 27 AND 29 PINE ST., New York.

PETROLEUM.

EUREKA OIL WORKS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

EUREKA CARBON OIL,

THE CELEBRATED

Eureka Sperm Lubricating Oils,

And Wholesale Dealers in

Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils, Lard, Sperm, Whale and Fish Oils.

R. C. MACHESNEY, Agent,
No. 19 IRWIN STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

C. BUFFUM....C. A. KEHEW....W. H. WHITEHEAD.

SOHO OIL WORKS.

Manufacture and have for sale all kinds of

LUBRICATING OILS,

NO. 1 ST. CLAIR STREET,
BUFFUM, KEHEW & CO.

B. S. WARING, Pittsburgh. HENRY H. KING, Philadelphia.

WARING & KING,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BROKERS IN PETROLEUM AND ITS PRODUCTS,

Office, No. 4 DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh, Pa.
mh7

ATTORNEYS.

JOHN H. HAMPTON....JOHN DALZELL.

LAW PARTNERSHIP—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day entered into a partnership for the PRACTICE OF THE LAW in all of its branches. All business will be promptly attended to at their office, No. 93 DIAMOND STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOHN H. HAMPTON,
JOHN DALZELL.
October 9, 1867.

JOHN M. TIERNAN..............MALCOLM HAY.

TIERNAN & HAY,

LAW AND COLLECTION OFFICE.

NO. 80 FOURTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Real Estate bought and sold, and Mortgages negotiated.

ONIONS, ONIONS.

800 bush. prime Yellow Onions,

Just received and for sale at 360 LIBERTY ST.

VAN GORDER & SHEPARD.

RAILROADS.

OFFICE OF THE MERCHANTS' UNION EXPRESS COMPANY, No. 145 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, October 21, 1867.

THIS COMPANY IS NOW PREPARED to carry money, freight and parcels to more than 3,000 cities, towns and villages East and West, through the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad and all its branches, and through the Pittsburgh & Erie Road, with promptness and dispatch.

Trains leave for Erie at 6 A. M.
Trains leave for Cleveland at 6:15 A. M. and 2 P. M.
Trains leave for Wheeling and Bellair at 6:15 A. M.

The Company is constantly extending its lines, and expects soon to be able to reach every important town in the Union.

WM. LITTLE, Agent.

PITTSBURGH, Ft. WAYNE AND CHICAGO R. W. AND CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAIL ROAD.

From October 20th, 1867, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, North Side, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Chicago Exp..	2:13 am	Chicago Ex...	2:43 am
Cleveland Ex.	2:13 am	Cleveland Ex.	2:43 am
Erie & Ygn Ex	6:13 am	Chicago Ex...	10:58 am
Cl. & Whg M'l.	6:28 am	Wheeling Ex..	10:58 am
Chicago Mail .	6:58 am	Chicago Ex...	3:53 pm
Chicago Ex...	9:13 am	Cl. & Whg. Ex.	4:03 pm
Cl. & Whg. Ex.	2:13 pm	Erie & Ygn.Ex	6:43 pm
Chicago Ex...	2:28 pm	Chicago Ex...	6:58 pm
Wheeling Ex..	4:43 pm	Cl. & Whg Ex..	7:08 pm
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
N. Br'tn Acc...	8:58 am	N. Brt'n Acc...	7:03 am
Leetsdale Acc.	10:13 am	N. Brt'n Acc..	8:43 am
Leetsdale Acc.	11:53 am	Wellsville Ac..	9:23 am
Rochester Ac..	1:33 pm	N. Castle Acc..	10:13 am
Wells'&N C Ac	3:43 pm	Leetsdale Acc.	11:18 am
Leetsdale Acc.	5:03 pm	Leetsdale Acc.	1:18 pm
N. Brt'n Acc...	5:33 pm	N. Brt'n Acc..	3:43 pm
N. Brt'n Acc...	6:28 pm	Leetsdale Acc.	4:23 pm
Leetsdale Acc.	10:43 pm	Leetsdale Acc.	7:28 pm

2:28 P. M. Chicago Express leaves daily.
10:38 A. M., Chicago Express arrives daily.

F. R. MYERS, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after SUNDAY, October 13th, 1867, the trains will leave the Depot, corner of Grant and Water streets, as follows:

	Depart.	Arrive.
Mail to and from Uniontown.	7:00 a m	6:00 p m
Express " "	3:00 p m	10:00 a m
West Newton Accom.........	6:15 p m	8:35 a m
First McKeesport Accom.....	11:00 a m	6:40 a m
Second " "	10:30 p m	2:05 p m
Braddock's "	4:10 p m	5:45 p m
Sunday Church train to and from West Newton..........	1:00 p m	10:00 a m

For tickets apply to J. R. KING, Agent.
WM. B. STOUT, Sup't.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAIL ROAD—On and after OCTOBER 6, 1867, trains arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Mail Train.........	1:20 a m	Day Express..	3:00 a m
Fast Line........	1:50 a m	Wall's No. 1...	6:30 a m
Wall's No. 1......	6:20 a m	Mail Train........	8:20 a m
Brinton No. 2..	7:30 a m	Wall's No. 2..	9:30 a m
Wall's No. 2......	8:50 a m	Cincinnati Ex..	11:15 a m
Cincinnati Exp	9:10 a m	Wall's No. 3...	11:30 a m
Johnstown ac.	10:15 a m	Johnstown Ac.	2:50 p m
Phila. Express..	1:50 p m	Wall's No 4...	3:30 p m
Wall's No. 3......	1:30 p m	Phil. Express..	4:10 p m
Wall's No. 4....	2:50 p m	Wall's No. 5..	4:50 p m
Wall's No. 5 ...	5:50 p m	Wall's No. 6..	6:05 p m
Wall's No. 6......	7:00 p m	Fast Line..........	7:20 p m
Altoona Ac. and Emig't train.	10:30 p m	Wall's No. 7..	10:50 p m

The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:15 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m. and arrive at Wall's Station at 2:00 p. m.

Cincinnati Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Philadelphia Express and the Altoona Accommodation and Emigrant Train arrive daily. Cincinnati Express arrives daily except Monday. All other trains daily except Sunday.

For further information, apply to
W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Co. will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value, will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
Gen'l. Supt., Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after June 9th, 1867, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny city, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Sharpbsg No 1.	6:25 a m	Mail...........	6:50 a m
Freeport No 1.	8:15 a m	Freeport No 1.	9:05 a m
Express........	10:10 a m	Sharpsbg No 1.	11:20 a m
Sharpsbg No 2.	1:25 p m	Express........	2:00 p m
Freeport No 2.	4:25 p m	Harmersville..	3:50 p m
Mail............	6:05 p m	Freeport No 2.	6:05 p m
Harmersville..	7:10 p m	Sharpbg No 2.	7:30 p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 7:40 a. m., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 a. m. Returning leaves Allegheny City at 1:20 p. m., and arrives at Allegheny Junction at 3:45 p. m.

Commutation Tickets—For sale in packages of twenty, between Allegheny City, Chestnut street, Herr's, Bennett, Pine Creek, Etna and Sharpsburg, and good only on the trains stopping at Stations specified on tickets.

The Trains leaving Allegheny City at 6.50 a. m. and 2.00 p. m., make direct connection at Freeport with Walker's Line of Stages for Butler and Hannahstown. Through Tickets may be purchased at the Office, No. 3 St. Clair Street, near Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny City.

For further information, apply to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent,
Federal Street Depot.

The Western Pennsylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS in value. All baggage exceeding this amount in value, will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD. Panhandle Route.

CHANGE OF TIME. On and after MONDAY, October 7th, 1867, Trains will leave and arrive at Union Depot, as follows:

PITTSBURGH TIME.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Mail Express.............	2:05 a m	12:25 a m
Mixed Way.............	6:10 a m	6:10 p m
Fast Line.................	7:40 a m	7:10 p m
Walker's Accommod'n.	11:10 a m	2:05 p m
Fast Express............	2:50 p m	10:55 a m
Steubenville Accom'n..	3:55 p m	9:35 a m
McDonald's Accom'n...	5:10 p m	8:20 a m

SUNDAY TRAIN leaves at 7:00 p. m., arriving in Cincinnati at 10:00 next morning.

Church Train leaves Sunday at 12:55 p. m.

The 9:40 a. m. Train leaves daily, Sunday and Monday excepted, arriving in Cincinnati at 10:00 same evening, 7½ hours in advance of all other lines.

No change of cars between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, and but ONE change to St. Louis, Cairo, and the principal points West and Southwest.

When purchasing Tickets be sure and find the Office of the PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD, Union Depot, (south side).

M. D. MOTHERSPAUGH, Ticket Agent,
S. F. SCULL, General Ticket Agent,
JOHN H. MILLER, G. E. Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Running Through to Brady's Bend.

On and after THURSDAY, July 18, 1867, Passenger trains will leave and arrive at Pittsburgh Depot, corner Pike and Canal streets, as follows:

	Leave Pitts'gh.	Arrive.
Mail (to & from Brady's Bd)	6:40 a m	6:30 p m
First Soda Works Accom.	8:40 a m	7:45 a m
Hulton Accommodation	10:00 a m	12:30 a m
Kittanning Accom'n	1:00 p m	9:30 p m
Express	3:20 p m	10:30 a m
Second Soda Works Ac	5:20 p m	8:40 p m
Sunday Church Train from and to Soda Works	1:00 p m	8:30 a m

Express, North, makes close connection at Brady's Bend, with Packets for Franklin and Oil City.

Mail, South, connects with Packets from Franklin and Oil City.

H. BLACKSTONE,
Superintendent.

ALLENTOWN ROUTE

TO THE EAST.

SHORTEST & FASTEST LINE

Between Pittsburgh and New York,

VIA HARRISBURG, READING, ALLENTOWN AND EASTON.

NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN PITTSBURGH AND NEW YORK.

SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS.

Trains leave Union Depot of Pennsylvania Railroad in Pittsburgh, daily (except Sundays) at 3:10 and 11:00 A. M., 4:30 and 10:15 P. M. On Sundays 11:00 A. M.

Leave New York for Pittsburgh, from Station of CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY, FOOT OF LIBERTY STREET, at 9:00 A. M., 5:00 and 8:00 P. M.

Baggage checked to all points between Pittsburgh and New York.

H. P. BALDWIN,
General Passenger Agent.

HOTELS.

MANSION HOUSE.

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

NO. 344 LIBERTY STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

This first-class Hotel has been purchased by the undersigned, and will hereafter be CONDUCTED IN THE MOST APPROVED MANNER. It contains over ONE HUNDRED WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, comfortable and well ventilated. Day Boarders received on moderate terms. The MANSION HOUSE is within two minutes walk of the UNION RAILWAY DEPOT, and convenient to the business part of the city. Connected with the establishment is a Lager Beer Hall, in which Evening Entertainments, Concerts, &c., will be given. The new proprietors promise to spare no pains or expense to render their Hotel one of the *best in the State*.

tf WAGNER & ZIESSLER.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,

FOURTH STREET,

BET. WASHINGTON & FRANKLIN AVENUES

ST. LOUIS, MO.

The undersigned, formerly a joint partner in the Everett House, takes pleasure in announcing to his old friends and the public generally, that he has taken the St. Nicholas for a term of years. The said Hotel has been renovated, refitted and refurnished with modern improvements and conveniences, and every way comfortable. My table will be provided with the best the market affords and charges moderate, and every attention given to supply the wants of the guests. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. $2 50 PER DAY.

E. JENNINGS, Proprietor.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

G. S. BRYAN..............JOHN A. CAUGHEY

BRYAN & CAUGHEY,

(Successors to George S. Bryan & Co.)

Commission Merchants

FOR THE SALE OF

PIG IRON, BLOOMS, &c.,

No. 74 Water Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

T. C. JENKINS,

Checkered Front,

278 LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURGH.

Commission Merchant,

And Wholesale Dealer in Flour and all Kinds of Produce.

Weekly Prices Current and Marking Plates sent to Consignors.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

COUNTERFEIT NOTES

CAN BE DETECTED

BY GETTING

ONE OF OUR THREE LEGGED

MICROSCOPES.

DUNSEATH & HASLETT,

56 FIFTH STREET,

OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

MANUFACTURERS ALL OVER the world prefer and recommend the

GROVER & BAKER

No. 1 and No. 9 MACHINES, as the best for their purposes. Call and examine them at

NO. 185 FIFTH STREET

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.

WM. HENDERSON.................Lessee.
M. W. CANNING.................Manager.
T. R. HANN.................Stage Manager.

BENEFIT OF C. T. PARSLOE, Jr. and last night but two of the talented Comedian,

MR. F. S. CHANFRAU.

THURSDAY EVENING, October 31st, 1867, the great sensation play entitled the

STREETS OF NEW YORK.

Badger.....................Mr. F. S. Chanfrau.
Bob the Boot Black.........C. T. Parsloe, Jr.

Friday Evening Farewell Benefit of Mr. F. S. CHANFRAU, who will appear in three pieces.

PROF. CARPENTER'S DANCING ACADEMY, PHILO HALL, No. 75 Third st., now open for the reception of Pupils. Days of Tuition, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 2 P. M. for Ladies, Masters and Misses. TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, at 8 o'clock for Ladies and Gent's from October 1st. Terms moderate. Circulars can be had at the Hall or of the Academy. Soiree EVERY THURSDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Hall to-let to Select Parties.

GRAND VOCAL AND

INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT,

IN AID OF THE HEBREW BENEVOLENT SOCIETY, OF ALLEGHENY CITY,

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4th, 1867,

AT

MASONIC HALL.

Tickets $1 00; at all the Music Stores and at the door.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.

Mr. and Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS,

The Great Comedians and Original Impersonators of Irish and Yankee Life,

For positively Five Nights Only, commencing MONDAY EVENING, November 4th.

DAN RICE'S

Great Show

AND

School of Educated Animals

WILL EXHIBIT FOR POSITIVELY THREE DAYS ONLY, ON THE

Red Lion Lot,

IN THE CITY OF

PITTSBURGH.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, October 31st, and Nov. 1st and 2d, 1867,

Concluding the Engagement of

Mr. Dan Rice

With Messrs. Cardner, Hemmings & Co.

Mr. RICE will appear for the LAST TIME Professionally before his Allegheny county friends, introducing in person his famous

BRUTE PUPILS,

And directing the Pastimes of the Arena in his original and unrivalled role of THE AMERICAN HUMORIST, assisted by the following distinguished Artists,

MRS. RICHARD HEMMINGS,
The beautiful and accomplished Equestrienne.
MR. RICHARD HEMMINGS,
The Champion Pad Rider and Funambulist.
Messrs. BROWN AND SANFORD,
The favorite Gymnasts and general performers.
THE WHITTOANI BROTHERS,
Justly celebrated for their daring and graceful Calisthenic performances.

Mr. W. H. YOUNG, the irresistibly funny and versatile Pantomist and Comedian; Mr. JOHN FOSTER, the modern Yorick; Mr. JOHN TREWALLA, the gentlemanly Equestrian Manager and Master of the Whip.

On SATURDAY NIGHT Mr. RICE will take formal leave of his old-time friends and patrons in AN ADDRESS suitable to the occasion.

The Performances will commence at precisely 2 and 7 o'clock P. M. Admission 50 cents. Children under nine years, 25 cents.

N. B.—All persons having any unsettled claims against Dan Rice's Great Show, will please present the same for payment at the Ticket Wagon, on SATURDAY, November 2d, at 3 o'clock P. M.

MASONIC HALL.

ENTERTAINMENT EXTRAORDINARY.

FOR SIX NIGHTS ONLY,

THE LUBIN BROTHERS,

CONJURORS,

And Originators of the celebrated Entertainment, entitled

DIABOLORIUM,

OR

NIGHTS IN DREAM-LAND!

An entertainment embracing the several elements of

MUSIC, MYSTERY AND MIRTH.

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The Daily Commercial

IN NUTTING TIME.

With lingering glints of gold and red
The waning autumn woods are gay;
And in the deep blue overhead
The sun shines clear and soft to-day.

The late October winds are bland,
Their voices whisper low and sweet;
While far away the blue hills stand
With valley vapors round their feet.

Across the azure of the sky
The milky cloud-shapes, wandering, sail;
Southward the roving song-birds fly,
And from the stubble pipe the quail.

Along the winding path we go,
Through fields in which the aster nods;
And over breezy slopes where grow
The yellow-painted golden rods—

Along the path by field and hill,
With many a lightly-spoken jest,
Past golden orchard rows where still
The robin shows his crimson breast—

Until at last the woods we gain,
And there, with shout and crashing sound,
We beat the boughs till downward rain
The ripened nuts upon the ground.

All other sounds around are hushed,
There is no note of any bird;
But through these aisles with autumn flushed
Our voices far and wide are heard.

With lingering glints of gold and red
The waning autumn woods are gay.
And though the summer months are fled
Our hearts make summer of to-day.

ABOUT THE JAPANESE.

How Their Artists Work.

A San Francisco correspondent of the New York *Times* writes as follows: The steamship Colorado brought over a company of Japanese performers, calling themselves the Ha-ya-ta-kee troupe. During the past week they have been fitting up the Metropolitan Theater in the similitude of a Japanese temple, for the exhibition of their feats of strength. It is said that the entire company, even the workmen who are engaged in putting up the stage, belong to the family. It is a curious sight to see these Japanese carpenters at work. They use their hands and toes at the same time, the latter being as handy as their fingers. At first there seems to be a great advantage in their having four hands instead of two, and although they seem to work with great rapidity, yet they do not accomplish one-half as much as a good American mechanic would in the same time. A Japanese carpenter makes no use of work-benches or vices. If he wants to sharpen a saw, he squats on his hams, places the back of the tool to be operated on on the ground, grips one end of the saw with his left hand, seizes the other with the toes of his right foot, and goes to work. Their tools are not like American tools, though they have a faint similarity, showing that all tools have one common parentage, whether their inventor was Tubal Cain or some other artificer. All Japanese saws are shaped like butcher's cleavers. The handle is like the handle of a cleaver, but flattish, as if whittled out of a piece of inch board; the metal shank of the saw is driven into that handle, and the whole is selected by being wrapped with fine split cane. The metal of the saw is about the substance of our saws, but the teeth are narrower, giving more of them to the inch, and much longer. They are all pointed toward the handle and cut the wood like so many hooks. When a Japanese wants to rip a plank, he places it across anything which will elevate the end a few inches, then stands on the wood and cuts it by seizing the cleaver-looking saw in both hands and pulling it toward him. Thus, by a number of short, quick, up strokes, he gets through a plank not so speedily, but quite as effectively as an American carpenter would with the long, slow, down stroke of the rip-saw. The planes are small with single irons—no handles. The planes are shorter, lighter, and the wood shallower than ours, being generally not more than an inch deep. To plane a piece of wood they lay it on the ground, squat on their hams, hold it fast with their toes, and work the plane with both hands toward them. To drill a hole they have a short awl inserted into a round piece of stick eight or nine inches long. They take the wood between their toes, squat as before, and make the hole by rubbing the handle of the awl between their hands in less time than one of our carpenters could drill one with a gimlet. Their hammers are solid cylindrical pieces, not made shapely with waists and graceful outlines like ours. They have the same flat-sided handles as the saws. The Japs have iron squares, not unlike American squares, marked with degrees. Their measures are brass, very light and fluted. On one side the inch, or what stands for the inch with us, is 1 3-16 inches and divided into ten parts. On the other side is a different scale measuring 1 13-16 inches, and divided into twelve parts. Some of their tools appear to be mere children's toys; for instance, they have a smoothing plane two and a half inches long, one inch broad and half an inch thick. Their chisels are light and small. The cutting parts of some are the size and shape of a section of half a dollar—the square side being the outline edge, and a round metal shaft connecting the convex side with a wooden handle.

The most ingenious article in their tool chest is a chalk line. It is a wooden cup containing a spongy substance steeped in Indian ink. This is pierced front and back, and the marking line passes through it. The end of the line is attached to a small awl; the other end of the line, after passing through the cup, is wound round a reel, not unlike a fishing rod reel, which takes the place of the handle of the cup. To mark a line down a plank, the Japanese carpenter sticks the awl in at one end of the proposed line, carries the cup to the other, the line paying itself out as he does so; he holds the line down to the board when he reaches the desired spot, strikes the mark, and then takes up his cup and reels up the line as he walks back to the spot where he inserted the awl. The process of paying out the line and of reeling it up again both draw it through the ink supply in the cup and keep it ready for action.

Gen. Grant at Corinth.

No man in the country possesses greater control over himself than General Grant. General Webster, his former chief of staff, states that during his long and intimate connection with him he never saw his chief display any exhibition of temper except upon two occasions; once when he detected a private soldier defiling a spring of water near Donelson, and afterward at Corinth, when suffering an indignity from Halleck. After Johnston's defeat and death at Shiloh, Beauregard, it will be remembered, retreated to Corinth and fortified. Halleck summoned his Generals to a council of war to determine upon the best means for dislodging the enemy. One after another was called upon for his views. When Grant suggested his plan of attack, Halleck pooh-poohed it in the most insulting and indignant manner. The former made no reply. His lower lip, however, became very tremulous, showing that he keenly felt the indignity, and upon returning to his tent he was depressed for hours. He yet made no allusion to the occurrence, beyond remarking to his chief-of-staff, that Halleck had deeply wronged him. Subsequently, when Beauregard had escaped Southward, it became clearly apparent to all the Generals, that had Grant's advice been followed, Corinth would not only have been captured, but Beauregard's army would have been cut in twain, and the retreat of a portion of it cut off.

A Strange Story.

On the 20th of September last, a private in the Sixth United States cavalry, who went by the name of Charles J. Sachow, died of yellow fever in New Orleans. It has since been ascertained that his name was assumed, and that he was in reality the son of Count Von Maltke, a distinguished Prussian General and Chief of Staff to the King, Frederick William. It appears that the young man, while a student at a German University, became dissipated in his habits and was disowned by his family in consequence. He soon afterwards disappeared, and it has since been ascertained that he came to America. In 1863 he entered the military service and was appointed sergeant major of the First (loyal) Louisiana cavalry, serving as such until honorably mustered out with his regiment. In September, 1866, he enlisted in the Sixth Cavalry. General Mower testifies that he performed his duties faithfully and well, and that he was a favorite with his comrades. The facts concerning him have been communicated to Count Von Maltke. The tale conveys a lesson to irate fathers which some of them may heed with profit.

* * *

The return of the causes of death in England for the year 1865 has been published. The number reached the enormous figre of 490,909. The causes of death are placed in five grand classes. Thirty-eight per cent. fell before local diseases, twenty-four were struck down by zymotic diseases, eighteen by constitutional diseases, sixteen by developmental diseases, and four per cent. died violent deaths. The details are quite interesting as showing in some instances an increase in the mortality from given diseases, and in others a falling off. Thus, it is found that softening of the brain is increasing at an alarming rate, so that it has been put into a class by itself. Bronchitis also is rapidly increasing. The deaths from this cause were seventy per cent. greater in 1865 than in 1856. Gout is another of the diseases which are found to be increasing every year, though the proportion of constitutional diseases in general has largely diminished, and especially phthisis. Gout is five times as common in men as in women, cancer is more than twice as fatal to women as to men. Dropsy also is more common among females. The proportion of deaths to the number of living was twenty-three to a thousand.

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Blankets, 11-4, weighing 7⅞ lbs.
These goods we deliver here at MILL PRICE, a saving to buyers of FREIGHT AND CHARGES.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO., WHOLESALE DRY GOODS, No. 115 Wood street Pittsburgh.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth Street.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF FRESH GOODS, AT LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

New Dress and Cloak Trimmings.
Super Trimming and Bonnet Ribbons.
New Styles of Gloves and Hosiery.
Embroideries of all kinds,
Bargains in Linen Handkerchiefs.
The New "Glove Fitting Corset."
Hair Plaits and Waterfalls—new styles.
Evening Shawls and Circulars—new.

A NEW LOT OF
Fashionable Jet and Bogwood Jewelry.
The celebrated "S. S." Kid Glove, $1 10. Every Pair Warranted.
The "Star Shirt," Suspenders, Ties, &c

A complete Line of Fall and Winter **Undershirts and Drawers.**

Another Lot of those Superior PROMENADE SATCHELS AND TRAVELING BAGS.

We have just opened a choice line of FANCY ARTICLES AND NOTIONS, which we offer to Cash Buyers at Eastern Prices.

MACRUM & CARLISLE, 19 FIFTH STREET.

FALL GOODS

A FULL LINE JUST OPENED AT THE **NEW WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE** OF **DUNCAN & HUGUS.**

Brown and Bleached Sheetings,
TICKINGS,
CANTON FLANNELS,
BAR'D COUNTRY FLANNELS,
LADIES' CLOAKING CLOTHS,
ALL COLORS.
Dress Goods,
MERINOS,
COBURGS,
DELAINES,
PRINTS,
SATINETS, TWEEDS,
KENTUCKY JEANS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
BLANKETS,
COUNTERPANES,
Cotton Batting and Carpet Chain.

W. C. DUNCAN,
DANL. HUGUS,

53 and 55 Wood St.

FRUIT JARS, FRUIT JARS.

WE ARE MANUFACTURERS OF THE DALBEY AND LYMAN SELF-SEALING FRUIT JARS.

Also, JARS FOR CORKS, and having a heavy stock on hand are prepared to fill all orders promptly, and call the attention of dealers and consumers to these facts.

WM. M'CULLY & CO., Office 18 and 20 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

P. S.—Our Dalbey Jar, for cheapness, simplicity and reliability, surpasses all others in the market.

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H. CHILDS & CO.,

NO. 133 ***WOOD STREET,*** PITTSBURGH, PA.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS AND JOBBERS IN ***BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS and LEATHER,***

INVITE THE INSPECTION OF **City and Country Merchants**

To our large and well selected stock of **BOOTS AND SHOES,**

Of every variety and style, and particularly to full lines of **CUSTOM WORK,** MADE TO ORDER AND WARRANTED, WHICH WE OFFER AT **EASTERN PRICES,**

To Cash or prompt short time buyers.

☞ Agents for sale of HOPE MILLS COTTON YARNS, CARPET CHAIN, SEAMLESS BAGS AND BATTING

H. CHILDS & CO.

JOHN GILL & SONS

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN **BOOTS, SHOES, HATS AND CAPS,**

NO. 113 WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.

The attention of the trade and merchants in general, are invited to examine our stock, particularly **OUR OWN MAKE AND BRAND** Of goods, which we warrant, and will be sold at the ***Lowest Eastern Prices.***

FUR AND WOOL HATS,

MENS', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S,
ALL QUALITIES AND STYLES.

R. H. PALMER. 84 WOOD STREET.

GROCERIES, &C.

JUST RECEIVED.

10 bbls choice Havana Oranges;
50 boxes prime Lemons;
10 bbls Imported German Cherries;
25 boxes new Prunes;
300 drums New Figs;
100 boxes New Layer Raisins;
100 half boxes New Layer Raisins;
75 quarters New Layer Raisins,

AT **REYMER & BROTHERS,** NOS. 126 AND 128 WOOD ST.

Also, in Store, a Fine Stock of
CANNED FRUITS
AND VEGETABLES,
PICKLES, CATSUPS,
SAUCES, JELLIES,
SPICES, &c., &c.

LONDON PORTER AND *SCOTCH ALES,* FOR MEDICINAL USE.

20 CASKS FOR SALE BY WM. MILLER, (Late Miller & Ricketson,) Nos. 221 and 223, corner Liberty and Irwin sts.

GROCERIES.

100 bbls Sugar House Sugar;
150 bbls Lovering's Refined Sugar;
100 boxes Clarified Cuba Sugar;
25 hhds choice Porto Rico Sugar;
100 boxes McKeone, Van Haagen & Co.'s Chemical Olive Soap;
10 cases Finest Olive Oil;
10 bags choice Old Government Java Coffee;
50 bags choice Laguayra Coffee;

WITH A GENERAL STOCK OF GROCERIES, FOR SALE LOW FOR CASH, BY

WM. MILLER, (Late Miller & Ricketson,) No. 221 and 223, cor. Liberty and Irwin sts.

SUNDRIES.

218 bags strictly choice Rio Coffee;
120 bags strictly prime Rio Coffee;
110 bags fair to good Rio Coffee;
60 pockets choice Old Government Java Coffee;
160 bbls Lovering's Syrup;
200 bbls choice P. R. Sugar;
250 bbls Refined Sugars;
150 bbls Sugar House Sugar;
30 hhds prime P. R. Molasses;
40 hhds choice Cuba Sugar;
200 half chests Green and Black Teas;
50 half chests choice Japan Teas;
400 dozen Brooms, choice to common;
In Store, and arriving by Pennsylvania Railroad, and for sale by

JAMES CONNOR, Wholesale Grocer, No. 355 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

MEANS & COFFIN,

Wholesale Grocers,

COR. OF WOOD AND WATER STS., *PITTSBURGH, PA.,*

HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND A WELL SELECTED ***Stock of Groceries,***

Bought exclusively for CASH, and to which we invite the attention of Cash Buyers. ap18-eod

GROCERIES.

Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, *SYRUPS, RICE, TEAS,* **Soda, Tobacco, &c.. &c.**

A large and complete stock at low figures.

J. S. DILWORTH & CO., 130 and 132 Second street.

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S. P. SHRIVER & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Nos. 27 and 29 SMITHFIELD STREET, Corner of Second, Pittsburgh.

MERCANTILE BROKERS.

MALIN & HAMMETT,

IRON COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FOR THE SALE OF **PIG METAL AND BLOOMS**

Nos. 69 and 70 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DAV. CRAWFORD,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

In PIG METAL, BLOOMS, ORE, WROUGHT SCRAP IRON, FIRE BRICK and CLAY, &c.

Warehouse and Office, Nos. 366 and 368 PENN STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments solicited.

SAMUEL H. WICKERSHAM,

IRON BROKER,

134 FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore Duncannon, Josephine, Isabella, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and Oliphant's C. B. Charcoal Pig Irons. Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. jy28

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PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY.

SPENCER, M'KAY & CO., *MALSTERS AND BREWERS,* OF ALE, PORTER AND BROWN STOUT, PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT WATSON, Manager. au21-ly

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EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.

PENNSYLVANIA IRON WORKS.

WAREHOUSE, 165 FIRST STREET, *OPPOSITE REAR OF MONONGAHELA HOUSE.* PITTSBURGH.

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LIVINGSTON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF
Fine Ornamental and Machine Castings,
Steam and Gas Fittings,
Loose Butt and Shutter Hinges, all sizes.
Improved Sash Pulleys & Weights,
Badgley's Patent Carriage Jacks, &c.

We warrant our work equal in point of finish and smoothness to best Eastern manufacture. Orders may be left at our WORKS, corner of Washington avenue and Sedgwick street, Allegheny city, or sent through Pittsburgh Postoffice, and receive prompt attention.

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Founders and Machinists,

IRON CITY WORKS,

COR. PIKE AND O'HARA AND PIKE AND WALNUT STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

MANUFACTURERS OF
BLAST ENGINES,
ROLLING MILL ENGINES,
SAW, GRIST AND PLANING MILL ENGINES,
ROLLING MILL AND OTHER MACHINERY,
CASTINGS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

☞ Prompt attention given to REPAIRS.

DASH, WRIGHT & CO.,

Sheffield Cutlery Works,

SOHO BRIDGE, PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF THEIR **PATENT PEN KNIFE AND SCISSORS COMBINED.**

Also, Pen and Pocket Cutlery. Cutlery repaired at short notice; also, Tailors' Shears Ground and Set. All orders left at the store of G. W. DASH, No. 1 Merchant's Hotel Building, Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa., will receive prompt attention. tf

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WHITE LEAD,
RED LEAD,
LITHARGE
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DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO.,

WHITE LEAD WORKS,

MANUFACTURERS OF WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD, LITHARGE AND ZINC.

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Successors to Joseph Pennock and Pennock & Totten. Manufacturers of Chill Rolls, warranted; Nail Machines, Soft Rolls, Squeezers, Puddling Heating and Tunneling Furnace Plates, of improved patterns, plain and corrugated; Bar, Boiler and Plate Iron Shears and Punches, of latest improved patterns. Rolling Mill Castings and Heavy Machinery generally.

Gas Retorts, Oil Stills, Hot Blast Pipes, Sugar Kettle; House Fronts and Window Heads; Gas and Water Pipe, either bowl or flange; Rolls turned, and all fitting done to order. A large assortment of rolling mill patterns purchased from the Fort Pitt Foundry. Sole manufacturers for Allegheny County of Helme's Patent Benzole Burner, adapted to all heating purposes. ja21-ly

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DUQUESNE AND WEST POINT FORGES,

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Office, COR. DUQUESNE WAY AND POINT ST.

JOSEPH P. HAIGH & CO.,

Have facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and are prepared to PROMPTLY AND SATISFACTORILY all all orders for

STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS,

RAILROAD AXLES

LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES,

Together with every description of SHAPE WORK. no9-ly

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS.

LLOYD & BLACK,

MANUFACTURERS OF **Best Common Refined Charcoal and Juniata Bloom Iron.**

MERCHANT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON;
HOOP BAND AND SHEET IRON;
BOILER PLATE IRON;
ANGLE AND T IRON;
CYLINDER, GUARD AND FINGER IRON;
DRAG AND DROPPER BARS;
SMALL T RAILS, 20, 16 and 14 pounds to the Yard.
WROUGHT CHAIRS and SPIKES for same;
FLAT RAILS, Punched and Countersunk;
COAL SCREEN IRON;
NAILS AND SPIKES;

Warehouse and Office at the Works, GREENOUGH STREET, A continuation of First street, above Ross street, adjoining the City Gas Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. Orders left in Box at No. 89 Water street, will receive prompt attention

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Self Tempering Steam Power *BRICK MACHINE,*

MANUFACTURED BY THE **PITTSBURGH BRICK MACHINE** AND ***BRICK MANUFACTURING CO.***

This Machine takes the clay direct from the bank, (without the preparation, by soaking, necessary for "soft mould" machines), and tempers it thoroughly, pressing, in steel moulds, brick stiff enough to be packed up eight high in the yard as made. For cutting with the trowel, bearing hard usage, and making a strong, true wall, there are no better brick known. The cost of making them by this machine is from 93 cents to $1 10 per 1,000, according to the rates of wages. This we guarantee. The machine is built entirely of iron and steel; and in the best style for strength and permanent use in working clay. Apply for circulars, giving full information, at the office,

359 LIBERTY STREET, 2d Story, Near the Union R. R. Depot, Pittsburgh, Pa.
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SHOENBERGER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF ***CUT NAILS AND SPIKES,*** **BOILER PLATE, SHEET IRON,** AND *PATENT HAMMERED* **Horse and Mule Shoes,**

Would call especial attention to our Shoes, which we claim to be of a **Very Superior Quality.**

Offices: 93 WATER ST., and at 116 ETNA STREET, Pittsburgh.

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OFFICE: **No. 12 Smithfield, cor. First street,** *PITTSBURGH, PA.,*

MANUFACTURERS OF
BLAST ENGINES,
BOAT AND STATIONERY ENGINES,
STEAM HAMMERS,
ROLLING MILL CASTINGS, of all descriptions,
MACHINERY AND CASTINGS, of every description.
BLAKE'S ROCK AND ORE CRUSHER.
BOILERS AND SHEET IRON WORKS.

Agents for the "GIFFARD" INJECTOR for feeding Boilers.

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PITTSBURGH NOVELTY WORKS

Corner of Grant and First Streets,

MANUFACTURERS OF
FAIRBANK'S PATENT PLATFORM and COUNTER SCALES.
JANUS FACED PATENT DOOR LOCKS and LATCHES.
PAINT AND COFFEE MILLS, MALEABLE IRON, &c.

DON'T BE DECEIVED

By flourishing advertisements of LOW PRICED Machines, as by patronizing such you only throw your money away, but buy a GROVER & BAKER, at 165 FIFTH STREET.

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MANUFACTURERS OF *AMERICAN AND CLAIR BAR, HOOP,* SHEET AND PLATE IRON.

BRIDGE IRON;
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GUARD IRON;
COAL SCREEN IRON;
T RAILS, 16 and 30 inch to yard;
TRAM RAILS, punched and countersunk;
BOILER, BRIDGE AND TANK RIVETS;
CUT NAILS AND SPIKES;
SHIP AND BOAT SPIKES;
RAILROAD SPIKES;
RAILROAD FISH BARS AND BOLTS;
RAILROAD CAR WHEELS AND AXLES;
STREET CAR WHEELS AND AXLES;
COAL-PIT CAR WHEELS AND AXLES;
PATENT COLD ROLLED SHAFTINGS;
PATENT COLD ROLLED PISTON RODS;
MOWER AND REAPER BARS.

WAREHOUSE AND OFFICE: 120 WATER AND 120 FRONT STS.

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CEMENT, FIRE BRICK AND TILE

D. R. ECKER.

DEALER IN

HYDRAULIC CEMENT;
CALCINED PLASTER;
TYRONE WHITE LIME;
CHESTER VALLEY WHITE LIME;
FIRE BRICK AND CLAY;
FIRE TILE, for Furnaces, Gas Houses, Oil Refineries, Steamboat Boilers, Fire Grates, Stoves, &c. All sizes and patterns;
CHIMNEY TOPS, DRAIN AND WATER PIPES
STONE HEARTHS, ½ to 4 inches thick.

ALSO,

ENCAUSTIC TILE, plain and inlaid, every pattern for Floors, Halls, Vestibules, Hearths, &c.
MARBLE AND SLATE TILE.
MARBLE AND SLATE MANTLES, furnished at lowest New York prices.

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LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,

MANUFACTURERS OF
CARRIAGE AND TIRE BOLTS;
THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES;
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SQUARE AND HEXAGON NUTS;
CAST AND WROUGHT IRON WASHERS;
MACHINE AND PLOW BOLTS;
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TUYERE IRONS;
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ROOF AND TRUSS BOLTS;
COAL CAR WHEELS AND AXLES;
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STOVE AND SAW RODS;
R. R. SPLICE BARS AND BOLTS, &c.

A full assortment of standard sizes kept in stock.

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CHIMNEYS,	OIL STILLS,
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ASH PANS,	SETTLING PANS,
STEAM PIPE,	CONDENSERS,
SALT PANS,	PRISON DOORS,
IRON BRIDGES,	GASOMETERS,

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Office and Works: Corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh, Penna.

☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

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Cor. Carroll and Smallman Sts.

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MANUFACTURER OF **Cast Iron Bowl Pipe** FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS,

My pipe are all cast vertically in Pits, in Dry Sand, and TWELVE FEET LENGTHS. Also, a full assortment of

GENERAL CASTINGS FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

JOHN M. COOPER......JOS. KAYE......HENRY BIRR.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

Steam and Gas Fitters,

MANUFACTURERS OF **PUMPS AND BRASS WORK,** OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; DEALERS IN **Gas Fixtures and Tubing** OF ALL KINDS.

Cor. of Pike and Walnut Sts., PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Call and examine our Steam Pump before purchasing elsewhere. It is plain and substantial; equal if not superior to any Pump now in use.

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STOVE WORKS.

MANUFACTURE EVERY VARIETY OF ***COOK, PARLOR and HEATING*** **STOVES,**

Among which are the celebrated NATIONAL, TALISMAN, TROPIC and EUREKA—Coal Cook Stoves. Also, VETERAN, POMONA and IRONSIDES—Wood Cook Stoves.

Grate Fronts, Fenders, &c.,

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PITTSBURGH FLINT GLASS WORKS—Established 1808.

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GREAT WESTERN PLANING MILL AND BOX FACTORY,

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Will furnish Flooring, Weather Boarding, Sash, Doors, Blinds and Brackets of every variety.

MOULDINGS of the Latest and Neatest Styles. WINDOW and other FRAMES made on shortest notice. PALINGS also on hand, all made in the best workmanlike manner and of first-class material. SCROLL AND RESAWING done with neatness and dispatch. BOXES of every description made on shortest possible notice. All work and material delivered to any point within city and its suburbs. Particular attention given to Stair Building, and everything pertaining to that Branch. Under the supervision of O. CHESTER, Esq.

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PITTSBURGH LAMP AND GLASS COMPANY.

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(SUCCESSORS TO JOHN ROSS & CO.,)

Manufacturers of all kinds of LAMPS, LAMP BASES, CHIMNEYS, LANTERNS, &c.

Also, dealers in everything pertaining to the Lamp Trade. TUMBLERS, TABLE WARE, WINDOW GLASS, and everything in the Glass Line.

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MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN **OIL WELL TUBING,**

GENUINE ***Lap Weld Gas Pipe,***

CASING PIPE FOR OIL WELLS,
GAS TONGS, cheap for Wholesale trade,
SHEET IRON LINING FOR CASING WELLS, &c.
Everything needed in PUMPING OIL WELLS,

SHEET AND PLATE IRON WORK,

Iron Tanks, for Storing Oil, Salt pans, Gasometers, &c.

COPPER PIPES, LIFE BOATS,
BLACKSMITH WORK,
BUILDINGS WARMED BY FURNACES,
REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS,
HAIR FELT, for covering Steam Pipes and Boilers.

Those in want of the BEST GOODS AND WORK are invited to give us a call.

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SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

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MANUFACTURERS OF
Patent Rolled Cast Steel Saw Plates,
Extra Quality Tool Cast Steel,
Patent Rolled Saw Plates,
Cast and German Spring and Plow Steel,
Springs, Axles, Steel Tire,
Plow Molds, Shares, Shovel Wings, &c., &c.

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PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS,

[ESTABLISHED IN 1845.]

ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,

Manufacturers of every description of **STEEL,** BEST REFINED TOOL STEEL.

Mill, Mulay, Circular, Gang and Cross Cut **SAW PLATES,**

Spring, Cast and German Plow and Blister Steel. Shovel, Hoe, Fork, Rake and Toe Calk Steel. Locomotive and R. R. Car Springs; R. R. Spring Steel and Frog Points, Cast Steel Finger Bars, Sickle Steel, Springs, Steel Tyre, Plow Wings, etc. Oil Drill Steel.

OFFICE AND WORKS, Cor. Ross and First streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF **All Descriptions of Cast Steel,**

Best Refined Tool Steel, Circular, Mulay and Cross-Cut Saw Plates, Reapers, File, Hoe, Rake and Fork Steel Machinery, Plow, Sheet, Shear, Railroad Spring and Frog Steel.

Office and Works, CORNER HARRISON and PIKE STREETS, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Warranted equal to the best English Steel. Orders may be left at No. 37 FIFTH STREET.

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS,

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PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of best quality Refined Cast Steel, square, flat and octagon, all sizes. Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in this country.

Office and Warehouse, Nos. 149 and 151 FIRST, and 120 and 122 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

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SADDLERY AND CARRIAGE HARDWARE.

Just Received, a full line of SADDLERY and CARRIAGE HARDWARE and CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,

Direct from the manufacturers, at greatly reduced rates. Also, a large assortment of HORSE BLANKETS AND LAPPING ROBES,

All of which we offer to the Trade at New York Prices.

Those in want of any goods in our line, are respectfully invited to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

THOMAS HARE & BRO., NO. 135 WOOD STREET.

HARDWARE.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE,

CABINET MAKERS' HARDWARE, MACHINISTS' TOOLS.

JOS. WOODWELL & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF **Hardware,**

CORNER OF WOOD AND SECOND STS., PITTSBURGH, PA.

P. H. LAUFMAN.............WM. LAUFMAN.

P. H. LAUFMAN & BRO.,

Importers and Dealers in ***FOREIGN AND AMERICAN*** **Hardware,**

Fine Cutlery, Builders' Materials, Mechanics' Tools, Farming and Gardening Implements, Edge Tools, Steel, Cabinet Makers' Material, Household Conveniences in great variety, Heavy Hardware.

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

82 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, Pa.
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FURNITURE.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

COME AND SEE.

NEW STYLES AND LOW PRICES.

LEMON & WEISE,

Wholesale and Retail Furniture Dealers, No. 118 FOURTH STREET,

Are offering the Finest Household Furniture that can be had in this vicinity, at LOW CASH RATES. No trouble to show stock at this old established House.

DAULER, CLOSE & CO.,

Practical Furniture Manufacturers,

Corner PENN and WAYNE STREETS. Constantly on hand a large assortment of elegant and fashionable FURNITURE. All our work is made by hand and warranted. Orders promptly attended to.

PAINTERS.

REMOVED.

JOHN F. CLULEY

HAS REMOVED TO 134 SMITHFIELD ST., Directly opposite the old stand.

BARRY & BROTHER,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,

NO. 13 SMITHFIELD STREET.

jy23-ly

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

PERSONAL.—David Aiken, Esq., County Treasurer, leaves for the West to-day, on a tour of observation. He will first "do" Chicago, and may afterwards visit St. Louis, and "other small towns."

WORKINGMEN'S MASS MEETING.—Hon. Samuel T. Cary, of Cincinnati, is announced to address a mass meeting of the workingmen of this city to be held on Saturday evening, November 16th.

RESOLUTIONS OF CONDOLENCE.—The Window Glass Cutters' Union met at their hall in Birmingham on Tuesday night and passed resolutions of condolence in regard to the death of Mr. James Hammett, Jr., which took place a few days since, and who was a member of that Union.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE REFORMATION.—As already stated, the German Lodges of the American Protestant Association in this vicinity will celebrate the three hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the Commencement of the Reformation of Luther, this evening, at St. Paul's Evangelical Church, Allegheny city.

MAN FOUND DROWNED.—A telegraphic dispatch was received yesterday from McKeesport by Coroner Clawson, stating that the body of unknown man had been found in the river near that place. As the Coroner had to attend the meeting of the jury in the Mansion House homicide case last night, he authorized a Justice of the Peace in McKeesport to hold the inquest.

ACCIDENT IN INDIANA TOWNSHIP.—A severe accident occurred on Tuesday to a man named Wm. Sniderfelter, employed on the new building of the St. Mary's Catholic congregation, now in course of erection in Indiana township. While engaged at work on the building, Sniderfelter fell from the roof, fracturing both his arms and also causing severe internal injuries, which, it is feared, may prove fatal. Dr. A. G. McQuade, of Etna, was sent for and attended the injured man.

SEVERE FALL.—A young man by the name of Charles J. Beck, employed in shingling the roof of a house on Chatham street, while engaged at work on Tuesday afternoon, accidentally slipped and fell to the ground, a distance of over thirty feet, striking the sidewalk with great force. Several of his ribs were broken, and he also received internal injuries of a serious nature. He was conveyed on a settee to his residence at No. 9 Ross street, where he was attended by a physician.

THE MONTGOMERY STATION LIQUOR CASES.—It will be remembered that the distillery of Jesse B. Rank, and the rectifying establishment of Barber & Henderson, of Montgomery station, Lycoming county, were seized for alleged violation of the Internal Revenue laws, and the cases tried in the United States District Court, before a jury at the last term, under the new order of the Court, and the facts set forth in the indictment sustained. Yesterday, by order of the Court, the finding of the jury, the decree, and all subsequent proceedings were set aside and a trial ordered on the common law side of the Court.

STABBING AFFRAY AT UNIONTOWN.—An affray occurred at Uniontown, Fayette county, on Saturday night last, in which a young man named John Bunting was stabbed and dangerously wounded by a man named James Hutchinson. It appears that an old grudge has existed between Bunting and Hutchinson, and on the night stated, Hutchinson, while somewhat intoxicated, assaulted Bunting in front of the United States Hotel, in Uniontown, stabbing him in the abdomen with a large knife. The wounded man was picked up and carried into Dr. Ewing's office, where his injury was attended to. He was afterwards removed to his residence, where he is now lying. The wound is a dangerous one, and may probably prove fatal. Bunting and Hutchinson are both residents of Uniontown. The former is about twenty, and the latter about twenty-three years of age.

County Agricultural Society.

A regular monthly meeting of the County Agricultural Society was held yesterday, at the office of Messrs. Phelps, Parke & Co., St. Clair street. Present, Messrs. Morton, Murdock, G. G. Negley, Parke, James Reed, Geo. M. Reed, Jennings, Young, and President Chess.

Judge Parke, from the Committee on Collections for the State Fair, made a report, which was accepted and Committee continued.

On motion of Capt. Young, the Chair appointed Messrs. Young, Chess and Parke a Committee to suggest names of parties willing to serve as members of the Board of Managers for the ensuing year, and report previous to the annual election in January.

The same Committee was authorized to draft a new charter for the Society, to be presented to the next Legislature, and also to take charge of the claims of the Society against the State and United States. Adjourned.

The New Soldiers' League Rooms.

Brief mention was made in yesterday's issue that the Allegheny County Soldiers' League Library Association were about removing from their present location, No. 73 Federal street, Allegheny, and were making arrangements to secure another hall. The Association have completed arrangements with the proprietors of Quincy Hall, located on Lacock street, between Federal and Balkam streets, in the First ward, Allegheny, to secure the hall, and will take formal possession of it on Tuesday night. The hall is fifty-eight feet in length and twenty-eight feet in width. The books, cases and furniture of the Library Association will be removed from the room now occupied, into the new hall. The library cases will extend along the rear end of the hall a distance of twenty-eight feet and along the side of the hall a distance of twelve feet. At a meeting of the Managers of the Library Association on Tuesday evening, it was agreed to sublet the hall to the Hawthorne Library Society, Post No. 35 of the Grand Army of the Republic and to the new military company started by J. C. Martin, for the holding of meetings. The Soldiers' League will hold their meetings in the hall every Tuesday evening. The Managers appointed a Committee, consisting of Messrs. John S. Edgar, J. R. Oxley, and A. C. Patterson, to procure subscriptions to the Association, four dollars either in money or books entitling the person to one year's benefit of the Library.

Monongahela U P. Presbytery.

The Presbytery of Monongahela met at Robinson's Run Church, on the 15th inst. A collection, in behalf of the Eighth Ward Mission, Pittsburgh, was ordered to be taken up in all the congregations under the care of Presbytery, on or before the first Sabbath of November. Rev. Dr. Gracey tendered to Presbytery the pastoral charge of the Fourth Congregation, Pittsburgh, with the view of accepting an agency to complete the endowment of the Theological Seminary in Allegheny City. His resignation was laid on the table, and the constitutional steps in the case ordered. R. G. Young applied to be taken under the care of Presbytery as a student of theology, and his application referred to the Committee on Examination. The second volume of the New Version of Psalms was considered and disposed of. The overture in relation to creating a permanent Secretary of the Board of Home Missions, who shall devote his whole time to this work, was considered; and the vote was as follows: ayes 13, nays 7. Also, section 5, chapter iv., in the Directory for Worship, the overture on Instrumental Music, was considered, and the vote stood as follows: For retaining said section, ayes 7; against retaining it, nays 8; not voting 4. It was resolved that any member of Presbytery, not present at this meeting, shall have the opportunity of recording his vote for or against the overture, any time between this and the time of the meeting of the next General Assembly. The next regular meeting of Presbytery is to be held in the 2d Church, Pittsburgh, on the last Tuesday of December.

Young Men's Christian Association.

On Tuesday evening, in a very earnest and spirited meeting of the Association, it was decided unanimously to make personal application at once to the benevolent public of Pittsburgh for pecuniary aid. A number volunteered their services and will call upon our citizens, presenting cards and books signed by President McClintock and bearing the seal of the Association and the names of the collectors. We ask for them a cordial and generous reception and one worthy of this noble cause. The Executive Committee were directed to prepare the following card stating the circumstances and needs of the Association:

To our Members and Friends.—The object of our Association is to promote the moral, social, intellectual and spiritual welfare of young men. We seek to obtain these ends by furnishing good employment, good boarding houses, social meetings for prayer, and an attractive resort for intellectual improvement and social intercourse. We welcome with warm hearts and hands strangers, clerks and operatives into our rooms and privileges, and by such influences hope to make them more faithful and valuable in their business relations and employments, whilst our members who are actively engaged in this work are by these ennobling activities constantly elevated into the strength of an earnest, honest Christian manhood. By thus elevating one class we hope to benefit all classes of the community.

Our work, however, cannot be accomplished without the pecuniary as well as moral aid of the people. Our active membership fee has been placed at the small sum of two dollars, so as to bring it within the reach of all classes of young men. Revenue from this source is therefore necessarily very small for meeting our expenditures for the equipment of our rooms, paying rent, salaries of employees, advertising, printing, charities and the other current expenses of the Association requiring an annual income of at least six thousand dollars. To supply the deficit and meet our present debt of eight hundred dollars, (part for the expenses of the Christian Convention,) the collection at the recent anniversary amounted to eighteen hundred dollars.

We therefore are constrained to appeal for aid both to our members and friends, to our members in the confidence that many of them are able and willing to contribute more than the annual fee of two dollars—to our friends, assured that in view of the result of our labors already under God's blessing, among the young men of our city, they will be glad to extend a liberal help in placing us upon a permanent basis of support. We appeal to thinking business men and manufacturers, to employers and employed, in a word, to all classes, to sustain us by the pledge, if possible, of an annual contribution or the gift of some sum, however small.

POSTOFFICE ROBBERIES.

STILL FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS.

Arrest of Four Supposed Thieves in New York City.

Fraudulent Attempt to Get a Check Cashed.

The particulars of the arrest of a young man named Robert A. Black, for robbing the Pittsburgh Postoffice on Sunday evening last, have been previously published. It will be remembered that on the evening mentioned a number of lock-boxes were opened, among them that of A. & D. H. Chambers, glass manufacturers, No. 117 Water street, and a hand reached through and arond to adjoining boxes, although no letters were in Mr. Chambers's box at the time. Black was seen to leave the lock-box postoffice door about that time, and when followed and arrested a number of keys and letters were found in his possession. On the day following he had a hearing before United States Commissioner McCandless, and was committed for trial.

Messrs. A. & D. H. Chambers state they have frequently of late missed drafts and papers of considerable value, which they supposed must have been taken from the mails. A check was forwarded several days ago from Pike & Co., Druggists, St. Louis, for one thousand two hundred and eighteen dollars, which was not received, and after the arrest of Black, it was supposed to have been taken from the Pittsburgh Postoffice.

On Tuesday afternoon about four o'clock the following dispatch was received by Mr. Chambers:

NEW YORK, October 29.

Alexander D. Chambers:

Shall we cash Pike & Co.'s check, payable to your order, twelve hundred and eighteen dollars, for a young man claiming to be your son.

G. W. HUBBARD, 76 William street.

Mr. Chambers immediately replied, stating that his son was at the present time in Pittsburgh, and directing Mr. Hubbard to have the pretender arrested.

At four o'clock, about an hour after the first dispatch arrived, a second was received, which was as follows:

NEW YORK, October 29.

Alexander D. Chambers:

Four persons arrested. Come on immediately, or we can not hold them. When will you be here?

G. W. HUBBARD.

The matter was immediately placed in the hands of the United States Marshal, and an officer has been sent to take the supposed thieves in custody.

Black was taken before the United States authorities yesterday morning, but it was not stated whether he made any disclousure. He was remanded to jail. The arrest of four parties in New York, under the circumstances, would seem to indicate that several persons have been engaged in opening lock boxes at this place, as the draft was probably taken from this postoffice.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

CRIMINAL COURT—JUDGES STERRETT AND STOWE.

In the cas of Alderman Lynch, reported on trial yesterday, for larceny as bailee, the jury found a verdict of not guilty.

THE RENDLER-HETZEL HOMICIDE—VERDICT OF NOT GUILTY.

Blazius Rendler was arraigned on an indictment charging him with causing the death of Louis Hetzel. The circumstances of the murder will doubtless be remembered. Rendler and his brother-in-law, Ignatius Ehrhardt, together with deceased, met at Geib's beer hall, Third ward, Allegheny, the evening of the 28th of August. A dispute arose between Ehrhardt and Rendler, in regard to the treatment of the latter's wife. They left the beer hall, and on reaching the street, the parties separated. Rendler crossed the street and made some insulting remark to the deceased and Ehrhardt, when the deceased started towards him to ask him what he wanted. A quarrel ensued during which Rendler drew a pair scissors and stabbed Hetzel in the neck. After the cutting Hetzel was removed to the house of J. J. Voltz, on Ohio street, where he remained until he died. The injured man lingered for a number of days, and death resulted from a hemorrhage from the wound, the blades of the scissors having severed the jugular vein. Rendler was arrested shortly after the cutting, and when taken to the Mayor's office, a pair of scissors, with marks of blood on the blades, were found in his possession.

District Attorney Duff appeared for the Commonwealth, and Messrs. Stone and Taylor for the defense.

A jury was empannelled and sworn, after which the District Attorney stated the case on the part of the Commonwealth. He stated that the jury might perhaps find a verdict of murder in the first or second degree, or of manslaughter. The defendant and deceased were at the corner of Second and Middle streets, and became involved in a quarrel, when the defendant struck deceased in the neck with a pair of shears, in such a manner as to cause his death.

J. J. Voltz, sworn—Reside on Ohio street, Allegheny; was acquainted with the deceased; he died at my house ten or eleven days after he was cut. Dr. Alcorn and Dr. Wilson were his attending physicians; had known deceased about six months; he had been living at my house about two weeks before he was cut.

Cross-examined—Deceased was cut on Tuesday, and died on the second Sunday following; think he died in September.

Dr. J. P. Alcorn, sworn—Attended Hetzel during his last illness; was called in early on Tuesday morning, the 28th of August, I think. I found him at Mr. Voltz's door, on a settee. After he was removed up stairs I found he was covered with blood; found that he had a severe wound in the neck. On closer examination with Dr. Wilson, we discovered the external jugular vein cut off. Hetzel was so severely injured that he died on Sunday morning, September 8th. Made a *post mortem* examination; found that the external jugular vein had been cut off, and the internal vein pierced. It was a wound made with a pointed instrument; there was a similar wound just below the jaw. The wound was not more than three-fourths of an inch wide. [The scissors found in the possession of defendant were produced.] The main wound could have been produced by the sissors; my impression is that they were open at the time, and that both wounds were inflicted at once. I thought when I first saw Hetzel that the wound was mortal. Did not think it impossible for him to recover, but thought it highly improbable. Told him that a second hemorrhage would would take place in a few days, and that it might result in death. Told him this to keep him quiet. Have no doubt that the wound caused his death.

Ignatius Ehrhardt, sworn—Reside in Allegheny; was acquainted with the deceased and with the prisoner. The prisoner worked with him; said Hetzel had some difficulty with Rendler; and heard that Rendler wanted to see the deceased; afterwards I met Hetzel, and he told me Rendler had cut him in the neck. The difficulty occurred near Houck's feed store; I followed Hetzel in about a minute after he started across the street, his exact words were, "Boys, Rendler cut me." Hetzel was bleeding when I first saw him and he became senseless.

Cross-examination—Had been acquainted with Rendler about eleven months; both the prisoner and deceased worked for me; they were painters; prisoner sometimes did paper hanging; the deceased and the prisoner were good friends; did not see prisoner knocked down; did not strike him or kick him; do not know where the cutting was done as I did not see it; Hetzel boarded at the house of J. J. Voltz.

J. Vogle, sworn—Reside on Second street, Allegheny City; at the time of the difficulty between Hetzel and Rendler was standing on the opposite corner; saw Rendler go into an alley and Hetzel followed him in after whispering a few words to Ehrhardt; after they were in a few minutes, Hetzel came running out and sat down in front of Geib's tavern and said to Ehrhardt he was stabbed, Hetzel pointed out Rendler as the man who stabbed him, and soon after Rendler ran off.

Court here took a recess until half-past one o'clock.

In the afternoon, Joseph Ditzel, Frederick Dierhurst, Mrs. Geiger, officer Sarber, and Mrs. Geip were sworn on the part of the Commonwealth.

THE DEFENSE.

L. P. Stone, Esq., opened the case for the defense. He said the main reason an acquittal would be asked for was that the prisoner was actuated by motives of self-preservation. From the testimony already offered it appeared that Rendler had been followed by the deceased and simply defended himself when attacked.

The following testimony was offerod for the defense:

Felix Andrews, sworn—Reside in Allegheny city; have heard the testimony in the case; was acquainted with Hetzel and Rendler; was hanging paper with Rendler on the Tuesday the difficulty occurred; Tuesday evening went home after the work was done; then met him at a saloon, near Third Colored Church, Allegheny; took some beer; played baggatelle until half-past eleven o'clock; then said we would go home, and when we got to Geib's corner met Ehrhardt; Hetzel and Ehrhardt got into a difficulty; spoke a few words to Hetzel, and looked around and saw prisoner getting up from the ground, and Hetzel spoke to them and told them to let each other alone, saw both of them (Ehrhardt and Rendler) both lying on the ground; after they made the matter up, I laid down on the steps and slept until after the stabbing; Hetzel and Bendler were good friends; this was just before twelve o'clock at night.

On the cross-examination witness said they had drank about eight glasses of beer apiece before the difficulty.

[illegible] Steele, sworn—Was not acquainted with Louis Hetzel; only saw him once before he was cut. Saw him afterwards. Louis Hetzel told me the day after he was cut that Ehrhardt had come after him, and he did not want to go; that Ehrhart had said he would keep him in boarding all winter if he would go, and he finally consented. Voltz came over last Monday, and the witness [illegible] told me I need not call on the lawyers for the defense.

On the cross-examination witness said she was a sister of Rendler, but they never knew each other as their father died when they were young and she was taken to one place and her brother to another. Hetzel had told her that the difficulty would not have occurred if Ehrhardt had not called for him.

J. W. Taylor addressed the Jury on behalf of the prisoner and was followed by L. P. Stone, Esq., who closed the case for the defense. The District Attorney made the closing argument and Judge Stowe charged the Jury.

THE VERDICT.

The Jury retired, and after an absence of about a quarter of an hour returned a verdict of not guilty.

SUPREME COURT.

Court met at the usual hour yesterday morning, full Bench present.

James A. Stranahan, of Mercer county, on motion of Hon. H. D. Foster, and John E. Scanlon, of Cambria county, on motion of Robert L. Johnston, Esq., were duly admitted and qualified to practice in this Court.

Diven vs. Diven; Armstrong county. Argued by Golden for plaintiff in error; Boggs contra, not heard.

Walthour vs. Gordon; Westmoreland. Argued by Logan for plaintiff in error and by Foster contra.

Green vs. Overseers of North Buffalo township, Armstrong. Argued by Boggs for plaintiff in error, and by Golden contra.

Aurentz vs. Porter; Indiana. Argued by White for plaintiff in error, and by Foster contra.

DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE WILLIAMS.

In the case of James Smith vs. the P. C. & C. R. R., the Court refused the motion of counsel for the defense for a non-suit. The case proceeded and the jury was out at adjournment.

The case of D. Fawcet & Co. vs. J. K. Lanahan was taken up. Action on a book account for the sum of $149 55, to which defendant makes the defense that he overpaid plaintiffs, and that at the time they brought their suit they were largely indebted to him. On trial.

TRIAL LIST.

The following is the trial list for to-day:

No. 48. Thomas H. Gibson vs. Andrew Martin.
No. 51. Head & Metzgar vs. Ruians.
No. 55. Bennett vs. Rodgers.
No. 56. Dittman & Co. vs. Miller & Erdner.
No. 57. Cheitham vs. Kerber.
No. 58. Cheitman vs. Fulton.
No. 63. Murdorf vs. Wickman.
No. 65. J. B. O'Neill vs. Daniel O'Neill.

COMMON PLEAS—BEFORE JUDGE MELLON.

Hall vs. Himmelwright & Karnes. Verdict for plaintiff for $333.

Wm. J. Duncan vs. John Duncan. Action for a promissory note. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $363 55.

Geo. Bingham & Co. vs. Alexander King. Action on mechanics lien. Jury out.

The following is the trial list for to-day:

14. Millenger & Bidwell vs. King & Co.
17. Smith vs. et al, Haigh.
18. Welsbaugh vs. Nusser.
19. Callymore, for use, vs. Bell.
23. Mittleberger et al. vs. Frey.
24. Brown vs. Bailey.
29. Stewart vs. Marshall, Fulton & Bollman.
31. Bates & Bell vs. T. J. Barker & Co.
32. Marx vs. Eisle.
30. Thompson, Bell & Co. vs. Collins.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—JUDGE M'CANDLESS.

The testimony in the O'Hara bankruptcy case has been concluded and the closing arguments will probably be heard to-day.

Miss McCaffrey's Concerts.

Owing to the inclemency of the weather, there was not so large an audience present at the Academy of Music, last night, as would otherwise have been. There was a fair attendance, however, and the audience was of a fashionable and discriminating character. The concert was one of the most delightful it has ever been our pleasure to attend, and all of the performers acquitted themselves in a manner highly creditable to their excellent reputation as vocalists. The opening trio, by Madame Behrens, and Messrs. Habelman and Benitz, was happily sung and warmly applauded. The songs "In Silent Night," and "The Love Star," by Mr. Habelman, and the ballad, "The Way to Paradise," by Madame Behrens were exquisitely rendered. We do not remember to have ever heard Mr. Habelman in better voice, his rich tenor being remarkably clear and expressive. Madame Behrens, as she always does, sang with much spririt and good effect. The Duett, "Alpine Morning," was admirably rendered by Misses Caroline and Helen McCaffrey, and they were greeted at its close with a hearty *encore*, as was also Madame Behrens for her singing of "L'Ardita." But the gem of the evening was the descriptive song, "The Storm," sung by Miss Caroline McCaffrey with great effect. She was rapturously applauded at its close, and in response, sang "The Angel's Whisper." Another *encore* greeted this performance, and the enthusiasm of the audience was only appeased by Miss McCaffrey singing with fine effect, "God Save Columbia." Miss McCaffrey is an accomplished soprano, and her vocalism is charmingly expressive. Altogether, the concert last evening was a genuine vocal treat, which all who heard it will remember with pleasure.

Miss McCaffrey's second and last concert will be given this evening, and we trust the weather may be propitious. The sale of seats will continue during to-day, at Mr. C. C. Mellor's music store, 81 Wood street.

Another Accident to Dr. Aborn.

Yesterday evening, between six and seven o'clock, as Dr. E. S. Aborn, of 134 Smithfield street, accompanied by Dr. Barr, were riding into the city from East Liberty, they met with an accident, which resulted in breaking a rib of the latter gentleman. It seems Dr. Aborn attempted to pass a wagon on Pennsylvania avenue, but the night being dark he did not observe a pile of bricks, upon which his horses clambered and upset the barouche, throwing Dr. A. out into the street and bruising him slightly. The horses then took fright, and ran a square dragging the vehicle on its side, Dr. Barr being still in it, when they were stopped. Dr. Barr was removed to a house in the vicinity, and surgical aid summoned to attend to his injuries, which are not serious. The barouche was rendered totally unfit for use, and the horses were slightly injured.

SNOW STORM LAST NIGHT.—Quite a change took place in the weather yesterday. The rain, which had been falling pretty heavily for two days, ceased, and the sun shone forth brightly during the entire day. About half past five o'clock in the evening, however, rain commenced to fall and poured down heavily until about eight o'clock, when snow fell for upwards of an hour. This is the first snow storm of the season.

Public Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—This evening the rising young comedian, C. T. Parsloe, Jr., will have a benefit, when the "Streets of New York" will be performed. "Badger" is one of Mr. Chanfrau's best delineations, and as the beneficiary appears in a capital character, a fine performance may be anticipated. Those who have laughed at "Dick Jenkinsin's" performances will not forget Parsloe to-night.

MASONIC HALL.—The Lubin Brothers' magical performances and presentations continue to attract good audiences at Masonic Hall.

DAN RICE.—It will be remembered that Dan Rice and his Great Show will be in the city to-day, and exhibit on the Red Lion Lot. The present visit is the last Dan will make this city in a professional way, and those who wish to see the great jester and most popular and successful showman of his time should improve the opportunity. Dan promises a farewell speech on Saturday night, but as all cannot attend in one night who would like to hear it, it is suggested that he gives it every evening during his brief stay. One thing is certain, if the Colonel was to attempt a review of his public career as man and boy, of his misfortunes and good fortune, he could not do it in one dozen evenings. At all events, Dan's extensive canvass will be filled to its utmost extent while it remains here.

Police Intelligence.

[Before Mayor Morrison, of Allegheny.]

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

A colored girl named Liddy White lodged complaint against a man named McGinniss, a resident of the Fifth ward, Allegheny, charging him with assault and battery. Liddy stated that she was employed in his family as a servant. She had always performed the work allotted to her faithfully, but her master of late seemed disposed to think otherwise. Yesterday he ordered her to leave, but she refused until such time as she might be paid over all her wages, part of which she alleged lay in his hands. He then proceeded to eject her by force, and, as she states, tore her clothes in the attempt. A warrant was issued.

[Before Alderman Taylor.]

ABANDONMENT.

This magistrate yesterday issued a warrant for the arrest of one James Ross, charged with abandoning his wife, Mary Ross, who alleges that he deserted her some time ago and has refused to support her.

THREATENED THEM.

Martha Brawdy made oath charging her brother, Martin Brawdy, with surety of the peace. She states that her brother followed her and a gentleman companion on the street with a knife, and threatened to kill them. A warrant for his arrest was issued.

[Before Alderman Humbert.]

ILLEGAL LIQUOR SELLING.

Thomas Flarety, a resident of Point street, made two informations yesterday against George Green, living on Water street, in the First ward, charging him with selling liquor without license and selling liquor on Sunday. The alleged violations of the law were committed on Sunday last. Green was arrested, waived a hearing and entered bail to appear at Court and answer both charges.

[Before Alderman Butler.]

WIFE ABANDONMENT.

Mrs. Bella Sample yesterday brought suit against her husband, John S. Sample, for abandonment. The prosecutrix alleges she was married to Sample recently, and that since their marriage he has utterly refused to support her. A warrant has been issued for his arrest. The parties live in Allegheny.

HELD FOR TRIAL.

Hearings were had in the cases of Fanny Splane vs. Sarah Smith, and Dick Splane vs. John Smith, both for assault and battery, which resulted in the defendant in each case being held to bail for trial at court.

A Cold Seems a Small Affair.

Most people neglect it. Who minds it? Yet a cold may turn to consumption, and then follows almost certain death. Catarrh is one of the results of a cold. It is curable and that speedily by Dr. E. S. Aborn, at his Medical and Surgical Rooms, No. 134 Smithfield street.

$125 GEM ORGAN, five octaves, rich Rosewood case, carved brackets and moulding, with "*Tremolo*" and Forte Stops, also, Knee Swell. Charlotte Blume, 43 Fifth street.

SITES FOR PRIVATE RESIDENCES—On Rridge street, Allegheny City. See Smithson, Palmer & Co.'s advertisement in Auction column, under heading of Valuable City property.

"PRINCE & CO.'S" world-renowned Automatic Organs, School Organs and Melodeons. Send for illustrated catalogue. For sale only by Charlotte Blume, 43 Fifth street.

IMPROVED PROPERTY OPPOSITE UNION DEPOT, on Liberty street, at auction, on Saturday, November 9th, at 2 P. M. See advertisement of Smithson, Palmer & Co., Auctioneers.

$100. New 5 Octave Melodeons, rosewood case, serpentine mouldings, round corners, "Tremolo" and Forte Stops. These are the best instruments for the price made. At Blume's Music Store, 43 Fifth street.

VALUABLE WOOD STREET PROPERTY.—At auction, on Tuesday, November 5th, at three P. M., on the premises, will be sold the very desirable corner lot, fronting 21 feet on Wood street, and extending in depth along Third street 124 feet, on which is erected the three storied brick business house, at present occupied by Messrs. J. F. Stark & Co., Bankers, and others. See advertisement of Smithson, Palmer & Co., in auction column.

AT EDGEWOOD STATION, THIS DAY.—Attractive sale of desirable residences and building lots at auction, this day. Parties wishing to attend this sale can take the 9:50 or 11:30 A. M. trains, thereby giving themselves sufficient time to make a thorough examination of the various lots and dwellings, the sale of which will commence at 2 P. M. The situation of this property is a delightful one. Edgewood being one of the most flourishing villages on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, all the accommodation trains stopping at the station. There are schools, churches, &c., within easy access, and residents can have all the pleasures and comforts of country life. Monthly commutation tickets are issued, costing only eight cents per trip to this station, being as cheap as on City Passenger Railway cars. Smithson, Palmer & Co., Auctioneers.

THE EXCITEMENTS WHICH ARE CONSTANTLY exercising the public mind are various, and by common consent the greatest is produced by those matchless merchant tailors, Messrs. H. Oppenheimer & Co., No. 83 Wood street. They have just opened their new stock of tailoring and gents' furnishing goods, and we are told by those who have examined it that Oppenheimer takes the lead as usual.

$75. Polished Walnut 5 Octave Melodeons, serpentine moulding and fancy music desk. Charlotte Blume, 43 Fifth street.

SELLING OFF AT COST.—A rare stock of jewelry at Reineman, Meyran & Seidle's, No. 29 Fifth street, prior to removing into their new and elegant building, No. 42 Fifth street. tf

Bricks, Bricks, Bricks.

All who want bricks of a superior quality and at the lowest market price, should consult their interests by calling at the office of Messrs. Gard & Orth, manufacturers of the Gard Machine Brick, No. 80 Fourth street (Apollo Building), or at their brickyard, corner Central Avenue and Duncan street.

Eye, Ear, Throat, Lung, Chest Diseases, Catarrh,

Successfully treated by Dr. Aborn, 134 Smithfield street. A book by mail 50cents.

THE BEST LIVERY AND SALE STABLE in the city is at Nos. 139 and 141 Pennsylvania avenue. Call and examine. William Ward, Manager. tf

GODFREY & CLARK manufacture the best paper sacks in the United States for putting up flour, corn meal, &c. Call and see them. Warehouse, No. 357 Liberty street.

Malaria Everywhere.

Rarely has there been a season as fruitful as this of malarious diseases. Not only on the prairies and in the valleys of the West; not merely in all the old haunts of Fever and Ague and Bilious Remittent Fever have these prostrating diseases been unusually virulent; but they have extended to towns and cities never before infested with them, and have even ascended the mountains and attacked thousands of people supposed to have been placed by the laws of Nature, above their reach. Hence we are compelled to admit that a fatal element pervades the Universal air this season, and should at once resort to the only approved preventive of its consequences, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, a tonic so potent, an anti-septic so perfect, an alterative so irresistible, and a stimulant so pure that it enables the human system to resist and battle all the predisposing causes of disease. With the confidence that one clothed in incombustible garments might move among blazing buildings, the man who arms himself against malaria with this powerful *defensive medicine* may walk a fever-scourged district fearless of its insalubrious atmosphere. The intermittents and remittents at present so general in all parts of the country may be but the forerunners of a deadlier scourge now on its way westward from the far East. Prepare the system with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS for a successful battle with the mephitic causes of *all epidemics*. Be wise in time.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Pitts. Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

Nimick & Co, 6 cars pig iron; J Wood, Son & Co, 2 do do; James Gardiner & Co 100 barrels flour; H Schnelback, 1 car bran, 1 car corn; Keil & Ritchart, 1 car middlings; T C Jenkins, 100 barrels flour, 20 sacks meal, 6 do rye, 20 barrels apples; Kirkpatrick, Hezron & Co, 100 barrels flour; J W Simpson, 1 car wheat; Z Wainwright, 6 bales hops; John White Jr, Atwell, Lee & Co, 25 boxes tobacco; Cope & Co, 8 bundles dry hides; Shoenberger & Blair, 5 cars lime stone; M Hull; 1 car shelled corn; J Murphy, 1 box tobacco; G Stone, 3 barrels, 3 half barrels scrap iron; Forsyth, Taylor & Co, 2 boxes scales; F Jackson, 1 box, 1 bale merchandise; E Megraw & Co, 6 barrels tobacco; T K Smith, 160 sacks potatoes; G B Myers, 100 barrels apples; H Gerwig, 3 bundles twine; Haworth, McDonald & Co, 10 dozen washboards; John Atewell, 5 barrels flour; Arbuckles & Co, 50 boxes cheese; J Connor, 30 do do; C E Chopler, 140 do do; Markle, Dickson & Co, 48 sacks rags; W P Logan, 2 barrels whiting; S McMahon & Co, 31 oil barrels; M McWhinney & Co, 20 bundles poles; L H Voigt & Co 18 barrels apples, 1 barrel quinces; G N Hoffstott, 1 barrel cider, 1 do apples, 1 do pumpkins; T Hagar, 1 box butter; Glaff, Bennett & Co, 1 car fire clay; W J Meck, 140 sacks oats; K Bracken, 1 car stone; Geo Myer, 15 barrels cider; H Rea Jr, 10 barrels apples, 5 barrels cider, 2 half barrels butter, 8 kegs do; Buffum, Kehew & Co, 114 oil barrels; J Rams 2 cars lumber; Farke, Bro & Co, 1 car logs; E B Matthews & Co, 11 dozen brooms.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—J Craig, 4 bxs; C Glenn, 2 sks, 1 bbl; Paper Mfg Co, 121 bdls paper; Fahnestock, 16 sks kegs; W F Townsend, 13 casks; S McClaren, 76 bbls apples; W Struthers, 21 sks, 10 bbls; G Gerst, 54 sks barley; M Weil & Co, 61 bags oats, 8 do rye, 1 bag of bags; Reymer & Co, 75 empty kegs; S P Shriver & Co, 4 bbls sugar; Superior Iron Co, 2 cars lime stone; J W Simpson, 2 cars middlings; Stewart & Langenheim, 100 bbls flour; J Mans & H, 1 car shingles; Heppir & M, 1 car middlings; R Knox & Son, 100 bbls flour; McIntyre & McNish, 1 car stone.

Per Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Nimick & Co 4 cars pig iron, 488 billets iron; T M Howe, 2 masses copper; Hitchcock, McCreery & Co, 2 cars corn; E S Ramsay, 8,024 feet lumber; W W Rigdon & Co, 16,000 do do; Edward Allen, 8,000 do do; Bryan & Caughey, 8 cars washington ore, 2 do L Shore; Zug & Co, 2 cars Washington do; W H Shoenberger & Blair, 2 cars L S ore; Wood, Matthews & Co, 2 kegs nuts; 1 car clay; E Hezzelton, 165 barrels potatoes, 19 do beans; Parke, Bro & Co, 109 blooms iron; W A Clemens, 112 barrels potatoes, 13 barrels apples; J J Bender, 1 car kegs; National Refining & Storing Co, 10 barrels and 10 half barrels paint; W Britten, 56 sacks oats; Culp & Shepard, 1 car barley; F Kuber, 5 barrels cider; Carter, McGrew & Co 5 barrels apples; I Rohrkaster, 10 do do; A Roedelheim, 1 do pearl barley; Schomaker & Lang, 15 kegs do; Pettit & Newlin, 51 barrels apples; W H Kirkpatrick & Co 7 do beans, Dodson & Bro, 1 car oats, Graff & Reiter, 10 barrels beans, 11 do apples; I & W Fairley, 1 car corn; J Glenn, 68 sacks rye; Spencer & McKay, 182 sacks barley; J T Glass, 68 barrels s f oil; W McCutcheon, 50 do do.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—E T Kennedy & Bro, 1 car wheat; R R Knox & Son, 4 cars shelled corn; D Davis, 11 bbls apples; Stewart & Langenheim, 250 bbls flour; Frazier & Bro, 8,000 feet lumber; Nanz & H, 8,000 do; Rudolph & L, 7,000 do; Lewis, Bailey, Dalzell & Co, 3 cars ore.

Pitts, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad.

R E Sellers & Co, 1 barrel castor oil; G N Hoffstott, 81 green hides; J C Neal, 2 barrels whisky; M McWhinney & Co, 2 boxes hardware; S C Gould, 3 barrels merchandise; Carter, McGrew & Co, 5 half butts tobacco; W L Jones, 20 boxes tobacco; J Lippincott, 10 tcs lard; Eagle Cotton Mills, 3 bales cotton; Miller & Frazey 70 barrels apples; R Wilkinson, 27 barrels potatoes; Fraunheim, Miller & Co, 22 sacks barley; C W Batchelor, 20 sacks oats; Meanor & Harper, 12 barrels apples; Pittsburgh Paper Mfg Co, 25 bundles printing paper; J Johnston, 2 cans apple butter; Graff & Reiter, 2 barrels onions, 20 do apples; M W Rankie, 3 do eggs; J B Dorington 1 bx hatchets; Lyon, Shorb & Co, piece casting; J Gangwish, 32 sacks barley; C H Love & Co, 16 sacks oats; David Kyle, 1 barrel cider, 1 do fruit; A Mattock, 1 car barley; L H Voigt & Co, 266 bbls apples.

Per Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Johnson, Taylor & Co, 1 car fire brick; B A Fahnestock's Son & Co, 1 box merchandise; W J Meek, 12 sacks rye; E T Kennedy & Bro, 44 sacks wheat; W Bingham, 65 sacks rye; Wm Engle, 1 box merchandise; J H Graham, 10 packages marketing, 3 sheep; Johnson, Laine & Co, 47 barrels refined oil; McKnight, Porter & Co, 2 car pig iron; Harrison & Bro, 1 car stone; J Moorhead, 1 car pig iron; Mr Kirk, 23 head sheep; J Kee & Bro, 1 box merchandise; Fisher Bros, 300 barrels crude oil; S H Moore, 2 boxes merchandise; Adams & Austin, 10 sacks potatoes; Monongahela House, 5 packages marketing; Various Owners, 3 cars do;

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

A & D H Chambers, 3 cars sand; E T Kennedy & Bro, 35 sks wheat; L H Voigt & Co, 13 sks potatoes, 32 do apples; S S Fowler, 4 pcs castings; W Pears, 13 bbls apples; Markle, Dickson & Co, 79 bdls printing paper; W F Armstrong, 10 tons pig metal, 1 bale hops; Michaels, Arbuthnot & Co, 320 bxs glass; E Hezzelton, 1 bbl oil; S M Wickersham, 29 tons pig iron; Page, Zellers & Duff, 1 car sand; W McInlly & Co, 1 do; Millinger & Estep, 1 do; Lorenze & Whiteman, 2 do; J M Rhodes, 60 bbls cement; R H Palmer, 1 car fire clay; F Sellers & Co, 1 cask bacon; Watt & Wilson, 1 bbl beans; A Steinmyer, 4 rolls leather; L Buckner, 3 rolls do; G N Hoffstott, 2 do; G H Anderson & Co, 2 bbls flour; Lewis, Oliver & Phillips, 8 kegs nuts; H Reamer, 10 bbls apples.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Brownsv. and Geneva U. S. Mail Line.

S Robinson, 19 bars iron; Smith, Johnson & Colvin, 1 bbl eggs; J D Kain, 1 bbl whisky; A Morsbery 14 sks corn, 14 bbls apples; Gwynn & Stoneman, 37 sks oats; J McDonald Crossen, 1 bbl whisky; J S Moorhouse, 1 bbl whisky, 200 bdls straw boards; Mrs Martin, 2 bxs mdse; M W Rankin, 341 bbls quinces; R H Conway, 34 sks corn; John Flack, 100 bxs glass; J B Sweitzer, 1 keg cider; W Jones, 1 lot hides; R C Schmertz, 220 bxs glass.

Pitts Brownv. and Geneva People's Line.

Wm Shamm, 9 bbls apples; John Flack, 216 bxs glass; VanGorder & Sheppard, 3 bxs mdse; A F Gabler, 203 bxs glass; R H Conway, 17 sks wool, 20 do rye; Monongahela House, 3 bbls vinegar; S P Shriver & Co, 9 pkgs.

MARRIED:

TYLER—AITKEN—On October 24th, in Philadelphia, by Rev. F. W. Hunter, D. D., WM. L. TYLER, Esq., of this city, to LILIAN G. AITKEN, of Philadelphia.

THE BEST SEWING MACHINE,
THE SIMPLEST SEWING MACHINE,
THE HIGHEST PREMIUM SEWING MACHINE,
IS
WHEELER & WILSON'S.
SALESROOM, NO. 27 FIFTH STREET.

MARVIN'S
CRACKERS
ARE
THE BEST
IN MARKET.
Wholesale and Retail
91 Liberty Street,
FOOT OF FOURTH.

ROBERT CHRISTY,
GRAVEL ROOFER,
OFFICE, COR. FIFTH AND WOOD STREETS,
mThs Over National Bank of Commerce.

THE
GROVER & BAKER
Has stood the test on every conceivable kind of work, and has outlived the criticisms and envy of all its opponents and rivals. For sale at No. 108 FIFTH STREET.

CHRONIC
CATARRH
CURED.

TESTIMONIAL
FROM
Hon. M. C. Beebe,
OF
Pleasantville, Crawford Co., Pa.

Dr. Aborn, No. 134 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.:

Dear Sir—Some five years ago my son Willie commenced showing symptoms of catarrh of the head, which continued to grow worse until his system was so debilitated as to preclude an active enjoyment of the sports of childhood or pursue any system of study, or attend at school, and at times was entirely prostrated with lingering fever—some times, for weeks together, with a constant manifestation of the symptoms of the disease, such as a constant hacking, nostril discharges, &c., irritation of the throat, &c., causing nausea. All the usual appliances and treatment of physicians, etc., had failed to afford relief until you were applied to during your professional visit at Titusville last winter, when he began to improve immediately after commencing your treatment, and continued to improve until now he enjoys a good state of health, and is able to participate in the active sports of childhood with zest, as well as pursue his studies without interruption. I have omitted to make this statement heretofore, as I wished to be satisfied that the relief was permanent.

Respectfully yours,
M. C. BEEBE.
Pleasantville, Pa., October 24, 1867.

CARD.
E. S. ABORN, M. D.,
CONSULTING
AND
Operative Surgeon and Physician,
FOR DISEASES OF THE
Eye,
Ear,
Head,
Throat
AND THE
Organs
of the Chest,
and Chronic
Diseases
Generally,
ESPECIALLY SUCH CASES AS HAVE BEEN CONSIDERED INCURABLE,
EMBRACING
Deafness,
Discharge
from the Ears,
Buzzing and
Singing Noises
in the Head,
Diseases
of the Eye,
Catarrh
of the Head,
Laryngitis,
Trachitis,
Bronchitis,
Asthma and
Consumption,
as well as Diseases
of the Heart and
the Digestive
Apparatus.
MEDICAL AND SURGICAL
ROOMS,
No. 134 Smithfield St.,
NEARLY OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

CONVERSION OF 7-30'S.
We are now prepared to convert the Second and Third Series of
SEVEN-THIRTIES,
INTO THE
New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
Dealers in Government Securities,
COR. FOURTH AND WOOD STS.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,
Bankers,
AND DEALERS IN
Government Securities,
Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Streets.
We will give holders of JUNE AND JULY SEVEN-THIRTIES the interest at 7 3-10 per cent. to January 1st, and give them in exchange
5-20 Bonds of 1867.
Interest in Gold at 6 per cent. from that date.
IRA B. M'VAY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, October 30, 1867.

The banks were in a condition to let out a large amount of money to-day, and the discounts are reported to be on a liberal scale. There is usually one good day with them in a week, and probably this was the one for the present week. But, notwithstanding, a great deal of first-class paper was on the outside market, and was put at rates much in advance of what custom has established at bank. It is thought that the immense volume of currency which has been drawn from the Eastern financial centers and disbursed towards moving the crops in the West will soon be felt, and contribute much towards producing an easier condition in the money market here, as well as at other important commercial points. The heavy rains within the past few days, and the promising aspect of the weather for more rain, give encouragement of a rise in our rivers, which will float our well filled coal barges, with millions of bushels of the "black diamonds," to the exhausted markets below, contributing pecuniary relief to our numerous coal merchants and lightening up their burdens which they have been too long resting under.

—Government securities are up a fraction to-day, and the market is reported firmer. The quotations received by Messrs. McVay & Co., and J. T. Brady & Co., show the following changes:

U. S. 6s 1881	111½
5-20s, 1862	112½
" 1864	109½
" 1865, May and November	109½
" 1865, January and July, 1865	107½
U. S. 10-40s	100½
December Compounds, 1864	118½
June 7-30s	105¼
July 7-30s	105¼
Gold	141½
U. S. 5-20s, 1867	107½

—The railway stock market is dull and unsettled. There is no outside interest, and operators, outside the cliques, are not disposed to buy at current prices. The "bull" combinations resort to sundry expedients for keeping up prices, but at the same time are selling their stocks. Present indications point to a settled dullness. The quotations at noon to-day were as follows:

Michigan Southern	78½
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	82
Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago	97
Erie	72½
Chicago & Northwestern	47½

—The fact that Erie and Northwestern common are the two firmest stocks on the list shows how artificial is the character of the support the market is receiving. The dividend paying stocks are in some instances worth what they are selling for; but the case is the reverse with most of the non-dividend paying securities, and no substantial raise can be expected in the latter while the former are drooping. The manipulators of Erie and Northwestern in common will consequently have to sustain the stocks of undoubted value before they can hope to do much with them with any certainty of ultimate success.

—At Philadelphia, the *Ledger* of yesterday says, there is still an anxious demand for money, but the supply is equal to the demand where the security is unquestioned and the payment at short time. Call loans are steady at 7 per cent., and such commercial paper as is rejected by the banks, if considered prime, is placed on the street at from 8 to 10 per cent. per annum discount. The banks are very much pressed for discounts—more than they can accommodate. Irregular paper is heavy at 1@1½ per cent. a month. The banks of that city show by their statement a loss of $447,728 of loans, $21,379 specie, and $798,199 of deposits, and an increase of $182 of legal tenders, and $108 of circulation. The reduction of loans shows that the banks are steadily narrowing their business, and a continued loss of deposits, that the depositors cannot afford to hold large unemployed balances. The exhibit on the whole shows a lessened business and less ability or indisposition on the part of the banks to afford relief in the market.

—At Cincinnati, the *Gazette* of yesterday reports the money market as exceedingly stringent, the demand being very heavy, and borrowers very urgent to have their claims recognized. Nearly all branches of business are represented in the applications for loans, but only a moderate portion of the paper offered was taken. The paper maturing was large in the aggregate, and notwithstanding the tight money market it was generally paid up. Only some collection paper remained over at the close of bank hours. Rates of interest are unchanged, prime names being taken at 8@10 ₩ cent. of depositors, and first class paper at 12 ₩ cent. in the open market. Other kinds are neglected, higher rates of interest being no inducement to take extra risks at this time.

—The Chicago *Republican*, of the 28th, says: The money market is still close and firm, and applicants for loans are more numerous than the bankers are willing to accommodate. The principal demand is from parties who are dealing in grain, but there is also considerable mercantile paper on the market, which is closely scrutinized. Speculative paper is at a heavy discount, and seeks the street for negotiation, parties paying as high as 2 per cent. per month for money. The bankers are making advances to their regular customers to the extent to which they are entitled, but no overdrafts are allowed.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, THURSDAY, October 31, 1867.

BUSINESS—The market since our last was devoid of activity, buyers manifesting but little disposition to operate. There seems to be but little oil required to meet the contracts for October. Notwithstanding the advance in the European market, prices here for next month's delivery have declined half a cent per gallon. Dispatches from the East furnish the following quotations:

PHILADELPHIA—S W, 31@31½c; P L S to W, 30@30½c; crude, including bbls, 20@20½c ₩ gal.

NEW YORK—P L S to W, 31c; S W, 32c; crude, in bulk, 14@14½c.

Oil City dispatches quote the market dull and prices nominal, with no prospect of a rise. The refined operations were 3,000 bbls, all for November delivery, at the following figures: 1,000 bbls S W, Philadelphia, B O, 33½c, and 2,000 bbls do, same month, 33c, being a decline of half a cent ₩ gal; other lots were under consideration, but had not been consummated when we left the market.

CRUDE—The receipts since our last were 820 bbls. The sales reported were 3,500 bbls, deliverable as follows: 2,500 bbls bulk, first rise, 11c, and 1,000 bbls bulk, November, S. O., at 11c. Later in the day there were plenty of sellers at 11c for first water, but no buyers. The advantages of the market were on the side of buyers.

Oil Receipts per River and Rail.

D. Bly & Co	45	W. McCutcheon	222
S. M. Cummings	25	R. McGinniss	6
Fisher Bro	352	W. P. Logan	140
Brewer, Burke & Co	30		
Total			820

Oil Shipped East by A. V. R. R.

Forsyth, Bro & Co, 265 bbls ref to W G Warden, Philadelphia.
Nat. Ref. & St. Co, 250 bbls ref. to Emil Schalk, Philadelphia.
Clark & Sumner, 275 bbls ref. to J P Logan & Co, Philadelphia.
Braun & Wagner, 300 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.
Mackeown & Bro, 112 bbls ref. to W G Warden, Philadelphia.
S McMahon & Co, 105 bbls ref to W P Logan & Bro Philadelphia.
O E Jones, 150 bbls ref. to F A Dilworth & Co, Philadelphia.
Lockhart & Frew, 226 bbls ref., Phila.

Oil Shipped East from Duquesne Depot.

Hutchinson Oil Ref. Co, 144 bbls ref to L Wilcox, Philadelphia.
Brooks, Ballentine & Co, 56 bbls ref. to W G Warden, Phila.
Duncan & Williams, 50 bbls ref to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.
Fleming & Co, 500 bbls ref, to W P Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.
Fleming & Co, 160 bbls ref. to W P Wimmer, Phila
W McCutcheon, 56 bbls crude to J Parkhurst & Son Baltimore.
H M Long & Co, 60 bbls refined to W G Warden, Philadelphia.

Oil City Oil Market.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

OIL CITY, October 30, 1867.

No material change in prices, Crude rating at about $3 50 at Oil City; on the Creek $3 20@3 25; steady with a moderate demand. No change in the river. The weather to-day was warm, with alternate sunshine and clouds. No rain since last evening.

WOOL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, WEDNESDAY, October 30, 1867.

The market still continues quiet, with scarcely any transactions worth noting. Dealers and local buyers in view of the depressed state of trade and dullness in the Eastern markets, are unwilling to purchase unless at lower prices; while on the other hand, growers of fine wool, in view of the recent high tariff and heavy expenses attending the care and feeding of sheep, are not willing to accept lower prices, and prefer holding their clips until after the new year opens, believing that desirable lots of fine wool will then command much better prices. Our quotations are merely nominal, ranging from 35c to 50c for common to full blood.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, October 30.—Flour dull and weak; city XX $9 75@10 25; country do $9@9 50; X $8 50@8 87. Wheat irregular at $1 91 for No. 1, $1 83 for No. 2. Oats declined to 55@56c for No. 2. Corn firm at $1 13 for No. 1, $1 11 for No. 2.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, WEDNESDAY EVENING, October 30, 1867.

Trade to-day was moderate in all branches. In no particular article was there any active demand, or trade, exhibited. Flour is only in moderate demand. The grocery business is dull, with a decline reported in several articles.

The receipts of some of the leading articles of produce, since our last, were as follows: Flour 550 bbls; apples 1,065 bbls; cheese 87 boxes; corn 1,114 sacks; wheat 320 sacks; barley 914 sacks; rye 1,103 sacks; and oats 207 sacks.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale store prices unless otherwise noted:

BUTTER—Receipts continue small and inadequate to supply the demand, at 35@40c ₩ lb for choice table. Medium sells at prices ranging from 25 to 30c ₩ lb.

EGGS—Receipts light and demand good at 26@28c ₩ dozen.

APPLE BUTTER—Sales were made at 80c ₩ gallon. In the Diamond Market the retail price was 20@25c ₩ quart.

BEANS—Receipts small. Sales from store were made at $3 50@4 00 ₩ bushel, with a good demand at these prices.

DRIED FRUIT—We note sales of Dried Peaches at 14c per lb for halves, and of Dried Apples at 8c ₩ lb for old, and 9c ₩ lb for new.

APPLES—Receipts large, and sales of choice dull at $3 50@4 00 ₩ barrel. It is only an extremely choice article that brings these figures.

CHESTNUTS—Receipts continue light and prices rule high. We quote at $9 ₩ bush.

CIDER—Sales reported at $7@9 ₩ bbl, as to quality and size of bbl.

CRANBERRIES—We quote cultivated at $14 ₩ bbl and common at $12 50@13 00 ₩ bbl.

POTATOES—Choice Irish potatoes are quoted at $3 50 ₩ bbl. Sales in the Diamond market were made at $1 05@1 10 ₩ bush. Sweet Jersey potatoes are dull at $4 ₩ bbl.

BACON—Trade moderately active at 23c for sugar-cured hams; 22c for plain sugar-cured hams, and 14½c for shoulders.

LARD—We quote lard at 14¼@14½c ₩ lb, in kegs. Sales of country were made at 14½c ₩ lb.

MESS PORK—Dull at $23 ₩ bbl.

FEATHERS—We note sales, from first hands, of Tennessee feathers at 80@85c ₩ lb, as to quantity purchased.

OATS—On the platform we note sales at 65c, and from country wagons at the same figures. From store sales were reported at 67@70c ₩ bbl.

HAY—We note sales of prime timothy hay, by country wagons, at $18@23 00 ₩ ton.

BARLEY—Offerings light. We quote spring in demand at $1 30, and fall at $1 40 ₩ bushel.

RYE—Receipts light and demand fair at $1 50@1 55 ₩ bushel for No. 1.

WHEAT—Receipts light. We quote red winter in demand, by millers, at $2 50@2 60 ₩ bush, and white wheat at $2 60@2 70 ₩ bush.

FLOUR—There is only a moderate demand at $10 75@11 00 for choice spring wheat brands, and $11 75@12 25 ₩ bbl for winter. Rye flour is quoted at $8 75@9 00 ₩ bbl, and buckwheat flour at $6 00 ₩ cwt. The City Mill prices are as follows:

	Barrels.	In Paper Sacks, ₩ bbl.	Retail, in bbls.
St Louis	$13 10	$12 80	$13 75
City Mills	12 30	12 00	13 00

Retail, white wheat, in sacks, $3 40, and red wheat flour $3 20 ₩ sack.

FEED—Mill prices for shorts, per hundred, wholesale, $1 60, and middlings $2 50 per hundred. The following are the Washington street mill prices: Corn meal, ₩ bushel, $1 35; chop corn and oats, ₩ hundred, $2 60; chop corn, ₩ hundred, $2 60, and corn bran, ₩ hundred, $1 50.

Groceries.

Business dull. Sugars have declined ½c since our last report. Rice lower, with large stock of Carolina on the way. Coffee is weak and our quotations may be taken as outside figures. The Eastern coffee market is extremely dull.

COFFEE—Old Government Java, 38c; Laguayra, 27@28c; Rio, choice 28c; prime, 27c; good, 25@26c; roasting, 24c.

SUGARS—Porto Rico, 14@15c; Cuba, 13@14c; Sugar House, 11½@12½c; Granulated, 17½c; Powdered, 17½c; Crushed, 17½c; A Coffee, 16½c; B do, 16½c; extra C, 16c.

MOLASSES—New Orleans, ———; Porto Rico, 75@85c; Cuba, 60@70c; Demerara, 90c.

SYRUP—Lovering's, $1 00; other choice brands, $1 00@1 05; fair to good, 60@85c.

TEAS—Young Hyson, common to finest, 90c@$1 85; Imperial and Gunpowder, do, $1 25@2 00; Japan, 90c@$1 25; Oolong, 90c@$1 75.

RICE—Carolina, 11½@12c; Rangoon, 10½@11c.

VINEGAR—Pure white wine vinegar, in original packages, 75c; common 25@30c.

FISH—No. 1 Shore Mackerel, $23; No. 1 Bay, do, $23; No. 2 Bay, do, $18; No. 3 large do, $12 50@13 00; Lake Herring, $3 75; White Fish, $6 75.

SODA—English Bicarb 10c.

SPICES—Pimento, 35c; Pepper, 35c; Cloves, 45c; Nutmegs, $1 60; Cassia, 75c.

SOAP—Proctor & Gamble's Olive, 11c; Babbett's, 12c; Oakley's, 11½c.

LYE—Concentrated Lye, $6 50@8 50.

LARD OIL—Proctor & Gamble extra No. 1 Lard Oil $1 10.

CANDLES—Proctor & Gamble's star candles, 28c for full weight.

INDIGO—Madras 90c@$1 50; Manilla 45c@$1 45.

BAR LEAD—12½c.

DROP SHOT—13c.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CINCINNATI.

Cattle—At the Brighton Pens the supply since Thursday was light, footing up to 236 head; the quality was fair, with a good demand. All were sold as fast as they came in, the supply being short of the demand. The butchers were the only buyers. An advance in prices took place, the market closing firm. We quote sales: Common, 3½@4c; medium, 4½@5c, and choice, 5@6c, gross. At the Union Stock Yard, owing to the light run of Cattle for the past week, there seems to be an improved demand. The market is more active, and prices have advanced from ¼@½c ₩ lb on good butchers' cattle. All the cattle offered on Monday sold freely at the following prices: Extra butchers' cattle, 5½@6c; fair to good, 4@5c; common to inferior, 3@4c; shipping, [illegible] At the Great Western Stock Yards, the receipts since Thursday last, were light, and the demand better, and prices advanced $1 ₩ cwt; scalawags, $1 25@3 25; medium, $5 25@6 50; butchers' stuff, $6 50@7 25.

Hogs—At the Brighton Pens the supply being light Hogs have advanced 25c ₩ 100 lbs since our last report, with a good demand. All sold readily at the following prices: Extra butchers', 6½@7c; light, 6@6½c.

COVINGTON, KY.

Cattle—Market brisk, and sales easy to make. During the past week the receipts amounted to 2,037 head, 1,080 of which were shipped Eastward, and the remainder sold here at about the following prices: First quality of butcher stuff $5 75@6 00 ₩ 100 lbs; second quality do, $5 00@5 25; third quality do, $4@4. Extra or shipping cattle $7.

Sheep and Lambs—The supply is about equal to the demand. The receipts since our last report have amounted to 1,168 head, the most of which were sold at $3 75@4 00 ₩ 100 lbs, for the first quality of sheep, $3 00@3 25 for the second quality, and $2 25@2 50 for the third quality. Lambs $4 00@3 50 ₩ head.

Hogs—The receipts during the past week foot up 3,623 head, 1,300 of which were sold previous to arrival. The remainder found purchasers on small lots at from $6 00@6 75 ₩ 100 lbs, gross. Owing to the unfavorable weather for slaughtering, sales are quite slow at the foregoing figures.

Lumber in Chicago.

The *Republican*, of Tuesday, says the receipts have been quite liberal since our last report, and the market to-day was dull and weaker; with buyers not disposed to take hold actively at the prices demanded. If sales had been forced holders would have had to make concessions, which they seemed unwilling to do. At the close of the market there were upwards of twenty cargoes at the dock unsold. Shingles were quoted the same as previous figures, and lath were steady at $2 50 ₩ cargo. The sales include the following:

Cargo of schr J. Vilas, from Grand River, 135,867 ft mixed at $14; 32,300 pcs lath at $2 50. Sold by Roberts, Calkins & Hall. Cargo of schr Australia, from Muskegon, 150,000 ft ½ strips, balance boards, at $17. Sold by Chas Deming & Co. Cargo of schr Alos, from Muskegon, 85,000 ft, common mixed rafted at $11 50; sold by Chas. Demming & Co. Cargo of schr Pilot, from Green Bay, 500,000 ft A sawed shingles at $3 75; 200,000 No. 1 sawed shingles, at $1 75; sold by Blanchard & Boreland; cargo of schr Speed, from Grand river, 90,000 ft, 60 ₩ ct. strips, balance mixed at $14 50; lath at $2 50; flat pickets at $10. Cargo of schr Hubbard, from Grand River, 90,000 ft ½ strips, balance mixed, at $15. Sold by Irish & Fuller. Cargo of schr Adda, from Dalton's mill, 82,000 ft on docks, at $14. Sold by John J. Healy. Cargo of schr Joses, from Muskegon, 110,000 ft, ½ strips, balance mixed, at $14; lath at $2 50. Cargo of schr Octava, from Muskegon, 40,000 ft strips, at $15; 300 pcs latt, at $2 50; 137,000 A sawed shingles at $3 75. Sold by Chas. Deming & Co.

Flour and Grain in Chicago.

The following shows the receipts and shipments of flour and grain at Chicago, during the past week for two years:

RECEIPTS.	1867.	1866.
Flour, bbls	63,867	74,855
Wheat, bush	780,401	630,768
Corn, bush	347,676	493,660
Oats, bush	542,943	345,030
Rye, bush	49,593	106,579
Barley, bush	72,001	127,615
SHIPMENTS.		
Flour, bbls	60,324	62,458
Wheat, bush	357,075	304,483
Corn, bush	356,190	349,969
Oats, bush	557,866	189,744
Rye, bush	31,427	62,030
Barley, bush	34,403	82,526

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, October 30, 1867.

Weather cloudy and cool.

FLOUR—Dull and steady.

WHEAT—Dull and ½@1c lower, at $1 88@1 90 for No. 1; $1 82@1 84 for No. 2, closing at $1 88@1 88½ for No. 1; $1 82 for No. 2.

CORN—Dull and 1@1½c lower, at $1 07@1 07½ for No. 1; $1 04@1 05½ for No. 2.

OATS—½@¾c lower, closing dull at 55@56½c.

RYE—Dull and 1c lower, at $1 26 for No. 1; $1 24@1 25 for No. 2.

BARLEY—1@2c lower, at $1 05@1 08½ for No. 2; 97@99c for rejected.

MESS PORK—$19 50@20 00. Lard 12¾@12⅞c.

BEEF CATTLE—Very dull at $6 37½@6 62½ for good to choice shipping.

HOGS—Steady at $5 80@6 00 for good to choice.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, October 30.—Flour dull, but prices are unchanged; extra $10 75@11 00; family $11 75@12 00. Wheat dull, but prices are unchanged; No. 1 spring $2 15; No. 1 red winter $2 60. Corn—98c@$1 for No. 1 mixed. Oats dull and drooping at 66@67c. Rye dull; sales at $1 45@1 46. Barley unchanged. Cotton dull and prices nominal at 17@17½c for middling. Tobacco unchanged; sales 87 hhds. Linseed oil dull at $1 03@1 05. Clover and timothy unchanged and dull. Flax dull at $2. Mess pork dull at $19 50. Bacon unchanged; nominally shoulders 13½c, and clear sides 17½c. Lard dull at 12½c. Butter unchanged; fresh 38@45c. Eggs 22c. Sugar dull and all grades ½c lower. Coffee unchanged at 23@27c. Hay dull at $18@20 ₩ ton on arrival. Potatoes steady at $3 00@3 25 ₩ bbl. Gold 141½ buying. Money market unchanged and close. Hogs $6@7; receipts light, about 1,500 which had been in the East during two weeks, were slaughtered and packed. Yesterday and to-day the weather was cold, thermometer 44 deg. Feeders are asking $10 net, and forward for hogs to be delivered early in the season; but none are offering for December delivery, and no price is named. The rates asked by feeders are below those of packers.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, October 30.—Tobacco—demand good and prices full. Cotton dull at 17c for middling. Hemp $170@185 for choice undressed; $270@290 for dressed. Flour quiet; low grades scarce and wanted; superfine $6 50@7 50; extra $8 00@8 75; double extra $9 50@11 00; treble extra $12 50@13 00; fancy $13 50@14 50, all fall. Wheat—choice fall brought full prices, and spring 5@7c higher; choice white $2 75@2 80; prime and choice red $2 55@2 65; spring $2 05@2 07½, for prime and choice. Corn unchanged at $1 04@1 16 for mixed and yellow; $1 12@1 13 for white. Oats advanced to 65@69c. Barley unchanged at $1 15@1 35 for spring; $1 85 for prime fall. Rye declined 5c, at $1 35@1 40. Provisions dull; mess pork $21 50. Bacon—rib sides 16c; clear 16½c; plain sugar cured hams 21c; canvassed do 24c. Hogs $5 00@6 25.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, October 30.—Flour steady and quiet, at $10 50@11 50 for XX spring; $11@12 for XX red winter; $13 00@13 50 for XX amber; $14@15 for XXX white, city and country brands. Wheat nominal at $2 60 for No. 1 red winter; $2 45@2 50 for No. 2 do; $2 12@2 15 for spring. Corn unchanged on the spot, but the market is dull at $1 12; sales of No. 2, city delivery, at $1 11@1 12. Oats in fair demand and firm at 69@70c for No. 1 State from store. Rye firm at $1 45 for No. 1 State and Western from store. Barley dull; No. 1 $1 30@1 35; No. 2 $1 15@1 25. Petroleum market steady and firm at 28@29c for standard white in bond; 48@50c for do free.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, October 30.—Flour dull. Wheat quiet at $2 75@2 85 for good to prime choice. Corn weak; mixed Western $1 30@1 36. Oats firm at 68@70c. Rye dull. Provisions dull.

7-30 BONDS
CONVERTED WITHOUT CHARGE INTO
5-20 BONDS,
Or Bought at Highest Market Rates
ALSO,
Gold and Coupons,
Sterling and Continental Exchange,
For sale in sums to suit purchasers.
PH. R. MERTZ,
118 WOOD ST., NEAR FIFTH.

New York Finance and Trade

Gold Closed at 140⅜.

NEW YORK, October 30—P. M.

MONEY

A shade easier at 6@7 per cent. for call loans, with the bulk of business at the inside rate.

STERLING

Rather more steady at 109@109⅝, gold, for first-class bills.

GOLD

Lower, opening at 141¼, declining to 140⅜, and closing at 140⅜.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS

A shade better, closing strong. Coupons 1881, 111¾@112; do '62, 112½@112¾; do '64, 109@109⅛; do '65, 110@110½; do new, 107⅝@107¾; do '67, 107⅝@107¾; 10-40s, 100⅝@100¾; 7-30s, 105¼@105⅜.

STOCKS

Strong throughout the day. Canton, 43@44; Cumberland, 26@27; Wells Express, 50; Adams Express, 64½; American 67; United States, 62; Merchants Union, 28@29; Quicksilver, 18¼@19; Mariposa, 9@9½; Pacific Mail, 145½@146; Atlantic do, 116½; Western Union Telegraph, 35⅝@33⅜; New York Central, 113⅝; Erie, 73⅝@73¾; Hudson, 127; Reading, 99⅛@99⅜; Ohio certificates, 25¼@25⅜; Wabash 39½; do preferred, 62½; St. Paul, 42½; do preferred, 63½; Michigan Central, 108; Michigan Southern, 79⅛@79⅝; Illinois Central, 123⅜@124; Toledo, 104@104½; Rock Island, 96⅝@97; Northwestern, 48⅛@48⅜; Northwestern preferred, 66⅛@66⅜; Fort Wayne, 97⅛@97½; Missouri 6s, 92½; new Tennessee 69⅝. The fall in Wells Express is owing to rumors of opposition.

MINING SHARES.

Quiet; Corydon, 51c; Gregory, $5 95; Smith & Parmelee, $3 85@3 95; Edge Hill, $4 35; Eldorado, $1 60; La Crosse, 55c; Quartz Hill, $1 30; Rocky Mountain, 35c.

BUSINESS AT THE SUB-TREASURY.

Receipts at the Sub-Treasury, $2,883,490; payments, $2,489,806; balance, $113,727,201.

It is reported that the affairs of Robert L. Taylor are in a more satisfactory condition than was at first supposed.

The gold disbursements between the first of November and first of January will be $30,000,000 for interest on 5-20s and Mexican loan.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, October 30.—Cotton a shade lower; sales 1,800 bales at 19½c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts 30,025 bbls; flour 10@20c lower, with a moderate business doing; sales 14,600 bbls at $8 50@9 25 for superfine State and western; $10 25@13 50 for round hoop Ohio; $11@16 for St. Louis; included in the sales were 500 bbls extra State, for first half of December, at $10 75. California dull and drooping; sales 250 sacks at $11 50@13 50. Sales 2,300 bbls rye flour at $7 25@9 25. Whisky quiet and steady. Receipts of wheat 287,425 bush; wheat 2@3c lower, with a fair business doing at the decline; sales 15,400 bush at $2 20 for No. 3 spring; $2 20@2 28 for No. 2 do; $2 32@2 33 for No. 1 do; $2 35@2 42 for red Canada; $3 20 for white California; $3 20@3 40 for prime to extra; choice white Michigan, and amber State at $3 71½. Rye firmer; sales 7,500 bush western at $1 68. Barley firmer and quiet; sales 7,500 bush No. 2 State at about $1 35. Barley malt steady; sales 1,550 bush at $1 64. Sales 15,000 bush Canada peas at $1 45@1 47. Receipts of corn 102,255 bush; corn 1c lower, with only a very moderate business doing; sales 68,000 bush at $1 40@1 41 for mixed western, closing at $1 40. Receipts of oats 120,652 bush; oats 1@2c lower; sales 64,000 bush at 80@81c for western. Rice dull. Coffee steady. Sugar quiet and easier; sales 750 hhds Cuba at 11½@12½c. Molasses dull. Hops quiet at 45@65c. Wool quiet and without decided change; sales 160,000 lbs at 43@50c for domestic fleece. Leather—hemlock sole less active and unchanged. Coal quiet and unchanged. Petroleum quiet at 14½c for crude, and 32½c for refined, in bond. Pork dull; sales 3,000 bbls at $21 12@21 25, closing at $21 50, regular; $20 00@20 25 for prime; also, 1,000 bbls mess, for last half of November, at $21 25. Beef dull and heavy; sales 130 bbls at previous prices. Beef hams dull. Bacon quiet. Cut meats heavy; sales 175 packages at 11¼@12½c for shoulders, and 15@17c for hams. Lard steady; sales 825 bbls at 13@13½c. Butter dull at 20@42c for state. Cheese dull at 11@16c. Freights to Liverpool a shade firmer; 30,000 bush wheat at 9@10d, per sail, and 12d per steamer.

LATEST.—Flour closed dull and 5@10c lower. Wheat dull and declining; No. 2 spring $2 26@2 27; No. 1 spring $2 32. Rye steady at $1 78 for western. Oats quiet at 80c for western. Corn dull at $1 39½@1 40 for prime mixed western. Pork lower; sales 2,000 bbls mess at $21 00@21 50, cash and regular, closing dull. Beef nominal. Cut meats quiet. Bacon quiet and steady. Lard dull at 13½@13¾c for fair to prime steam and kettle rendered.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, October 30.—The dry goods market continues quiet and depressed, although there is no change in staple cottons. All leading makes of standard printed calicoes are in steady fair request at 12½c; Cocheco 13½c; Merrimac W 15c; Amoskeag and Nashua 11½c, and Wamsutta 10@15c; Sprague's 17c, Hamilton and other old styles, and 19c for new; 15½c for best standard sheetings; 14½@16c for seconds, and 13c for Southern sheetings in the brown; 16c for Lancaster ginghams, and 12½c for Manchester, Hadley and Empire State.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, October 30.—Cotton weaker but unchanged; sales 1,300 bales low middlings at 18@18½c. Receipts, 1,538 bales. Exports, 445 bales. Sugar and Molasses—Nothing doing.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, October 30.—Flour dull; Northwestern extra $10 50@11 50; fancy $12@14. Rye Flour $8 75@9. Wheat dull; red $2 50@2 60. Rye $1 60. Oats 68@78c. Barley $1 40.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Monongahela River.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

GREENSBORO, PA., October 30.

The river has risen three feet, and is still rising slowly. Weather cloudy and cool.

Weather Reports.

CLEVELAND.—Clearing up, cool.
CINCINNATI.—Cloudy, cold.
INDIANAPOLIS.—Cloudy and cool.
LOUISVILLE.—Clear and cool.
COLUMBUS.—Cloudy and cool.
NEW YORK.—Cloudy and cool.
OIL CITY.—Cloudy and cool.
PHILADELPHIA.—Cloudy and cool, and looks like rain.
ST. LOUIS.—Cloudy and cool.
BUFFALO AND JAMESTOWN, N. Y.—Cloudy and damp.
NEW ORLEANS.—Clear.

RIVER NEWS.

STEAMERS ARRIVED AND DEPARTED.

Arrived.

Fayette	Donaldson	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmack	Brownsville.
Elisha Bennett	Cox	Brownsville.
Elector	Phillips	Brownsville.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.

Departed.

Fayette	Donaldson	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmack	Brownsville.
Chieftain	Hendrickson	Brownsville.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
E. Bennett	Cox	Brownsville.

THE RIVER AND MATTERS ALONG THE WHARF.—Another change in the weather, but not for the better. Yesterday was a clear bright day. The rise has been again postponed. The only excitement about the landing was the great boat race between Coulter and Mekiel, a full report of which will be found in our local columns. Above the bridge business was active with plenty of freight for the upper part of the Monongahela. Dispatches from the headwaters of the Allegheny say the rain is over for the present. There will be no rise until we have more rain.

THE following boats are to constitute a regular line from Cincinnati to New Orleans: Leonidas, Emma No. 3, Wananita, Ezra Porter, Silver Cloud No. 2, Messenger, Maggie Hays and Ken on.

THE Louisville *Journal* says the Richmond is to be placed in the Vicksburg and New Orleans trade as soon as there is sufficient water in the river to enable her to pass over the bars. She is to leave Vicksburg twice a week, every Tuesday and Saturday.

MR. CHAS. CLARK, river editor of the Louisville *Courier*, who has been making a tour of the waters of the Wabash and the east and west forks of White River, is again at his post, refreshed and invigorated.

EVANSVILLE, IND., October 28, 7 P. M.—Weather clear and rather cool. River falling slowly. The Success passed up this morning with some freight. The Fanny Brandeis and Louisa return to Cairo to-night. Business dull.

AN exchange gives the following "Rule of the River," as deduced from a late collision:

The rule of the river's a mystery quite,
Other craft when you're steering among,
If you starboard your helm you ain't sure you are right,
If you port, you may prove to be wrong.

VICKSBURG—The *Herald* of the 23d, says: The yellow fever seems to manifest no disposition to abate. As the weather experienced a change, becoming quite cool and presenting appearances of rain towards night, we may have frost soon. The impression has been general that if we had rain, frost would ensue at once. We were informed by the city sexton that there were five burials from yellow fever yesterday, of which two were from the city hospital.

CINCINNATI—Owing to the scarcity of fuel, the glass factory of Krack & Co., has been compelled to suspend work until coal is cheaper and more abundant.

In the Court of Common Pleas the jury in the case of Father Bachman, who sued for damages received while a passenger on the Gen. Lytle at the time of the explosion, were unable to agree upon a verdict, and were discharged Saturday.

The Wild Duck will shortly be brought out, with her barges, to receive freights for points below.

LOUISVILLE.—Boats in port—City wharf: Belle Lee, Governor Allen, Peytonia, Lightning, new ferry boat, new Pearl River boat, Argonaut. Portland: Empire, Morning Star, Tarascon, Rose Hite, Pink Varble, Tempest. Shippingport: B. Hodge, Indiana, Richmond, St. Charles and Liberty—all laid up. The Tempest, after a very long and tedious voyage, arrived at Portland yesterday morning, from Memphis. She has had a hard time of it, and will lay here and rest a while. She got aground on Portland Bar yesterday, but came off without much trouble.

CAIRO, ILL., October 28, 7 P. M.—The Luella and Chattanooga brought slim trips for Cairo, but did a large way business, and were full of passengers both ways. The Paducah packet brought 30 hhds tobacco for New York, and took 20 tons dry goods. The Starlight arrived this evening with barges which she fills out here for New Orleans. The Abeona and barges are badly aground at Point Pleasant, where there is scant 5 feet. Phillips has cut out straight and gives no trouble. The Tracy passed up from Memphis with 800 bales of eastern cotton via St. Louis. River fell 1 inch to-day. Clear. Mercury 65 degrees.

THE Cincinnati *Commercial* says: Captain G. G. Russell, Superintendent of the Mississippi Valley Transportation Company, Captain John N. Bofinger, Superintendent of the A. & M. Steamship Company, and Captain John A. Duble, a well known commander in the same line, are at the Burnet House.

Dispatches from Omaha last night report the Missouri very low. It is expected that navigation will be suspended in that stream of ice by November 15.

Jo Vance Smith, an old Nashville and New Orleans clerk, died at Nashville a few days since. He served in the Mexican war, and was formerly one of the paoprietors of the Nashville *Gazette*.

LOUISVILLE, October 28.—The Cora S. left for Henderson; the Success will arrive to-morrow. The Alpha leaves for Cairo to-morrow. The Alice has been sold to parties in Madison for $8,500.

The Kanawha Salt Company has brought suit for $6,000 damages against the towboat Neville, in the United States District Court, for sinking a salt barge in June last, at Jeffersonville.

There is nearly three feet over the New Albany bar.

The weather is cloudy this afternoon, with a strong west wind. Rain is expected before morning.

The Mary Forsythe arrived to-day at New Orleans.

The Governor W. H. Allen makes a trial trip Saturday.

The Pink Varble has postponed departure till Saturday.

The Tempest is temporarily laid up.

Nothing important transacted at the Louisville Marine Association meeting to-day.

The Rose Hite goes to Henderson to-morrow.

The Lawrence only arrived to-day.

GRAFF, BYERS & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Bar, Tank and Sheet Iron,
HAMMERED
RAILROAD AXLES,
Gas Pipe,
FOR CONVEYING STEAM, WATER AND GAS. ALSO,
OIL WELL TUBING.
WAREHOUSE,
98 WATER AND 132 FIRST STS.,
49 PITTSBURGH.

AUCTION SALES.
SMITHSON, PALMER & CO., 55 and 57 Fifth st.

VALUABLE
WOOD STREET PROPERTY,
AT AUCTION.
ON TUESDAY, NOV. 5th, AT 3 P. M.,

On the premises, will be sold, the very desirable corner Lot of Ground, fronting 21 feet on Wood street, and extending in depth along Third street 124 feet, including an eight foot private alley, on which is erected the three-storied Brick business House, at present occupied by Messrs. J. F. Stark & Co., Bankers, and others.

Terms—$10,000 cash, balance in two equal annual payments, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage.

For business purposes this locality is unsurpassed, and to capitalists and business men generally, this sale should prove very attractive, as the opportunities for investments in Wood street property are of very rare occurrence.

SMITHSON, PALMER & Co., Auct'rs,
55 and 57 Fifth street.

IMPROVED PROPERTY,
OPPOSITE UNION DEPOT, ON LIBERTY ST.,
AT AUCTION.
On Saturday, Nov. 9th, at 2 o'clock, P. M.,

On the premises, will be sold, those two valuable Lots of Ground, fronting each 20 feet on Liberty street (being Nos. 409 and 411, adjoining St. James Hotel), and extending back 100 feet to Union alley, on which is erected two entirely new and elegantly finished four-storied Brick Houses, containing 12 rooms, having cut stone basements, first story iron fronts, with punch plate windows; iron caps and sills on windows; wide halls through center of buildings; gas and water throughout; water closets on every floor; gravel roofs, flag-stone pavements, &c.

This property should command the special attention of capital desiring a paying investment in a desirable locality, as the premises now yield $6,000 per annum.

Terms at sale. Further particulars by calling on
SMITHSON, PALMER & CO., Aucts.,
55 and 57 Fifth street.

DESIRABLE RESIDENCES
AND
SITES FOR COUNTRY HOMES,
AT EDGEWOOD STATION, AT AUCTION.

On THURSDAY, October 31st, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, will be sold the following described Lots of Ground, in plan as laid out by John Grazier, Esq., adjoining properties of John S. Love and J. Swisshelm, Esqs., Hon. Hampton and heirs of Hon. Wm. Wilkins, at Edgewood Station, on line of Pennsylvania Railroad, near Wilkinsburg.

One Lot containing one acre, fronting on Pennsylvania avenue (on Railroad), enclosed with neat picket fence, and within 200 yards of station house, on which is erected the residence of John Grazier, Esq., a two-storied Frame Dwelling of 7 rooms, neatly papered and painted throughout, having front, side and rear porches.

One Lot on Franklin avenue, containing 4 acres and 18 perches, on which is erected a comfortable and convenient Gothic Frame House of 13 rooms; marble mantels in parlor; papered, painted and finished in neat style.

Two vacant Lots of one acre each, fronting 464 feet on Pennsylvania avenue and Railroad, and on Franklin avenue 195 feet, and 7 one acre Lots on Race and Vine streets, which will be sold entire or in lots to suit purchasers.

The situation of this property is a delightful one, Edgeworth being one of the most flourishing villages on line of railroad; all the Accommodation trains stop at the station, and a fine new station House is to be erected early next spring. There are schools, churches, &c., within easy access, and residents can have all the pleasures and comforts of country life.

Terms on improved property, one-half cash; unimproved one-third cash; balance in five equal annual payments, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage.

Plans can be seen at office of
SMITHSON, PALMER & CO., Auct.,
55 and 57 Fifth street.

VALUABLE
CITY PROPERTY.
SITES FOR PRIVATE RESIDENCES ON RIDGE STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY,
AT AUCTION.

On SATURDAY, November 2d, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, will be sold the very valuable Vacant Lot of Ground, fronting 300 feet on Ridge street, extending along Tremont street 200 feet, and adjoining properties of Alfred Patterson and A. McFarland, Esqs. The situation of this property is one of the finest in Allegheny city, the surrounding improvements being of such a character as to render a home in this neighborhood very desirable for business men engaged in either city, being accessible by cars on lines of Rebecca street and Western Avenue Passenger Railways. If not disposed of entire will be subdivided into Four Lots of 75 feet front each on Ridge street.

Terms—One-third cash; balance in one and two years with interest, secured by bond and mortgage.
SMITHSON, PALMER & CO., Aucts.,
55 and 57 Fifth street.

RIVER PACKETS.
Monongahela River.

1867 MONONGAHELA RIVER 1867
PITTSBURGH,
BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA
MAIL LINE.
PACKET COMPANY,
Will run four elegant side-wheel Passenger Packets
ELISHA BENNETT..........M. A. COX.
FAYETTE..........CAPT. P. DONALDSON.
GALLATIN..........CAPT. A. S. CARLISLE.
FRANKLIN..........CAPT. E. W. CARMACK.
TELEGRAPH..........CAPT. D. BOUGHER.
To all Points on the Monongahela River. Leave Pittsburgh daily at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.
No Commission on Eastern Freights.
J. L. MOORHOUSE,
AGENT, PITTSBURGH.
LEVI COLVIN, Brownsville.

TO ALL POINTS ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER.
PEOPLE'S LINE.
1867. 1867!
The new and elegant side-wheel Passenger Packets
CHIEFTAIN....CAPT. J. L. HENDRICKSON.
ELECTOR..........CAPT. ROBT. PHILLIPS.
LEAVE PITTSBURGH DAILY AT 8 P. M.
Wharfboat foot of Grant street.
No Commission on Eastern Freight.
WM. G. BANE,
Agent.

Muskingum River Packet Line,
For Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville.
Leaves Pittsburgh Every TUESDAY—4 P. M.
Leaves Zanesville Every FRIDAY—8 A. M.
The new and splendid passenger steamer JULIA No. 2, Captain WM. COULSON, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

Cincinnati.
For Portsmouth and Cincinnati.
FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1—4 P. M.
The fine passenger steamer LECLAIRE, Capt. J. G. SAINT, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
JOHN FLACK, Agents.

Nashville.
For Nashville Direct.
FIRST RISE OF WATER.
The steamer DELAWARE, Captain R. CALHOUN, will leave for above and intermediate ports.
For freight or passage apply on board.

St. Louis Advertisement.
1867. 1867!
NORTHERN LINE
FROM
ST. LOUIS TO ST. PAUL.
One of these elegant Steamers leaves St. Louis daily for St. Paul and all intermediate points on the Upper Mississippi River. Through receipts for freight and Passengers given by Pittsburgh Line Boats, connecting with Northern Line at St. Louis, thus enabling consignees to get their freight through without delay and at lowest rates.
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
JOHN FLACK, Agents, or to
R. C. GRAY.

TO STEAMBOATMEN.
WE ARE FURNISHING LUMP COAL,
Of the best quality, to Steamboats, at 5 cents per bushel, at the BELMONT COAL WORKS, ¾ mile below Bellair, Ohio.
HEATHERINGTON & BROS.
Belmont Coal Works, Ohio, May 27, 1867.

SNOWDON WORKS,
Brownsville, Pa.
J. N. SNOWDON,
MACHINIST,
ENGINE BUILDER
AND
STEAMBOAT CONTRACTOR
Having leased the well-known Works formerly carried on by John Snowdon & Sons, and possessing ample facilities for completing contracts in the above line, I am now prepared to engage for work to be done on the best terms and in the shortest time possible. I propose to BUILD STEAMBOATS ENTIRE or furnish any part of the Machinery.
I would especially ask attention to my facilities for, and experience in, the construction of
IRON VESSELS,
For which I am prepared to contract.
Refer to the manufacturers and business men of Pittsburgh generally.
J. N. SNOWDON,
49 BROWNSVILLE, PA.